# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



VISA TRADITION - All variants

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: VISA TRADITION - All variants

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Warning</li> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> </ul>
Response	: P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage	: Not applicable.

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

SECTION 2. Hazarus	identification
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Contains: 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate; Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) and 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one
Supplemental label elements	: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for dry film and in-can preservation: IPBC and DCOIT. Risk of skin sensitisation.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures Product/ingredient name	: Mixture			Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 50%	[1]	
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 50%	[1]	
Propylene glycol	REACH #: 01-2119456809-23 EC: 200-338-0 CAS: 57-55-6	≤3	Not classified.	-	[2]	
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	≤0.2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.67 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]	
Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6	<0.3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD	M [Acute] = 1	[1] [2]	
Date of issue/Date of revision /ISA TRADITION - All varian		e of previous is	sue : 16/01/2023	Version : 3 Label No :508	2/17	

	CAS: 136-52-7		Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8	≤0.022	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 567 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.16 mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314: $C \ge 5\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0.025% $\le C < 5\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 3\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.025% $\le C < 3\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	easures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

<b>SECTION 4: First aid</b>	1 measures
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
4.2 Most important sympton	ns and effects, both acute and delayed
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immed	iate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
<b>SECTION 5: Firefigh</b>	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

chemical incidents.

For non-emergency personnel
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

OLOTION 0: Acciden	u	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	<ul> <li>Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.</li> </ul>
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### Danger criteria

(	· · ·	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
F	P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations :

Industrial sector specific

- : Not available.
- dustrial sector specific
- : Not available.

solutions

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
Propylene glycol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)		
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	OELV-8hr: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: particulate OELV-8hr: 470 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapour and particulates OELV-8hr: 150 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and particulates NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co] Sensitization potential. Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.		

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	178.57 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
te of issue/Date of revision : 10/	10/2023	Date of previous issue	: 16/01/2	023	Version : 3 6/
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ECTION 8: Exposure con	-	-	-		
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³	_	
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
heavy		Inhalation	_	population	-
-	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	1	Inhalation	Ŭ		
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	 300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	C yourno
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Long term Dermal	bw/day	population	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long form Dormal	300 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Dermal		VVUIKers	Systemic
		Chart tarra	bw/day	Conorel	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	0075	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³	_	
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	DNEL	Long term	0.023 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³ Ö		-
	DNEL	Short term	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	<b>U</b>		
	DNEL	Short term	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Long tonn Dennal	bw/day	11011013	Cysternic
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term	37 µg/m³	General	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	Sr µg/m		LUCAI
	סאירי		175 110/160	population	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term Oral	175 µg/kg	General	Systemic
		1 4	bw/day	population	1 1
	DNEL	Long term	235.1 µg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		

### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.			
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm			
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.			
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves			
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.			
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.			
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>			
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.			
	Filter type: A			
	Filter type (spray application): A P			
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Flammability

Ingredient name	<b>°C</b>	°F	Method
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	155 to 217	311 to 422.6	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	155 to 217	311 to 422.6	

: Not available.

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#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties** Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 1.4% Upper: 12.6% limit : Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) **Flash point Auto-ignition temperature** 2 °C Ingredient name °F **Method** Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy 280 to 470 536 to 878 Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy 280 to 470 536 to 878 **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. pН Not available. Viscosity • Solubility(ies) 2 Not available. Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable. water

#### Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		V	Vapour press		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3				
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3				
Relative density	: Not	available.				
Density	: 1.3 g	g/cm³				
Vapour density	: Not	available.				
Explosive properties	: Not	available.				
Oxidising properties	: Not	available.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.				

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

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10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.67 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
carbamate	mists			
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.763 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Male,	0.26 mg/l	4 hours
sothiazol-3-one	mists	Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>652 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1585 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	378.26 mg/l

