

SAFETY DATA SHEET



VISA MASTER - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : VISA MASTER - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Contains: 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate; 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

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Date of previous issue

: 17/04/2025

Version : 5

1/28

VISA MASTER - All variants

Label No : 37696

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements : Contains biocidal products for dry film and in-can preservation: IPBC and BIT and DCOIT and C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) and OIT. Risk of skin sensitisation.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles :

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Type |
|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| ammonia, anhydrous | EC: 231-635-3 CAS: 7664-41-7 Index: 007-001-00-5 | <1 | Flam. Gas 2, H221 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 2000 ppm M [Acute] = 1 | [1] [2] |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7 | ≤0.2 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.67 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1 | [1] |
| (Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated | EC: 500-016-2 CAS: 9004-98-2 | ≤0.3 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | M [Acute] = 1 | [1] |
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6 | <0.036 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | ATE [Oral] = 450 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.21 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.036% M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1 | [1] |
| 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8 | ≤0.021 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071 | ATE [Oral] = 567 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.16 mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314: C ≥ 5% Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0.025% ≤ C < 5% | [1] |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

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| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | EC: 911-418-6 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5 | <0.0015 | Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 3% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.025% ≤ C < 3% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100 ATE [Oral] = 53 mg/kg [1] ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5 mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: C ≥ 0.6% Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 0.6% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100 | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get

SECTION 4: First aid measures

medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- 6.2 Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ammonia, anhydrous | Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) [Ammoniak] TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift. PEAK 15 minutes: 36 mg/m³ 4 times per shift. |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) [5-Chlor-2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-on und 2-Methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-on (Gemisch im Verhältnis 3:1)] Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) [Ammoniak] TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m³. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) [Ammonia] Limit value 8 hours: 14 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 36 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm. |
| Propylene glycol | Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) ELV 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: only particles. ELV 8 hours: 474 mg/m³. Form: total vapour and particles. ELV 8 hours: 150 ppm. Form: total vapour and particles. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) [amonijak, bezvodni] STELV 15 minutes: 36 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 14 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 20 ppm. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m³. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) [amoniak bezvodý] TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) [ammoniak] TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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| ammonia, anhydrous | Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) [ammoniaak] TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [ammonia, anhydrous] TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [ammoniac anhydre] TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 7 mg/m ³ . Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 14 mg/m ³ . Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) |
| ammonia, anhydrous | TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) [Ammoniak] TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 28 mg/m ³ . PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) [Ammonia] Develop C. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . PEAK 15 minutes: 28 mg/m ³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) Skin sensitiser. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.116 mg/m ³ . PEAK 15 minutes: 0.01 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.058 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 0.005 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Develop C. Skin sensitiser. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.116 mg/m ³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.01 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 0.058 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 0.005 ppm. |
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Skin sensitiser. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) [αμμωνία] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 35 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 35 mg/m ³ . |
| ammonia, anhydrous | 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025) [ammónia] TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . PEAK 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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| ammonia, anhydrous | Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) [Ammóníak] Absorbed through skin. STEL 5 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . STEL 5 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. |
| Propylene glycol | NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: particulate. OELV 8 hours: 470 mg/m ³ . Form: vapour and particulates. OELV 8 hours: 150 ppm. Form: vapour and particulates. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [ammonia, anhydrous] Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 20 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . OELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024) [ammoniaca anidra] Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . Short Term 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . |
| Propylene glycol | Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) TWA 8 hours: 7 mg/m ³ . |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) [Amonjaks] TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. |
| Propylene glycol | Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 7 mg/m ³ . |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) [amoniakas] TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) [ammoniac anhydre] TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . |
| ammonia, anhydrous | EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [ammonia, anhydrous] TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024) [ammoniak] TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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| Propylene glycol | FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) TWA 8 hours: 79 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) [ammoniakk] TWA 8 hours: 15 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 11 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . |
| Propylene glycol | Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024) |
| ammonia, anhydrous | TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m ³ . Form: vapor and inhalable fraction. Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024) [ammonia] TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 28 mg/m ³ . |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 0.2 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 0.4 mg/m ³ . |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [amoniaco] TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 35 ppm. Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . |
| ammonia, anhydrous | HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [amoniac] VLA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . VLA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ . Short term 15 minutes: 50 ppm. |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) [amoniak] Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ (ammonia). TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm (ammonia). STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ (ammonia). STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm (ammonia). |
| ammonia, anhydrous | Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) [amoniak] TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 36 mg/m ³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) KTV 15 minutes: 0.01 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. |

