Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



WOODEX WOOD OIL - All variants

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : WOODEX WOOD OIL - All variants

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

#### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	: P280 - Wear protective gloves. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Storage	: Not applicable.

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

SECTION 2: Hazards	IC.	
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate; Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) and 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one
Supplemental label elements	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains biocidal products for dry film and in-can preservation: IPBC and DCOIT. Risk of skin sensitisation.Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥50 - ≤75	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 50%	[1]
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	≤0.21	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.67 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	<0.1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	M [Acute] = 1	[1]
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8	≤0.022	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 567 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = $0.16$ mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314: $C \ge 5\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: $0.025\% \le C < 5\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318:	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients				
		See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	C ≥ 3% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.025\% \le C < 3\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Contains: > 1 % TiO2

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. • If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. **Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out 2 mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

# Over-exposure signs/symptomsEye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br/>irritation<br/>redness<br/>dryness<br/>cracking

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/10/2023	Date of previous issue	: 17/01/2023	Version	:10	3/22
WOODEX WOOD OIL - All variant	s			Label No	<b>5</b> 0804	4

SECTION 4: First aid	measures	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting	
4.3 Indication of any immedia	ate medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
<b>SECTION 5: Firefight</b>	ting measures	
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.	
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous combustion products	: No specific data.	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.	

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, prot	ective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for o	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

: 10/10/2023 Date of previous issue

: 17/01/2023

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

SECTION 0. Accide	Section 0. Accidental release measures		
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.		
6.4 Reference to other sections	<ul> <li>See Section 1 for emergency contact information.</li> <li>See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> <li>See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.</li> </ul>		

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	<ul> <li>Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.</li> <li>Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.</li> </ul>
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit valuesRegulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values (Austria, 4/2021). [Cobalt and its compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (measured as Co) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.4 mg/m³, (measured as Co), 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction			
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)				
No exposure limit value known.				
Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/10/202	3 Date of previous issue : 17/01/2023 Version : 10 5/22			
VOODEX WOOD OIL - All variants	Label No : <b>5</b> 0804			

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds (as cobalt)] Limit value 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as cobalt) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [cobalt and compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. ELV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [Cobalt and its compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction. STEL: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 15 minutes. Form: aerosol, inhalable
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	fraction. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Inorganic compounds of cobalt] Carcinogen. TWA: 0.01 mg/m³, (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020). TWA: 500 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<b>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs</b> (Finland, 10/2021). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
' Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	<ul> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitiser.</li> <li>PEAK: 0.116 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>PEAK: 0.01 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 0.058 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Skin sensitiser.</li> <li>PEAK: 0.116 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>PEAK: 0.01 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 0.058 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds (inhalable fraction)] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Compounds of cobalt] TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser.

Date of issue/Date of revision : WOODEX WOOD OIL - All variants

: 10/10/2023 Date of previous issue

:17/01/2023

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co Sensitization potential. Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Inorganic cobalt compounds (except Co(II))] Skin sensitiser. Reproductive toxin.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours. <b>Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy</b> of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<ul> <li>2/2021). [benzin to varnish] TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (calculated as Co) 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [cobalt and inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (expressed as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [Cobalt and its compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (Cobalt and its compounds, as Co) 8 hours.
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). KTV: 0.01 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 0.116 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 0.058 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Inorganic compounds of cobalt, except those expressly stated] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [cobalt and inorganic compounds inhalable fraction, (as Co)] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). STEL: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Skin sensitiser.</b> STEL: 0.24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 0.02 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols

ECTION 8: Exposure cont	· · ·		
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 0.12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols <b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Cobalt and its compounds]</b> <b>Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable		
	dust and aerosol		
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.		
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,n		
	<ul> <li>p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>STEL: 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>		
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.		
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and		
	cobalt compounds as Co] Inhalation sensitiser.		
1 Mathews O prepagal	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.		
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.		
	STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.		
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.		
	TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed		
5	through skin.		
	STEL: 552 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.		
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.		
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
	TWA: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed		
	through skin.		
	TWA: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<b>VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [cobalt or its compounds]</b> BEI Fitness: 10 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] BEI: 130 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of each work shift work step or a week or exposure period.
No exposure indices known.	
ate of issue/Date of revision : 10/10/2023	3 Date of previous issue : 17/01/2023 Version : 10 8/2