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Carcinogenicity**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility		lopmental toxin	S	pecies	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative	-	Nega	itive	Rabbit	- Female	Oral: 20 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
	Positive	-	Nega	itive	Rabbit	- Female	Oral: 50 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity	: Based or	available da	ta, the	classificat	on crite	ria are not me	et.	
Product/ingredient name		Result		Speci	05	Dose		Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative - (			Rabbit - F		50 mg/kg	-	Laposure
Conclusion/Summary	: Based or	available da	ta. the	classificat	on crite	ria are not me	et.	
Specific target organ toxicit			,					
Product/ingr				Categor	У	Route of exposure	Tar	get organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotro	eated heavy		С	ategory 3	-		Narco	tic effects
Specific target organ toxicit	-	exposure)						
Product/ingr				Categor	У	Route of exposure	Tar	get organs
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carba	mate		С	ategory 1	-		larynx	{
Aspiration hazard								-
	ngredient na	mo				Resu	ult	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotr						N HAZARD - (		1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotro						N HAZARD - (		
				ł			• •	
formation on likely routes f exposure	: Not availa	able.						
		able.						
fexposure		able. n significant e	effects	or critical h	nazards			
f exposure otential acute health effects	: No know							
f exposure <u>otential acute health effects</u> Eye contact	No known	n significant e	effects	or critical h				
f exposure <u>otential acute health effects</u> Eye contact Inhalation	No known No known May caus	n significant e n significant e	effects skin re	or critical ł eaction.	nazards			
f exposure <u>otential acute health effects</u> Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	No known No known May caus No known	n significant e n significant e se an allergic n significant e	effects skin re effects	or critical h eaction. or critical h	nazards. nazards.			
f exposure otential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	No known No known May caus No known	n significant e n significant e se an allergic n significant e cal and toxic	effects skin re effects	or critical h eaction. or critical h	nazards. nazards.			
f exposure otential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion ymptoms related to the phy	: No known : No known : May caus : No known sical, chemi	n significant e n significant e se an allergic n significant e <u>cal and toxic</u> fic data.	effects skin re effects	or critical h eaction. or critical h	nazards. nazards.			
f exposure otential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion <u>ymptoms related to the phy</u> Eye contact	: No known : No known : May caus : No known sical, chemi : No specif : No specif	n significant e n significant e se an allergic n significant e <u>cal and toxic</u> fic data.	effects skin re effects cologi	or critical h eaction. or critical h <u>cal charac</u>	nazards. nazards. <u>teristic</u>			
f exposure otential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion <u>ymptoms related to the phy</u> Eye contact Inhalation	<ul> <li>No known</li> <li>No known</li> <li>May cause</li> <li>No known</li> <li>Sical, chemine</li> <li>No special</li> <li>No special</li> <li>Adverse sirritation</li> </ul>	n significant e n significant e se an allergic n significant e <mark>cal and toxic</mark> fic data. fic data. symptoms ma	effects skin re effects cologi	or critical h eaction. or critical h <u>cal charac</u>	nazards. nazards. <u>teristic</u>			
f exposure otential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion <u>ymptoms related to the phy</u> Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	<ul> <li>No known</li> <li>No known</li> <li>May cause</li> <li>No known</li> <li>Sical, chemine</li> <li>No specifies</li> <li>No specifies</li> <li>Adverse service</li> <li>irritation redness</li> <li>No specifies</li> </ul>	n significant e n significant e se an allergic n significant e <mark>cal and toxic</mark> fic data. fic data. symptoms ma	effects skin re effects cologi	or critical h eaction. or critical h <u>cal charac</u> ude the foll	nazards. teristic owing:	<u>S</u>	SUILE	
f exposure otential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion <u>ymptoms related to the phy</u> Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	<ul> <li>No known</li> <li>No known</li> <li>May cause</li> <li>No known</li> <li>Sical, chemine</li> <li>No specifies</li> <li>No specifies</li> <li>Adverse service</li> <li>irritation redness</li> <li>No specifies</li> </ul>	n significant e n significant e se an allergic n significant e <mark>cal and toxic</mark> fic data. fic data. symptoms ma	effects skin re effects cologi	or critical h eaction. or critical h <u>cal charac</u> ude the foll	nazards. teristic owing:	<u>S</u>	sure	
f exposure otential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion <u>ymptoms related to the phy</u> Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	<ul> <li>No known</li> <li>No known</li> <li>May cause</li> <li>No known</li> <li>Sical, chemine</li> <li>No specifies</li> <li>No specifies</li> <li>Adverse service</li> <li>irritation redness</li> <li>No specifies</li> </ul>	n significant e n significant e se an allergic n significant e <mark>cal and toxic</mark> fic data. fic data. symptoms ma fic data.	effects skin re effects cologi	or critical h eaction. or critical h <u>cal charac</u> ude the foll	nazards. teristic owing:	<u>S</u>	Sure	
f exposure otential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion ymptoms related to the phy Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion elayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate	<ul> <li>No known</li> <li>No known</li> <li>May cause</li> <li>No known</li> <li>Sical, chemi</li> <li>No specifi</li> <li>No specifi</li> <li>Adverse sirritation redness</li> <li>No specifi</li> </ul>	n significant e n significant e se an allergic n significant e <u>cal and toxic</u> fic data. fic data. symptoms ma fic data.	effects skin re effects cologi	or critical h eaction. or critical h <u>cal charac</u> ude the foll	nazards. teristic owing:	<u>S</u>	sure	
f exposure otential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion ymptoms related to the phy Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion elayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	<ul> <li>No known</li> <li>No known</li> <li>May cause</li> <li>May cause</li> <li>No known</li> <li>Sical, chemine</li> <li>No special</li> <li>No special</li> <li>Adverse sirritation redness</li> <li>No special</li> </ul>	n significant e n significant e se an allergic n significant e <u>cal and toxic</u> fic data. fic data. symptoms ma fic data.	effects skin re effects cologi	or critical h eaction. or critical h <u>cal charac</u> ude the foll	nazards. teristic owing:	<u>S</u>	sure	

