SAFETY DATA SHEET

UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 - TS 21411 WHITE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 - TS 21411 WHITE

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Eye Dam. 1, H318
Skin Sens. 1, H317
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Contains: Dipropylenglycol diacrylate; 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid; Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate and Phosphine oxide, phenylbis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-

Supplemental label elements :

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles :

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119484629-21 EC: 260-754-3 CAS: 57472-68-1	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	REACH #: 01-2119490020-53 EC: 500-130-2 CAS: 55818-57-0	≥10 - <25	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate	CAS: 184181-05-3	≤10	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	REACH #: 01-2119489401-38 EC: 423-340-5 CAS: 162881-26-7 Index: 015-189-00-5	≤3	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	REACH #: 01-2119472306-39 EC: 231-272-0 CAS: 7473-98-5	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 1694 mg/kg	[1]
propylidynetrimethanol	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361fd	-	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	CAS: 77-99-6				

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
phosphorus oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Result
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 1.7 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 2.35 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 1.17 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 33 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 21 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 21 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 3.3 mg/kg Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal** 3.3 mg/kg Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Inhalation** 5.2 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Dermal** 1.5 mg/kg Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Oral** 1.5 mg/kg Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral** 1.67 ng/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral** 1.5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 1.5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal** 1.67 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation** 1.93 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 1.93 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 3 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal** 3.33 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 7.84 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 7.84 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	**DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral** 0.4 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 0.5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 0.9 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 1 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 3.5 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic
propylidynetrimethanol	**DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral** 0.34 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 0.34 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 0.58 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal**

0.94 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation
3.3 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : White.

Odour : Slight

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	>168	>334.4	EU A.2
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	252.1	485.8	OECD 104

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit : Lower: Not applicable.
Upper: Not applicable.

Flash point : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	>131.4	>268.5	EU A.16
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	240	464	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

	Vapour Pressure at 20˚C			Vapour pressure at 50˚C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	0.00428	0.00057	OECD 104	0.09751	0.013	OECD 104
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	0.00064	0.000085	OECD 104			

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 1.9 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	**Rat - Oral - LD50** 4600 mg/kg Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Ataxia Gastrointestinal - Hypermotility, diarrhea
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	**Rat - Oral - LD50** >2000 mg/kg OECD [Acute Oral Toxicity]
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	**Rat - Oral - LD50** 1694 mg/kg Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Liver - Other changes **Rat - Dermal - LD50** 6929 mg/kg
propylidynetrimethanol	**Rat - Oral - LD50** 14000 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11	169400.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	4600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	1694	6929	N/A	N/A	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	**Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant** Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	**Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant** Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Result
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	**Guinea pig - skin** OECD [Skin Sensitization] Sensitising

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	**Bacteria** Result: Negative

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Ingredient name	Conclusion/Summary
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	No results available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name **Result**

Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	**Acute - LC50** OECD [Fish, Acute Toxicity Test] Fish - *Brachydanio rerio* >0.09 mg/l [96 hours] **Acute - EC50** Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilization Test and Reproduction Test Daphnia - *Daphnia magna* >1.175 mg/l [48 hours] **EC50** Alga, Growth Inhibition Test Aquatic plants - *Desmodesmus subspicatus* ≥0.26 mg/l [72 hours] **NOEC - Fresh water** OECD [Daphnia Magna Reproduction Test] Daphnia - *Daphnia magna* ≥0.008 mg/l [21 days]
propylidynetrimethanol	**Acute - EC50 - Fresh water** Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna* Age: 1 to 3 days 13000000 µg/l [48 hours] Effect: Intoxication **Acute - LC50 - Marine water** Fish - Sheepshead minnow - *Cyprinodon variegatus* 14400000 µg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	0.01 to 0.39	-	Low
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	1.6 to 3	-	Low
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	5.77	<5	Low
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	1.62	-	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1 [OECD 305 C]	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Value
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	logKoc: 5 Koc: 108908
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	logKoc: 1.9 Koc: 80.7076
propylidynetrimethanol	logKoc: 1.2 Koc: 16.5101

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
propylidynetrimethanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
propylidynetrimethanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11	≥90	3

Labelling :

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

(EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

Not listed.

(EC) No 111/2005 Trade between the Union and third countries in drug precursors

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status
Toluene and its salts	≤0.0015	Category 3

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms :
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

SECTION 16: Other information

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 21/10/2026

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11_TS 21411 WHITE TS 21411 WHITE

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.