WOODEX WOOD OIL - All variants

<b>SECTION 8: Exposure cont</b>	rols/personal protection
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Cobalt and its compounds] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BGV: 35 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts. BEI: 1.5 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.
No exposure indices known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Cobalt compounds] OBLV: 1 μg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of the week. OBLV: 15 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [cobalt and its compounds] BLV: 38.45 nmol/mmol creatinine, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation. BLV: 20.03 μg/g creatinine, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation. BLV: 509.8 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation. BLV: 30 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.
No exposure indices known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [cobalt and inorganic compouns of cobalt, except oxides] VLB: 1 μg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of workweek. VLB: 15 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.
No exposure indices known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Cobalt and its compounds]</b> BEI: 30 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. BEI: 509 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.
Xylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

: 10/10/2023 Date of previous issue

: 17/01/2023

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

procedures

**Recommended monitoring** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
heavy		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Lange tawa Dawa al	bw/day	population	Curata maia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	, č	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	DNEL	Long term	0.023 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		
	DNEL	Short term	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	4.40. / 2	10/10/10/10/10	
	DNEL	Short term	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	1 16	\A/arkana	
	DNEL	Long term	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	vvorkers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation	2 ma/ka	Workers	Svetemie
	DINEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	VVUIKEIS	Systemic
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term	37 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
- (	=	Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	175 µg/kg	General	Systemic
		J	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	235.1 µg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering** controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

: 10/10/2023 Date of previous issue

: 17/01/2023

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:
boiling range	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	155 to 217	311 to 422.6	

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 10/10/2023 Date of previous issue

: 17/01/2023

Version : 10 11/22 Label No :50804

WOODEX WOOD OIL - All variants

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Flammability
Lower and upper explosion
limit
Flash point

- : Not available. : Lower: 1.4%
- Upper: 7.6%

ŝ

ŝ

: Closed cup: 62°C (143.6°F)

## Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	

Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): <20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
Solubility(ies)	4 C
Not available.	

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	:	Not applicable.
water		

### Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3					
Relative density	: Not	available.		·		·	
Density	: 0.9 9	g/cm³					
Vapour density	: Not	available.					
Explosive properties	: Not	: Not available.					
Oxidising properties	: Not	: Not available.					
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.					

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.67 g/m³	4 hours
carbamate	mists		-	
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.763 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Male,	0.26 mg/l	4 hours
isothiazol-3-one	mists	Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>652 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1585 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	362.21 mg/l	

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 20 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
	Positive	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 50 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
Conclusion/Summary	• Based on	available da	ta the classificat	ion criteria are not m	ot	

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Teratogenicity** 

SECTION 11: Toxicol	ogical informatio	n		
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative - Oral	Rabbit - Female	50 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available da	ta, the classification crite	ria are not met.	l

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Category 1	-	larynx

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

#### Information on likely routes : Not available.

#### of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Delayed and immediate effec	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 17/01/2023 Version : 10 14/22
WOODEX WOOD OIL - All var	riants Label No :50804

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties** 

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedemus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.049 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	21 days
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 18 ppb Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.001 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.7 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.56 ppb	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	97 days

**Conclusion/Summary** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	-	Not readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	>1	-	Low
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	15600	High

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : WOODEX WOOD OIL - All variants