**VISA TRADITION - All variants** 

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Potential chronic health e	ffects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting propertiesNot available.11.2.2 Other informationNot available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity **Product/ingredient name** Result **Species Exposure** Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia titanium dioxide Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water 48 hours dubia - Neonate Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia pulex -48 hours Neonate Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus 96 hours Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l Fresh water 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl Algae - Scenedemus 72 hours carbamate subspicatus Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 hours Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l Fresh water 96 hours Acute NOEC 0.049 mg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 hours Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia Magna 21 days 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-Acute EC50 0.003 mg/l Fresh water Algae - Pseudokirchneriella 72 hours isothiazol-3-one subcapitata Acute EC50 18 ppb Marine water Algae - Skeletonema costatum 96 hours Acute EC50 0.001 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 hours Acute LC50 22 µg/l Fresh water Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex 48 hours Acute LC50 2.7 ppb Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 hours Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine Algae - Nitzschia pungens 96 hours water Chronic NOEC 0.56 ppb Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 97 days

Conclusion/Summary : Har

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.				
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability		
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	-	Not readily		

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

SECTION 12: Ecological information				
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High	
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	>1	-	Low	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	15600	High	

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations					
13.1 Waste treatment meth	ods				
Product					
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.				
	Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.				
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.				
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*				
Packaging					
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.				
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.				

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	ADR	/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263		UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT		PAINT	PAINT	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3		3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111		111	111	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.	No.
Additional informa ADR/RID ADN IMDG		packagin Tunnel c Viscous packagin Viscous	gs up to 450 L accord ode (D/E) liquid exception Thi gs up to 450 L accord liquid exception Thi	ing to 2.2.3.1.5.1. s class 3 viscous liquid i ing to 2.2.3.1.5.1. s class 3 viscous liquid i	s not subject to regulation in s not subject to regulation in s not subject to regulation in
14.6 Special precau user	itions for :	Transpor upright ar		<b>ises:</b> always transport i t persons transporting tl	n closed containers that are he product know what to do i
14.7 Maritime trans bulk according to I instruments		Not releva	ant/applicable due to	nature of the product.	

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

2

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
TEKNOLIN	≥90	3

### Labelling

### Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

SECTION 15: Regulatory information
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water
Explosive precursors : Not applicable.
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)
Not listed.
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.
Seveso Directive
This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.
Danger criteria
Category
P5c
International regulations
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.
Montreal Protocol
Not listed

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

- 15.2 Chemical safety assessment
- : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group</li> </ul>
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

Date of issue/Date of revision VISA TRADITION - All variants

SECTION	16: Other information	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H330	Fatal if inhaled.	
H331	Toxic if inhaled.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.	

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: 3

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2		
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3		
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4		
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1		
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1		
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3		
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2		
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1		
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2		
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3		
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B		
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1		
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1		
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A		
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1		
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3		
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Date of previous issue	e : 16/01/2023		

Notice	to	<u>reader</u>

Version

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision VISA TRADITION - All variants : 10/10/2023 Date of previous issue

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