Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



UVILUX SEALER 1456-11 - TS 20552 WHITE

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier Product name

: UVILUX SEALER 1456-11 - TS 20552 WHITE

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360Fd Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Signal word

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	jer	
Hazard statements	5 - Causes skin irritation. 7 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. 8 - Causes serious eye damage. 0Fd - May damage fertility. Suspected of 2 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lastin	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	<ul> <li>Obtain special instructions before use</li> <li>Wear protective gloves, protective clo earing protection.</li> </ul>	

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 22/07/2025	Date of previous issue	: 16/07/2025	Version	:3	1/27
UVILUX SEALER 1456-11 - 1	S 20552 WHITE			Label No	1229	929

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Response	-	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Dipropylenglycol diacrylate; 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid; Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid and Diphenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide
Supplemental label elements	:	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Restricted to professional users.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Dípropylenglycol diacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119484629-21 EC: 260-754-3 CAS: 57472-68-1	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	REACH #: 01-2119490020-53 EC: 500-130-2 CAS: 55818-57-0	≤10	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	REACH #: 01-2119489900-30 EC: 500-066-5 CAS: 28961-43-5	≤10	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
Diphenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	REACH #: 01-2119972295-29 EC: 278-355-8 CAS: 75980-60-8 Index: 015-203-00-X	≤5	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Repr. 1B, H360Fd	-	[1] [3]
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis	REACH #:	≤5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	STOT SE 3, H335:	[1]

[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	01-2119484613-34 EC: 256-032-2 CAS: 42978-66-5 Index: 607-249-00-X		Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	C ≥ 10%	
2-hydroxy- 2-methylpropiophenone	REACH #: 01-2119472306-39 EC: 231-272-0 CAS: 7473-98-5	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 1694 mg/kg	[1]
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid	CAS: 216689-76-8	≤3	Skin Sens. 1B, H317	-	[1]
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α,α'- (2,2-dimethyl- 1,3-propanediyl)bis[ω-[ (1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]-	REACH #: 01-2119970213-43 CAS: 84170-74-1	<1	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance with carcinogenic, mutagenic or reproductive toxicity properties

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form

containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Skin contact	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms** 

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering
Inhalation	redness <ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following:</li> <li>reduced foetal weight</li> <li>increase in foetal deaths</li> <li>skeletal malformations</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> </ul>

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Freat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 22/07/2025	Date of previous issue	: 16/07/2025	Version	:3	4/2
UVILUX SEALER 1456-11 - T	S 20552 WHITE			Label No	<b>1</b> 229	929

4/27

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PEAK 30 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift. PEAK 30 minutes: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift.		
2-Butoxyethanol	Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Limit value 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Limit value 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm.		
ate of issue/Date of revision : 22/07/2025	Date of previous issue : 16/07/2025 Version : 3 6/27		
VILUX SEALER 1456-11 - TS 20552 WHIT	E Label No : 1/22929		

2-Butoxyethanol	Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. STELV 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . ELV 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czec Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 40.7 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) Absorbe through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin , Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)</b> Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
2-Butoxyethanol	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate 2-Butoxyethanol	<ul> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Skin sensitiser.</li> <li>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>PEAK 15 minutes: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.</li> <li>PEAK 15 minutes: 20 ppm.</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Develop C. Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.</li> </ul>

	PEAK 15 minutes: 20 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PEAK 15 minutes: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].
2-Butoxyethanol	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
2-Butoxyethanol	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PEAK 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024 Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	<ul> <li>NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values</li> <li>OELV 8 hours: 20 ppm.</li> <li>OELV 8 hours: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>OELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm.</li> <li>OELV 15 minutes: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> </ul>
2-Butoxyethanol	Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Short Term 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
2-Butoxyethanol	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
2-Butoxyethanol	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)</b> Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
te of issue/Date of revision : 2	2/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 16/07/2025 Version : 3 8/2

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 20.4 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.		
FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentration and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A3. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin. VLA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . VLA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Short term 15 minutes: 50 ppm.		
Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.		
Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minute KTV 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minute		
National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.		
Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection		
2-Butoxyethanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .	
2-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .	

### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient na	ame Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 0.17 mmol/mmol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week. Biological limit values: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.
No exposure indices known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	Biological limit values (BLV) - Labour Code / ANSES (France, 4/2023) [2- butoxyéthanol et son acétate] BLV: 100 mg/g Cr, 2-butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift (regardless of the day of the week).
2-Butoxyethanol	<ul> <li>DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).</li> <li>BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift, for long-term exposures after several previous shifts.</li> <li>TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 10/2024)</li> <li>BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift, for long-term exposure after several previous shifts.</li> </ul>
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	<b>NAOSH BGVs (Ireland, 1/2011)</b> BMGV: 200 mg/g creatinine, BAA [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
No exposure indices known.	
 Date of issue/Date of revision	: 22/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 16/07/2025 Version : 3 10/27

UVILUX SEALER 1456-11 - TS 20552 WHITE

<b>SECTION 8: Exposure</b>	controls/pe	rsonal protection
No exposure indices known.		-
No exposure indices known.		
No exposure indices known.		
No exposure indices known.		
2-Butoxyethanol		Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
No exposure indices known.		
No exposure indices known.		
2-Butoxyethanol		Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) BAT: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift, at long-term exposure: at the end of the work shift after several consecutive workdays.
2-Butoxyethanol	,	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) VLB: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
No exposure indices known.		
2-Butoxyethanol	1	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, 2-butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolisis) [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift.
2-Butoxyethanol		EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) BGV: 240 mmol/mol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
Recommended monitoring procedures	European Standa assessment of e values and meas atmospheres - G of exposure to ch (Workplace atmo for the measurer	d be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: ard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the xposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit surement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace suide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment hemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 ospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures nent of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance hethods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
DNELs/DMELs	•	
Product/ingredient name		Result
Øípropylenglycol diacrylate		<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal</b> 1.7 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
		<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b> 2.35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
titanium dioxide		<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation</b> 28 μg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
		<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b> 170 μg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, ol reaction products with 1-chlorc 2,3-epoxypropane, esters with	)-	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b> 1.17 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
Date of issue/Date of revision	. 00/07/0005 Det	e of previous issue : 16/07/2025 Version : 3 11/27

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 33 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 10.5 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 37 mg/m<sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral** 83.3 µg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 83.3 µg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 0.145 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 0.233 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 0.822 mg/m<sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 1.7 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 2.35 mg/m<sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral** 0.4 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 0.5 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 0.9 mg/m<sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 1 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 0.33 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 1.18 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 22/07/2025	Date of previous issue	: 16/07/2025	Version : 3	12/27
UVILUX SEALER 1456-11 - T	S 20552 WHITE			Label No : 1229	29

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

2-Butoxyethanol

Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral** 6.3 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral** 26.7 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 59 mg/m<sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 147 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Effects: Local

**DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation** 426 mg/m<sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 1091 mg/m<sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

### **PNECs**

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Individual protection meas	<u>res</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

p	P P
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: White.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	÷

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method		
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	>120	>248			
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	252.1	485.8	OECD 104		
lammahility · Not available					

Flammability	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: Not applicable. Upper: Not applicable.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

2

### Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Propylenglycol diacrylate	240	464	DIN 51794
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	465	869	EU A.15

: 22/07/2025 Date of previous issue

:16/07/2025

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

2

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Decomposition temperature	э.	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	1	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:	
Not available.		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.

### Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	0.00428	0.00057	OECD 104	0.09751	0.013	OECD 104
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	0.00064	0.000085	OECD 104			
Relative density	: Not	available.	+	ŀ		
Density	: 1.7	g/cm³				
Vapour density	: Not	available.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.				
2 Other information						
9.2.1 Information with regar	d to physic	cal hazard cl	asses			
Explosive properties	: Not	available.				
Oxidising properties	: Not	available.				

### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on hazard classes a	s defined in Regulation	(EC) No 1272/2008
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## Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Result

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

p fpropylenglycol diacrylate	<b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b> 4600 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Ataxia Gastrointestinal - Hypermotility, diarrhea
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	<b>Rabbit - Dermal - LD50</b> >13 g/kg
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	<b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b> 6200 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects</u> : Eye - Ptosis Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression Other - Hair
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	<b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b> 1694 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Liver - Other changes
	<b>Rat - Dermal - LD50</b> 6929 mg/kg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
VILUX SEALER 1456-11	94111.1	N/A	N/A	714.3	N/A
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	4600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	6200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	1694	6929	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Butoxyethanol	1200	N/A	N/A	3	N/A

### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### **Product/ingredient name**

**D**ipropylenglycol diacrylate

2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

titanium dioxide

with acrylic acid

2-Butoxyethanol

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Result

Human - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug I

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Product/ingredient name

**Result** 

	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg	
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg	
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hou Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL	irs
2-Butoxyethanol	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hou Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg	Irs
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg	
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	e.	
Respiratory corrosion/irritation Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	e.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization Not available.		
Skin Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	9.	
Respiratory Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	Э.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	e.	
Carcinogenicity It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of leading to significant impairment of particle clearance Not available.		is inhaled in quantities
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	e.	
Reproductive toxicity Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	9.	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Product/ingredient name (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	<b>Result</b> STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irri	itation)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	1	
Date of issue/Date of revision : 22/07/2025 Date of UVILUX SEALER 1456-11 - TS 20552 WHITE	f previous issue : 16/07/2025	Version : 3 17/27

Not available.

Not available.	
Information on likely routes	<u>of exposure</u>
Not available.	to
Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact Inhalation	<ul> <li>Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
-	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Kolverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ets</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Pro	-
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently expose to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

## 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC)
	No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1 Toxicity	
Product/ingredient name titanium dioxide	<b>Result</b> <b>Acute - LC50 - Marine water</b> Fish - Mummichog - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i> >1000000 μg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
	<b>Acute - LC50 - Fresh water</b> Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate <u>Age</u> : <24 hours 3 mg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
2-Butoxyethanol	<b>Acute - LC50 - Marine water</b> Fish - Inland silverside - <i>Menidia beryllina</i> <u>Size</u> : 40 to 100 mm 1250000 μg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
	<b>Acute - LC50 - Marine water</b> Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - <i>Crangon</i> <i>crangon</i> 800000 μg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
Conclusion/Summary [Product] :	Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	-	-	Readily

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential** 

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Fipropylenglycol diacrylate	0.01 to 0.39	-	Low
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,	1.6 to 3	-	Low
oligomeric reaction products			
with 1-chloro-			
2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid			
Propylidynetrimethanol,	2.89	_	Low
ethoxylated, esters with	2.00		2011
acrylic acid			
Diphenyl	-	53 to 72	Low
(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)			
phosphine oxide			
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)]	2	-	Low
diacrylate			
2-hydroxy-	1.62	-	Low
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 22/07/2025 Date	of previous issue : 16/07/202	25 Version : 3 19/27
VILUX SEALER 1456-11 - TS	S ZUSSZ WHITE		Label No :122929

SECTION 12: Ecologi	cal information		
2-methylpropiophenone			
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

### Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос
Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	2.8	630.017
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	2.9	803.136
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone 2-Butoxyethanol	1.9 1.8	80.7076 67.3685

### Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	Ρ	Μ	т	vPvM	vP	vM
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	No	No	Νο	No	No	No	No
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Diphenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-hydroxy- 2-methylpropiophenone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α,α'- (2,2-dimethyl- 1,3-propanediyl)bis[ω-[ (1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Butoxyethanol	No Not ovoilo	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	т	vPvB	vP	vB
Fipropylenglycol diacrylate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
acrylic acid							
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 22/07	/2025 Date of	f previous iss	ue :1	6/07/2025	Versio	on : 3 20/2
VILUX SEALER 1456-11 - TS	3 20552 W	HITE				Label N	lo : <mark>1</mark> 22929

