Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

SAFETY DATA SHEET



UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 - TS 21351 WHITE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifi	er
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Product name

: UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 - TS 21351 WHITE

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Ireland Limited, 52 Ballymoughan Road, Magherafelt, BT45 6HN, UK. Tel. +44 (0) 2879 301 472.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.	
Response	P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue ring Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 22/04/2024	Date of previous issue	: 23/02/2023	Version	:1.01	1/16
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

SECTION 2. Hazarus	IC	ientification
Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Dipropylenglycol diacrylate; 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid; Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate and Phosphine oxide, phenylbis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-
Supplemental label elements	:	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Image: Second system REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 ≥25 - ≤50 Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation) - [1] Dipropylenglycol diacrylate REACH #: 01-2119484029-21 EC: 260-754-3 CAS: 57472-68-1 ≥10 - ≤25 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 - [1] 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid REACH #: 01-2119490020-53 EC: 500-130-2 CAS: 55818-57-0 ≥10 - <25 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - [1] CAS: 184181-05-3 with acrylic acid CAS: 184181-05-3 EC: 500-130-2 ≥10 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - [1] Phosphine oxide, phenylbis [phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenate REACH #: 01-2119489001-38 EC: 423-340-5 CAS: 16281-26-7 Index: 015-189-00-5 ≤3 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 - [1] Phosphine oxide, phenylbis [2-hydroxy- REACH #: 01-211948901-38 EC: 423-340-5 CAS: 16281-26-7 Index: 015-189-00-5 ≤3 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 - [1] Date of issue/Date of revision :2204/2024 Date of previous issue :2302/2023 Version: :101	3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
$01-2119489379-17$ EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 $(inhalation)$ $(inhalation)$ Dipropylenglycol diacrylateREACH #: $01-2119484629-21$ EC: 260-754-3 CAS: 57472-68-1 $\geq 10 - \leq 25$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317- $[1]$ 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acidREACH #: $01-2119490020-53$ EC: 500-130-2 CAS: 55818-57-0 $\geq 10 - <25$ Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411-[1]Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate ≤ 3 Skin Sens. 1, H317 [1]Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-REACH #: $01-2119489401-38$ EC: 423-340-5 CAS: 16281-26-7 Index: 015-189-00-5 ≤ 3 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413-[1]Date of issue/Date of revision:22/04/2024Date of previous issue:23/02/2023Version ::101	Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Limits, M-factors	Туре
01-2119484629-21 EC: 260-754-3 CAS: 57472-68-1Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317[1]4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acidREACH #: 01-2119490020-53 EC: 500-130-2 CAS: 55818-57-0 $\geq 10 - \langle 25 \rangle$ Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411-[1]Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoateCAS: 184181-05-3 Skin Sens. 1, H317 ≤ 10 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411-[1]Phosphine oxide, phenylbis 	Manium dioxide	01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5	≥25 - ≤50		-	[1] [*]
oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid $01-2119490020-53$ 	Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	01-2119484629-21 EC: 260-754-3	≥10 - ≤25	Eye Dam. 1, H318	-	[1]
with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis 	oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters	01-2119490020-53 EC: 500-130-2	≥10 - <25	Aquatic Chronic 2,	-	[1]
$(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)$ - $01-2119489401-38$ Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 $EC: 423-340-5$ CAS: 162881-26-7 H413 $CAS: 162881-26-7$ Index: 015-189-00-5 Acute Tox. 4, H302 ATE [Oral] = 1694 [1] $2-hydroxy-$ REACH #: ≤ 3 Acute Tox. 4, H302 ATE [Oral] = 1694 [1] Date of issue/Date of revision : 22/04/2024 Date of previous issue : 23/02/2023 Version : 1.01	with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol] and oxirane,	CAS: 184181-05-3	≤10	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Date of issue/Date of revision : 22/04/2024 Date of previous issue : 23/02/2023 Version : 1.01		01-2119489401-38 EC: 423-340-5 CAS: 162881-26-7	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4,	-	[1]
	2-hydroxy-	REACH #:	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302	ATE [Oral] = 1694	[1]
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2-methylpropiophenone	01-2119472306-39 EC: 231-272-0 CAS: 7473-98-5		Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	mg/kg	
propylidynetrimethanol	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361fd	-	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures Eye contact Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes

