

SAFETY DATA SHEET



UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 - HY 0100 WHITE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 - HY 0100 WHITE

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.
Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166
Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317

Repr. 1B, H360F

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H360F - May damage fertility.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| | |
|---|--|
| Response | : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : Not applicable. |
| Disposal | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Hazardous ingredients | : Contains: 3-hydroxy-2'-methoxy-2-naphthanilide; Hexamethylene diacrylate; Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid and (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate |
| Supplemental label elements | : Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : Restricted to professional users. |

2.3 Other hazards

| | |
|--|---|
| Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII | : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : None known. |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Type |
|--|---|-----------|---|---|---------|
| Titanium dioxide | REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation) | - | [1] [*] |
| 3-hydroxy-2'-methoxy-2-naphthanilide | REACH #: 01-2119943385-33 EC: 205-206-6 CAS: 135-62-6 | ≤14 | Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | - | [1] |
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | REACH #: 01-2119484737-22 EC: 235-921-9 CAS: 13048-33-4 Index: 607-109-00-8 | ≤7.2 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | M [Acute] = 1 | [1] |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid | CAS: 216689-76-8 | ≤10 | Skin Sens. 1B, H317 | - | [1] |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | REACH #: 01-2119472306-39 EC: 231-272-0 CAS: 7473-98-5 | ≤5 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | ATE [Oral] = 1694 mg/kg | [1] |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | REACH #: 01-2119484613-34 EC: 256-032-2 | ≤2.7 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 10% | [1] |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | | | |
|---|---|------|---|---|---------|
| Diphenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide | CAS: 42978-66-5 Index: 607-249-00-X | | STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | | |
| | REACH #: 01-2119972295-29 EC: 278-355-8 CAS: 75980-60-8 Index: 015-203-00-X | <3 | Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Repr. 1B, H360Fd | - | [1] [2] |
| propylidynetrimethanol | REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6 | ≤0.3 | Repr. 2, H361fd | - | [1] |
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with carcinogenic, mutagenic or reproductive toxicity properties

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : ☒ No specific data.
- Inhalation** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : ☒ In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture


- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : ☒ Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
phosphorus oxides
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** :  No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** :  Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** :  Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.


6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.


SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** :  Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

-  Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| No exposure limit value known. | |

Biological exposure indices

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| No exposure indices known. | |

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

Titanium dioxide

Result

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

28 µg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

170 µg/m³

Effects: Local

Hexamethylene diacrylate

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

1.66 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

2.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

2.77 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

7.2 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

24.5 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.33 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.18 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.4 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.9 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

3.5 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

1.7 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

2.35 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

83.3 µg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

83.3 µg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.145 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.233 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.822 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

propylidynetrimethanol

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.34 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.34 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.58 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

0.94 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

3.3 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls


- : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

- :  Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Body protection

- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

- : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

- : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

Environmental exposure controls

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| | |
|---|------------------|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : White. |
| Odour | : Slight |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : |

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|--|-------|-------|----------|
| 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | >120 | >248 | |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | 252.1 | 485.8 | OECD 104 |

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Flammability | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit | : Lower: Not applicable. Upper: Not applicable. |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : |

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----------|
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | 235 | 455 | DIN 51794 |

| | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| pH | : Not applicable. |
| Viscosity | : Not available. |
| Solubility(ies) | : |
| Not available. | |

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| Solubility in water | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | : Not applicable. |
| Vapour pressure | : |

| Ingredient name | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|----------|-------------------------|-------|----------|
| | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | 0.00428 | 0.00057 | OECD 104 | 0.09751 | 0.013 | OECD 104 |
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | 0.00045 | 0.00006 | EU A.4 | | | |

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Relative density | : Not available. |
| Density | : 1.8 g/cm³ |
| Vapour density | : Not available. |
| Particle characteristics | |
| Median particle size | : Not applicable. |

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

| | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| Explosive properties | : Not available. |
| Oxidising properties | : Not available. |

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : No specific data.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Hexamethylene diacrylate

