

SAFETY DATA SHEET



UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 - TS 21310 KIRSEBÆR/WENGEE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 - TS 21310 KIRSEBÆR/WENGEE

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

National contact

Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

☒ Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Eye Dam. 1, H318
Skin Sens. 1, H317
Repr. 2, H361f
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : ☒ H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
H361f - Suspected of damaging fertility.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : ☒ P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

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Label No : 74159

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| | |
|---|--|
| Response | : P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Storage | : Not applicable. |
| Disposal | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : Not applicable. |

2.3 Other hazards

| | |
|--|---|
| Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII | : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : None known. |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Type |
|--|---|-----------|---|---------|
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | REACH #: 01-2119484629-21 EC: 260-754-3 CAS: 57472-68-1 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] |
| 2,5-Furandione, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate | CAS: 195008-47-0 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] |
| Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-, homopolymer, ar-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl) derivs. | CAS: 163702-01-0 | ≤5 | Repr. 2, H361f | [1] |
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | REACH #: 01-2119489900-30 EC: 500-066-5 CAS: 28961-43-5 | ≤3 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7 | ≤3 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] [2] |
| Acrylated amine | CAS: 111497-86-0 | ≤3 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 | [1] |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy (methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | REACH #: 01-2119484613-34 EC: 256-032-2 CAS: 42978-66-5 Index: 607-249-00-X | ≤3 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | [1] |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0 | ≤0.3 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | [1] [2] |

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | | |
|---|--|-------|---|----------------|
| Oligotriacrylate | REACH #: 01-2119487948-12 EC: 500-114-5 CAS: 52408-84-1 | ≤0.3 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] |
| 2-ethylhexan-1-ol | REACH #: 01-2119487289-20 EC: 203-234-3 CAS: 104-76-7 | ≤0.1 | Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 | [1] [2] |
| copper bis (dimethyldithiocarbamate) | REACH #: 01-2120770993-40 EC: 205-287-8 CAS: 137-29-1 | <0.01 | Acute Tox. 2, H330 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) | [1] [2] |
| 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene | EC: 204-617-8 CAS: 123-31-9 Index: 604-005-00-4 | <0.01 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) | [1] [2] |
| 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | EC: 201-245-8 CAS: 80-05-7 | ≤0.1 | Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | [1] [2] [3] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed


- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** :  In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.


7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| | |
|--|---|
|  -Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| 2-ethylhexan-1-ol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 5.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. |
| copper bis(dimethyldithiocarbamate) | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [Copper and compounds dust and mists, as Cu] STEL: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 15 minutes. Form: Dusts and Mists TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists |
| 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |

Biological exposure indices

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Butoxyethanol | EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) BGV: 240 mmol/mol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift. |

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|---|------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.66 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 2.08 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 2.77 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 7.24 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 24.48 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-, homopolymer, ar-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl) derivs. | DNEL | Long term Oral | 5.28 µg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 5.28 µg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 9.18 µg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 14.8 µg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 52.1 µg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 10.5 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 37 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 33 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 33 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 36 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 275 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 320 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediy)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediy)] diacrylate | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 550 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 796 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.7 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.35 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 6.3 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 26.7 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 59 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 98 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 147 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 246 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Oligotriacrylate | DNEL | Inhalation Short term | 426 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Short term | 1091 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Long term | 7.4 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Long term Dermal | 2.1 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic | |
| 2-ethylhexan-1-ol | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.3 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11.4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 12.8 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic | |
| 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 23 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 26.6 mg/m ³ | General population | Local | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 26.6 mg/m ³ | General population | Local | |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 53.2 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 53.2 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local | |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1.05 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.66 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.1 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.33 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic | |
| | 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0.0019 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.0019 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| DNEL | | Short term Oral | 0.004 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic | |
| DNEL | | Long term Oral | 0.004 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic | |
| DNEL | | Short term Dermal | 0.031 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic | |
| DNEL | | Long term Dermal | 0.031 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic | |
| DNEL | | Short term Inhalation | 1 mg/m ³ | General population | Local | |
| DNEL | | Long term Inhalation | 1 mg/m ³ | General population | Local | |
| DNEL | | Short term Inhalation | 1 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic | |
| DNEL | | Short term Inhalation | 2 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local | |
| DNEL | | Long term Inhalation | 2 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local | |
| DNEL | | Short term Inhalation | 2 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic | |
| DNEL | | Long term Inhalation | 2 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic | |
| DNEL | | Long term Inhalation | 1 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic | |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Red.