	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed <u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>

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SECTION 4: First aid measures Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : No specific data. **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. **Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	iron	n the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, prote	ective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency : personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders :	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material	for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

: Not available.
: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	
Biological exposure indices	

Product/ingredient name Exposure indices No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the procedures assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Ďípropylenglycol diacrylate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.66 mg/	General	Systemic
		Ū.	kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.08 mg/	General	Systemic
		Ŭ	kg bw/day	population	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.77 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		5	kg bw/day		,
	DNEL	Long term	7.24 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	·····	population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term	24.48 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³		-) - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,	DNEL	Long term	1.17 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
oligomeric reaction products with	DITE	Inhalation	1.17 mg/m		Cyclonic
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters		innalation			
with acrylic acid					
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	33 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Long tonin Donnai	bw/day		oyotonno
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis	DNEL	Long term	21 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	DITE	Inhalation	21		Cyclonic
	DNEL	Short term	21 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	2 ·		eyetenne
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	5.2 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	0.2 mg/m	population	Cysternio
		malation		[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Derma	1.0 mg/kg	population	Cysternio
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term oral	1.0 mg/kg	population	Cysternio
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.67 ng/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	Cystonio
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	Cysternie
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dennal	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.67 mg/	General	Systemic
	DINEL		1.07 mg/	General	Systemic
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ECTION 8: Exposure con					
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1.93 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.93 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	7.84 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7.84 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.9 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
propylidynetrimethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.34 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.34 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.58 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.94 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.3 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Individual protection meas	ures	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: White.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: Not applicable. Upper: Not applicable.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	-

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Propylenglycol diacrylate	240	464	DIN 51794
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	465	869	EU A.15

Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:	
Not available.		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	;	

	Va	pour Pressi	ure at 20°C	Va	Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Pipropylenglycol diacrylate	0.00064	0.000085	OECD 104				
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	0.00000075	0.0000001	OECD 104	0.00000075	0.0000001	OECD 104	
elative density	: Not a	available.	•		·		
ensity	: 1.9 g	J/cm³					
apour density	: Not a	available.					
xplosive properties	: Not a	available.					
xidising properties	: Not a	available.					
article characteristics							
Median particle size	: Not a	applicable.					

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No	o specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Th	he product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Ur	nder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No	o specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No	o specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products		nder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products nould not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
2-hydroxy- 2-methylpropiophenone	LD50 Dermal	Rat	6929 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1694 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the c	lassification crite	eria are not met.	1

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	169400 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit		100 mg 500 mg	-

: 22/04/2024 Date of previous issue

: 23/02/2023

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: Causes skin irritation.

Sensilisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
hosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	-	Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	1	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>у (</u>	<u>single exposure)</u>
Not available.		
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>у (</u>	repeated exposure)
Not available.		
Aspiration hazard		
Not available.		
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical	sic	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
inanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	EC50 ≥0.26 mg/l	Aquatic plants - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	72 hours
	NOEC ≥0.008 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Acute EC50 >1.175 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >0.09 mg/l	Fish - Brachydanio rerio	96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
· · · ·	Acute LC50 14400000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
hosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	0.01 to 0.39	-	Low
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	1.6 to 3	-	Low
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	5.77	<5	Low
2-hydroxy- 2-methylpropiophenone	1.62	-	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	Low

available.
available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name)	%	Designation [Usage]	
VILUX PRIMER 1754-11		≥90	3	
Labelling	:	ł		
Other EU regulations				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not liste	d		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not liste	d		
Explosive precursors	: Not app	licable.		
Ozone depleting substan	<u>ces (1005/20</u>	<u>09/EU)</u>		
Not listed.				
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/201	<u>2/EU)</u>		
Not listed.				

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment	required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Date of issue/ Date of	: 22/04/2024
revision	
Date of previous issue	e : 23/02/2023
Version	: 1.01

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.