Result

Rat - Oral - LD50

5 g/kg

2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone

Rat - Oral - LD50

1694 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Liver - Other changes

Rat - Dermal - LD50

6929 mg/kg

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Rat - Oral - LD50

6200 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Eye - Ptosis Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression Other - Hair

propylidynetrimethanol

Rat - Oral - LD50

14000 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 | 42777.8 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | 5000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | 1694 | 6929 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | 6200 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| propylidynetrimethanol | 14000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

Result

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Titanium dioxide

Human - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug l

Hexamethylene diacrylate

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

Result

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

[1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl]bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : ☒ No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : ☒ May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : ☒ No specific data.
Inhalation : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
Skin contact : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
Ingestion : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity : ☒ May damage fertility.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : ☒ The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Titanium dioxide

Result

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Mummichog - *Fundulus heteroclitus*

>1000000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Water flea - *Ceriodaphnia dubia* - Neonate

Age: <24 hours

3 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Hexamethylene diacrylate

NOEC

OECD [Alga, Growth Inhibition Test]

Algae - Algae - *Desmodesmus subspicatus*

0.5 mg/l [72 hours]

EC50

OECD [Alga, Growth Inhibition Test]

Algae - Algae - *Selenastrum capricornutum*

1.09 mg/l [72 hours]

LC50

OECD [Fish, Acute Toxicity Test]

Fish - *Oryzias latipes*

0.38 mg/l [96 hours]

NOEC

OECD [Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test]

Fish - *Oryzias latipes*

0.072 mg/l [96 hours]

EC50

OECD [Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilization Test and Reproduction Test]

Daphnia - Daphnia - *Daphnia magna*

2.7 mg/l [48 hours]

NOEC

OECD [Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilization Test and Reproduction Test]

Daphnia - Daphnia - *Daphnia magna*

0.14 mg/l [21 days]

propylidynetrimethanol

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*

Age: 1 to 3 days

13000000 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Intoxication

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Sheepshead minnow - *Cyprinodon variegatus*

14400000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 17/07/2025

Date of previous issue

: 15/06/2023

Version : 2

13/19

UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 - HY 0100 WHITE

Label No : 22686

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | 2.81 | - | Low |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | 1.62 | - | Low |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | 2 | - | Low |
| Diphenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide | - | 53 to 72 | Low |
| propylidynetrimethanol | -0.47 | <1 [OECD 305 C] | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

| Product/ingredient name | logKoc | Koc |
|---|--------|---------|
| 3-hydroxy-2'-methoxy-2-naphthanilide | 3 | 984.837 |
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | 2.5 | 332.947 |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | 1.9 | 80.7076 |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | 2.9 | 803.136 |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide | 2.8 | 630.017 |
| propylidynetrimethanol | 1.2 | 16.5101 |

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P | M | T | vPvM | vP | vM |
|--|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| Titanium dioxide | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 3-hydroxy-2'-methoxy-2-naphthanilide | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Diphenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| propylidynetrimethanol | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P | B | T | vPvB | vP | vB |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|
| Titanium dioxide | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 3-hydroxy-2'-methoxy-2-naphthanilide | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Diphenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide | No | N/A | No | Yes | No | N/A | No |
| propylidynetrimethanol | No | N/A | No | Yes | No | N/A | No |

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P | B | T | vPvB | vP | vB |
|--|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| Titanium dioxide | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 3-hydroxy-2'-methoxy-2-naphthanilide | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Diphenyl (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| propylidynetrimethanol | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | - | - | - | - |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - | - |
| 14.4 Packing group | - | - | - | - |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

| Intrinsic property | Ingredient name | Status | Reference number | Date of revision |
|-----------------------|---|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Toxic to reproduction | diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | Candidate | - | 6/15/2023 |

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

| Product/ingredient name | % | Designation [Usage] |
|---|-----|---------------------|
| UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11 | ≥90 | 3 |
| Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide | <3 | 30 30 |

Labelling : Restricted to professional users.

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|--|--|
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| | |
|--------|--|
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H360F | May damage fertility. |
| H360Fd | May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| H361fd | Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Carc. 2 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Repr. 1B | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B |
| Repr. 2 | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1B | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 17/07/2025

revision

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Version : 2

UVILUX PRIMER 1754-11_HY 0100 WHITE HY 0100 WHITE

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