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| ammonia, anhydrous | <p>TWA 8 hours: 0.005 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 0.116 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. TWA 8 hours: 0.058 mg/m³.</p> <p>National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [amoniaco] TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 36 mg/m³.</p> |
| ammonia, anhydrous | <p>Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) [ammonia] TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m³. STEL 5 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 5 minutes: 36 mg/m³.</p> |
| ammonia, anhydrous | <p>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) [Ammoniak] TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 14 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 28 mg/m³.</p> |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | <p>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) Sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 0.24 mg/m³. Form: vapour and aerosols. STEL 15 minutes: 0.02 ppm. Form: vapour and aerosols. TWA 8 hours: 0.01 ppm. Form: vapour and aerosols. TWA 8 hours: 0.12 mg/m³. Form: vapour and aerosols.</p> |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | <p>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) Sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 0.4 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction. TWA 8 hours: 0.2 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction.</p> |
| ammonia, anhydrous | <p>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [ammonia] STEL 15 minutes: 25 mg/m³. Form: anhydrous. STEL 15 minutes: 35 ppm. Form: anhydrous. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. Form: anhydrous. TWA 8 hours: 18 mg/m³. Form: anhydrous.</p> |

Biological exposure indices

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| No exposure indices known. | |
| No exposure indices known. | |
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| No exposure indices known. | |
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| No exposure indices known. | |
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| No exposure indices known. | |
| No exposure indices known. | |
| No exposure indices known. | |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

No exposure indices known.
No exposure indices known.
No exposure indices known.
No exposure indices known.
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No exposure indices known.
No exposure indices known.
No exposure indices known.
No exposure indices known.
No exposure indices known.
No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:
European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

ammonia, anhydrous

Result

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

2.8 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

6.8 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

6.8 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

6.8 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

6.8 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

6.8 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

6.8 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

7.2 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation
14 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation
23.8 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation
23.8 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation
36 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation
47.6 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation
47.6 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation
0.023 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation
0.07 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation
1.16 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation
1.16 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal
2 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

(Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral
2.5 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation
6.53 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation
37 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal
125 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal
350 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.345 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.966 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

1.2 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

6.81 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.02 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.02 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

0.04 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.04 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.09 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

0.11 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
- > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
- Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Filter type (spray application): A P
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Various
- Odour** : Slight
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| water | 100 | 212 | |
| Propylene glycol | 188.2 | 370.8 | |

- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : Lower: 2.6% (propane-1,2-diol)
Upper: 12.6% (propane-1,2-diol)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|------------------|-----|-------|--------|
| Propylene glycol | 371 | 699.8 | |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : 8.4 to 9.1

Viscosity : Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

| Ingredient name | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|------|--------|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| water | 17.5 | 2.3 | | | | |
| Propylene glycol | 0.15 | 0.02 | EU A.4 | | | |

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 1.2 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------|
|-------------------------|--------|

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

ammonia, anhydrous

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

2000 ppm [4 hours]

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

9500 ppm [1 hours]

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

4673 mg/m³ [4 hours]

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Rat - Oral - LD50

400 mg/kg

Rat - Dermal - LD50

>2000 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

0.763 mg/l [4 hours]

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

0.67 g/m³ [4 hours]

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Rat - Oral - LD50

1020 mg/kg

4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Rat - Oral - LD50

1585 mg/kg

OECD [Acute Oral Toxicity]

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>652 mg/kg

OECD [Acute Dermal Toxicity]

Rat - Male, Female - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

0.26 mg/l [4 hours]

OECD [Acute Inhalation Toxicity]

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

Rat - Oral - LD50

53 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Ataxia Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| VISA MASTER | N/A | N/A | 442595.4 | 1034.1 | 353.3 |
| ammonia, anhydrous | N/A | N/A | 2000 | 4.673 | N/A |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | 400 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0.67 |
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | 450 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0.21 |
| 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | 567 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0.16 |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 53 | 50 | N/A | 0.5 | N/A |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

Result

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

(Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Human - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 48 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 5 %

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

Human - Skin - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 0.01 %

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

(Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Result

Guinea pig - skin

Result: Not sensitizing

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Result

In vitro - Bacteria

Result: Negative

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Result

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Rabbit - Female - Oral

50 mg/kg [7 days per week] [13 days]

Maternal toxicity: Positive

Developmental: Negative

Rabbit - Female - Oral

20 mg/kg [7 days per week] [13 days]

Maternal toxicity: Negative

Developmental: Negative

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Result

STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx)

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

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: 11/12/2025

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: 17/04/2025

Version : 5

18/28

VISA MASTER - All variants

Label No : 37696

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

ammonia, anhydrous

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Carp - *Hypophthalmichthys nobilis*

300 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*

0.53 ppm [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Marine water

Algae - Sea Lettuce - *Ulva fasciata* - Zoea

29.2 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Reproduction

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

Fish - Sea bass - *Dicentrarchus labrax*

Weight: 131.3 g

0.204 mg/l [62 days]