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.</li> <li>Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.</li> </ul>
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name			%	Designation [Usage]	
WOODEX WOOD OIL			≥90	3	
Labelling	:				
<u>)ther EU regulations</u>					
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	:	Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	:	Not listed			
Explosive precursors	:	Not applicab	le.		
Ozone depleting substance Not listed.	<u>98</u>	<u>(1005/2009/E</u>	<u>U)</u>		
Prior Informed Consent (PI Not listed.	<u>C)</u>	<u>(649/2012/EU</u>	ŢĴ		
Persistent Organic Pollutar Not listed.	nts	ì			
<u>Seveso Directive</u>					
This product is not controlled	u	nder the Seve	so Directive.		
lational regulations					
<u>Austria</u>					
VbF class	:	A III			
Limitation of the use of organic solvents	:	Permitted.			
<u>Czech Republic</u>					
Storage code	:	111			
<u>Denmark</u>					
Danish fire class	:	III-1			
MAL-code	:	3-1			
Protection based on MAL	:			tions on work involving on work involving on work involving of use of personal protect	coded products, the followin ive equipment:
		coveralls/pro clothes do no	tective cloth ot adequatel	y protect skin against conta	ing is so great that regular wor
				d use of eye protection is n	ot required.
		case, other r In all sprayin	ecommende g operations rotection and	d use of eye protection is n in which there is return spr d arm protectors/apron/cove	ot required. ay, the following must be worr eralls/protective clothing as

MAI -code: 3-1

	zone. When us cabins or booth When using sci a closed facility	sing scraper or knife, b is of the existing* facili raper or knife, brush, r , spray booth or spray es, spray booths or ca	booths if the operator is brush, roller, etc, for pre- ty type, if the operator is oller, etc. for pre- and po cabin. During downtime bins, if there is a risk of	and post-treatments in inside the spray zone. ost-treatments outside es, cleaning and repair
	- Air-supplied h	alf mask and eye prot	ection must be worn.	
	When spraying	in existing* spray boo	ths, if the operator is out	side the spray zone.
	- Air-supplied fu	ll mask and arm prote	ectors must be worn.	
			sting* facilities of the con operator is working insi	
	- Air-supplied fu	ıll mask must be worn		
			occurs in cabins or spra during spraying outside	
	- Air-supplied fu	ull mask, coveralls and	hood must be worn.	
	rack trolleys, et	c, must be equipped v	s that are temporarily pla vith a mechanical exhaus nrough workers' inhalatic	st system to prevent
			urfaces, a mask with du on must be worn. Work (	
	Caution The re	egulations contain oth	er stipulations in additior	to the above.
	*See Regulation	ns.		
Restrictions on use			below 18 years of age. S ecutive Order regarding `	
List of undesirable substances	: Not listed		c c	<b>U</b> .
<u>Finland</u>				
<u>France</u>				
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	: Naphtha (petrol Cobalt bis(2-eth	leum), hydrotreated he nylhexanoate)	eavy RG 84 RG 70	
Reinforced medical surveillance		1977 determining the l lance: not applicable	ist of activities which req	uire reinforced
<u>Germany</u>				
TRGS 905				
Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development
Cobalt compounds	K2	M1A	RF1A	RD1A
Storage class (TBCS 510)	• 10	I		

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is not controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Hazard class for water	: 3
Technical instruction on air quality control	: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 98.8% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.2%
ΑΟΧ	: The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.
Italy	

<u>Italy</u>

D.Lgs. 152/06

: Not determined.

#### <u>Netherlands</u>

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
xylene	-	-	-	Development 2	-

Water Discharge Policy<br/>(ABM): Z(1) Non biodeg<br/>environment (cal

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

<u>Norway</u>	
<u>Sweden</u>	
Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10)	: 3
Switzerland	
VOC content	: VOC (w/w): 64.6%
International regulations	

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

- 15.2 Chemical safety assessment
- : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
Date of issue/ Date of	: 10/10/2023
revision	
Date of previous issue	e : 17/01/2023
Version	: 10

WOODEX WOOD OIL

Notice to reader

: 10/10/2023 Date of previous issue

:17/01/2023

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision : WOODEX WOOD OIL - All variants

: 10/10/2023 Date of previous issue