Odour : Slight

Odour threshold : Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range :

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|---|-------|-------|----------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | >120 | >248 | |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 145.8 | 294.4 | OECD 103 |

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Lower: Not applicable.
Upper: Not applicable.

Flash point : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Auto-ignition temperature :

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|---|-----|-------|-----------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> propylenglycol diacrylate | 240 | 464 | DIN 51794 |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 333 | 631.4 | DIN 51794 |

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

| Ingredient name | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------|----------|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 2.7 | 0.36 | OECD 104 | | | |
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | 0.00064 | 0.000085 | OECD 104 | | | |

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 1.2 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >13 g/kg | - |
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8532 mg/kg | - |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6200 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6200 mg/kg | - |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1970 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3730 mg/kg | - |
| 2-ethylhexan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 0.12 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| copper bis (dimethyldithiocarbamate) | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 302 mg/kg | - |
| 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 302 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1200 mg/kg | - |
| 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1200 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1200 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|----------------|-----------|
| Not available. | |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 uL | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| 2-ethylhexan-1-ol | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 20 ug | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 20 mg | - |
| 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 415 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 MI | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Human | - | 2 % | - |
| 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | Eyes - Severe irritant | Human | - | 5 % | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 250 ug | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 250 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

mg

Conclusion/Summary : Causes skin irritation.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-ethylhexan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 stomach pains
 reduced foetal weight
 increase in foetal deaths
 skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - <i>Crangon crangon</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Inland silverside - <i>Menidia beryllina</i> | 96 hours |
| 2-ethylhexan-1-ol | Acute LC50 28200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> | 96 hours |
| copper bis (dimethyldithiocarbamate) | Acute LC50 71 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 130 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Larvae | 48 hours |
| 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene | Acute LC50 44 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1.506 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Dinoflagellate - <i>Prorocentrum minimum</i> - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | Acute EC50 1000 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Diatom - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 7.75 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 50.4 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - <i>Artemia sinica</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water | Fish - Rivulus - <i>Rivulus marmoratus</i> - Embryo | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Algae - <i>Chlorolobion braunii</i> - Exponential growth phase | 4 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 10 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Harpacticoid | 21 days |

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| | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|---------|
| | Chronic NOEC 30 µg/l Fresh water | copepod - <i>Tigriopus japonicus</i> - Nauplii | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.2 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate Fish - Goldfish - <i>Carassius auratus</i> - Adult | 90 days |

Conclusion/Summary : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|----------|-----------|
| Propylenglycol diacrylate | 0.01 to 0.39 | - | Low |
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | 2.89 | - | Low |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 1.2 | - | Low |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | 2 | - | Low |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 0.81 | - | Low |
| Oligotriacrylate | 2.52 | - | Low |
| 2-ethylhexan-1-ol | 2.9 | 25.33 | Low |
| 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene | 0.59 | 3.162 | Low |
| 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | 3.4 | 20 to 67 | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*

Packaging

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|---------------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|----------------|
| 14.1 UN number | Not regulated. | 9006 | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | - | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. | - | - |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | - | 9 | - | - |
| 14.4 Packing group | - | - | - | - |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | Yes. | No. | No. |

Additional information

- ADN** : The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.
- 14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

| Intrinsic property | Ingredient name | Status | Reference number | Date of revision |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Toxic to reproduction Substance of equivalent concern for human health Substance of equivalent concern for environment | 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | Candidate | - | 1/12/2017 |
| | 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | Candidate | - | 1/12/2017 |
| | 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | Candidate | - | 1/12/2017 |

Ozone depleting substances

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

No listed substance

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

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SECTION 16: Other information

| Classification | Justification |
|--|--|
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| | |
|-------|--|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H330 | Fatal if inhaled. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H341 | Suspected of causing genetic defects. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H360F | May damage fertility. |
| H361f | Suspected of damaging fertility. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

Full text of classifications

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 2 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Carc. 2 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Muta. 2 | GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Repr. 1B | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B |
| Repr. 2 | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1B | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |

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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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