SECTION 12: Ecologi	ical info	ormation	1				
Diphenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-hydroxy- 2-methylpropiophenone	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α,α'- (2,2-dimethyl- 1,3-propanediyl)bis[ω-[ (1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]-	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Butoxyethanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Regulation (EC) No. 1272/20 Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	т	vPvB	vP	vB
Ípropylenglycol diacrylate titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid							
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Diphenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-hydroxy- 2-methylpropiophenone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
nonanoic acid Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α,α'- (2,2-dimethyl- 1,3-propanediyl)bis[ω-[	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]-		No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	080111*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>		
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)				
14.4 Packing group				
14.5 Environmental hazards	<b>N</b> o.	No.	No.	No.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name			Date of revision
Toxic to reproduction	diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide	Candidate	-	6/15/2023

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]	
UVILUX SEALER 1456-11	≥90	3	
Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphino	e ≤5	30 30	
Labelling : Restricted	to professio	nal users.	
Other EU regulations			
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air			
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water			
Explosive precursors : Not applic	able.		
Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/5	<u>590)</u>		
Not listed.			
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012	<u>/EU)</u>		
Not listed.			
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.			
Seveso Directive			
This product is not controlled under the Se	veso Directi	ve.	
lational regulations			
<u>Austria</u>			
Limitation of the use of : Permitted organic solvents			
<u>Belgium</u>			
Czech Republic			
Storage code : IV			
<u>Denmark</u>			
Fire class : IV-1			
Executive Order No. 1795/2015			
Ingredient name		Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
titanium dioxide		Listed	-
MAL-code : 00-5		I	<b>I</b>

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

	-	
Protection based on MAL	: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:	
	<b>General:</b> Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.	
	In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.	
	MAL-code: 00-5 <b>Application:</b> When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and post- treatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.	
	- Protective clothing must be worn.	
	When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.	
	- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.	
	During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.	
	- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.	
	<b>Drying:</b> Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.	
	<b>Polishing:</b> When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.	
	<b>Caution</b> The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.	
	*See Regulations.	
Restrictions on use	: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.	
List of undesirable substances	: Not listed	

**Carcinogenic waste** : Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

**Finland** France

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7		(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	RG 84
		2-Butoxyethanol	RG 84
Reinforced medical surveillance	:	Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities whe medical surveillance: not applicable	nich require reinforced

**Germany** 

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 6.1C

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is not controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

#### Hazard class for water : 2

### Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

Number [Class]	Description	%
5.2.1	Total dust	56.8
5.2.5	Organic substances	39.7
5.2.5 [1]	Organic substances	0.83
5.2.7.1.3	Reproductive toxic substances	3.5
AOX	: The product contains organically bound halogens and can	contribute to the AOX

AOX

Italv

value in waste water.

D.Lgs. 152/06

: Not determined.

### **Netherlands**

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen		Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
difenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) fosfine oxide	-	-	Fertility 1B	Development 2	-

Water Discharge Policy : Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the (ABM) environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

Norway

Sweden

Switzerland

**VOC content** : Exempt.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **15.2 Chemical safety** assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

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UVILUX SEALER 1456-11 - TS	S 20552 WHITE			Label No :1/229	929

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	as shanged nom providely located version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>
Dressedure used to derive the	electricities according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2009 [CLD/CHS]

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360Fd	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>⊮</b> 302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360Fd	May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 22/07/2025
Data of music include	46/07/2025

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Version	: 3	
	UVILUX SEALER 1456-11_TS 20552 WHITE	

#### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

:16/07/2025

Date of issue/Date of revision: 22/07/2025Date of previous issueUVILUX SEALER 1456-11 - TS 20552 WHITE

revious issue : 16/07/2025