Effect: Biochemistry

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

EU

Fish - Trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*

0.067 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - NOEC - Fresh water

EU

Fish - Trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*

0.049 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

EU

Daphnia - Daphnia - *Daphnia magna*

0.16 mg/l [48 hours]

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

EU

Daphnia - Daphnia - *Daphnia Magna*

0.05 mg/l [21 days]

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

EU

Algae - Algae - *Scenedemus subspicatus*

0.022 mg/l [72 hours]

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

OECD [Fish, Acute Toxicity Test]

Fish - Trout - *Onorhynchus Mykiss*

1.9 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC50

SECTION 12: Ecological information

OECD 202 [Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilization Test and Reproduction Test]
Daphnia - Daphnia - *Daphnia Magna*
3.7 mg/l [48 hours]

Acute - EC50 - Marine water

OECD 201 [Alga, Growth Inhibition Test]
Algae - Algae - *Skeletonema Costatum*
0.36 mg/l [72 hours]

Acute - NOEC - Marine water

OECD 201 [Alga, Growth Inhibition Test]
Algae - Algae - *Skeletonema Costatum*
0.15 mg/l [72 hours]

4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*
0.003 mg/l [72 hours]
Effect: Population

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*
0.001 mg/l [48 hours]
Effect: Intoxication

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

US EPA
Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*
Weight: 1.2 g
2.7 ppb [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC

US EPA
Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*
0.56 ppb [97 days]
Effect: Growth

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

OECD
Algae - Diatom - *Nitzschia pungens*
19.789 µg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Population

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Result

EU
24% [28 days]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | - | - | Not readily |
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | - | - | Inherent |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | >1 | - | Low |
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | - | 3.2 | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

| Product/ingredient name | logK _{oc} | K _{oc} |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | 1.1 | 13.4558 |
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | 1.9 | 73.142 |
| 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | 3.4 | 2562.01 |

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P | M | T | vPvM | vP | vM |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| ammonia, anhydrous | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| (Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P | B | T | vPvB | vP | vB |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|
| ammonia, anhydrous | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | No | N/A | No | No | No | N/A | No |
| 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P | B | T | vPvB | vP | vB |
|------------------------------------------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| ammonia, anhydrous | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| (Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*, 200127*

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | - | - | - | - |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - | - |
| 14.4 Packing group | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | |

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VISA MASTER - All variants

Label No : 37696

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

| Product/ingredient name | % | Designation [Usage] |
|-------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| VISA MASTER | ≥90 | 3 |

Labelling :

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

Austria

Limitation of the use of organic solvents : Permitted.

Belgium

Czech Republic

Storage code : IV

Denmark

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Fire class : IV-1

[Executive Order No. 1795/2015](#)

| Ingredient name | Annex I Section A | Annex I Section B |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| titanium dioxide | Listed | - |

MAL-code : 2-6

Protection based on MAL : According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, respiratory protection with air supply and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 2-6

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and post-treatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask and protective clothing must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc. must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

- Low-boiling liquids** : This product contains low-boiling point liquids. Any respiratory protective equipment should be air-fed.
- Restrictions on use** : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.
- List of undesirable substances** : Not listed
- Carcinogenic waste** : Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

Finland

France

- Reinforced medical surveillance** : Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is not controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Hazard class for water : 3

Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

| Number [Class] | Description | % |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| 5.2.1 | Total dust | 48.8 |
| 5.2.4 [III] | Gaseous inorganic substances | 0.45 |
| 5.2.5 | Organic substances | 2.5 |
| 5.2.5 [I] | Organic substances | 0.4 |
| 5.2.7.2 | Poorly degradable, easily accumulating and highly toxic organic substances | 0.18 |

- AOX** : The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

Italy

- D.Lgs. 152/06** : Not determined.

Netherlands

- Water Discharge Policy (ABM)** : A(2) Toxic for aquatic organisms, may have long-term hazardous effects in aquatic environment. Decontamination effort: A

Norway

Sweden

Switzerland

- VOC content** : Exempt.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| | |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| H221 | Flammable gas. |
| H280 | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H310 | Fatal in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H330 | Fatal if inhaled. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Acute Tox. 2 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Acute Tox. 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Flam. Gas 2 | FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2 |
| Press. Gas (Comp.) | GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| Skin Corr. 1 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Corr. 1B | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B |
| Skin Corr. 1C | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1A | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A |
| STOT RE 1 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 |

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Version : 5 26/28

VISA MASTER - All variants

Label No : 37696

SECTION 16: Other information

Version : 5

VISA MASTER

All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

