SAFETY DATA SHEET



UVILUX 6790-03 - TS 21337 WHITE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: UVILUX 6790-03 - TS 21337 WHITE **Product name**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

: In an emergency, call 112 Telephone number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

: H315 - Causes skin irritation. **Hazard statements**

> H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. **Prevention**

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

: P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several Response

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

Contains: Dipropylenglycol diacrylate; Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid; Methylbenzoylformiat and Phosphine oxide, phenylbis

(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-

Supplemental label elements

: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
pipropylenglycol diacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119484629-21 EC: 260-754-3 CAS: 57472-68-1	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	REACH #: 01-2119489900-30 EC: 500-066-5 CAS: 28961-43-5	≤5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
2-hydroxy- 2-methylpropiophenone	REACH #: 01-2119472306-39 EC: 231-272-0 CAS: 7473-98-5	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 1694 mg/kg	[1]
Methylbenzoylformiat	REACH #: 01-2120101338-67 EC: 239-263-3 CAS: 15206-55-0	≤3	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-, homopolymer, ar- (2-hydroxy-2-methyl- 1-oxopropyl) derivs.	CAS: 163702-01-0	<3	Repr. 2, H361f	-	[1]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients REACH #: <1 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Phosphine oxide, phenylbis [1] (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-01-2119489401-38 Aquatic Chronic 4, EC: 423-340-5 H413 CAS: 162881-26-7 Index: 015-189-00-5 REACH #: Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335: [1] (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis <1 [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] 01-2119484613-34 C ≥ 10% Eye Irrit. 2, H319 diacrylate EC: 256-032-2 Skin Sens. 1, H317 CAS: 42978-66-5 STOT SE 3, H335 Index: 607-249-00-X Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 ≤0.3 ATE [Oral] = 1200 REACH #: Acute Tox. 4, H302 2-Butoxyethanol [1] [2] 01-2119475108-36 Acute Tox. 3, H331 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation EC: 203-905-0 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 CAS: 111-76-2 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 (vapours)] = 3 mg/lIndex: 603-014-00-0 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

above.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Not available.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2 -Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. CEIL 5 minutes: 100 ppm 8 times per shift. CEIL 5 minutes: 550 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. PEAK 30 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift. PEAK 30 minutes: 200 mg/m³ 4 times per shift.
	Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
2-Butoxyethanol	Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.
	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm.
P-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. STELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. STELV 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 20 ppm.

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. 2-Butoxyethanol Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 ma/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. 2-Butoxyethanol Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40.7 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) [2-methoxy-1-methylethylacetat] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. 2-Butoxyethanol Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. 2-Butoxyethanol Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

2-Butoxyethanol

STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

2-Butoxyethanol

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

(Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 250 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit

values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

2-Butoxyethanol

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit

values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Develop C.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³.

PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Skin sensitiser.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-

2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

2-Butoxyethanol

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 98 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 20 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Develop C. Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 20 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m³.

PEAK 15 minutes: 98 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

2-Butoxyethanol

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 8/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.

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✓ Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

TWA 8 hours: 120 mg/m³.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025)

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

2-Butoxyethanol

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025) Absorbed through

skin.

TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³.
PEAK 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.
PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024)

Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

2-Butoxyethanol

Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024)

Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU

derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values

OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

2-Butoxyethanol

NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU

derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values

OELV 8 hours: 20 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024)

Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.

Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

Short Term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

2-Butoxyethanol

Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024)

Absorbed through skin.
Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Limit value 8 hours: 98 mg/m³.
Short Term 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
Short Term 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024)

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

2-Butoxyethanol

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024)

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 250 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm.

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) 2-Butoxyethanol

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I

(Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

2-Butoxyethanol Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I

(Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. 2-Butoxyethanol

> TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values

(Netherlands, 5/2024) TWA 8 hours: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values 2-Butoxyethanol

(Netherlands, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20.4 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin.

> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³.

2-Butoxyethanol FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations

and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland,

7/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 260 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 520 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy 2-Butoxyethanol

of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland,

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

7/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.

Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A3.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin.

VLA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Short term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

2-Butoxyethanol

2-Butoxyethanol

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin.

VLA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

Short term 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)

Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

2-Butoxyethanol

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)

Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

2-Butoxyethanol

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

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2 -Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
2-Butoxyethanol	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 245 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
2 -Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
2-Butoxyethanol	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.
2 -Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 275 mg/m³.
2-Butoxyethanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 98 mg/m³.
Z -Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 548 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 274 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 123 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	

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2-Butoxyethanol

Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015)

Biological limit values: 0.17 mmol/mmol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.

Biological limit values: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

2-Butoxyethanol

2-Butoxyethanol

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

2-Butoxyethanol

No exposure indices known.

2-Butoxyethanol

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

2-Butoxyethanol

2-Butoxyethanol

Biological limit values (BLV) - Labour Code / ANSES (France, 4/2023) [2- butoxyéthanol et son acétate]

BLV: 100 mg/g Cr, 2-butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift (regardless of the day of the week).

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift, for long-term exposures after several previous shifts.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 10/2024)

BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift, for long-term exposure after several previous shifts.

NAOSH BGVs (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: 200 mg/g creatinine, BAA [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

BAT: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift, at long-term exposure: at the end of the work shift after several consecutive workdays.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,

VLB: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

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No exposure indices known.

2-Butoxyethanol

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025)

BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, 2-butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolisis) [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift.

2-Butoxyethanol

EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)

BGV: 240 mmol/mol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine].

Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

Dipropylenglycol diacrylate

Result

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

1.7 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

2.35 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

titanium dioxide

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

28 μg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

170 μg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local

Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 10.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

37 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.4 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.5 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.9 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

1 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

3.5 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

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Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-, homopolymer, ar-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl) derivs.

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

5.28 μg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

5.28 μg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

9.18 µg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

14.8 μg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

52.1 μg/m³ Effects: Systemic

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

33 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

33 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

36 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

275 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

320 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

550 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

796 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

21 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

21 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

3.3 mg/kg

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

3.3 mg/kg

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term -

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Phosphine oxide, phenylbis

(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-

Inhalation

5.2 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term -

Dermal 1.5 mg/kg

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Oral

1.5 mg/kg

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

1.67 ng/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

1.5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

1.5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

1.67 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

1.93 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

1.93 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

3 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

3.33 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

7.84 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

7.84 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-

2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

2-Butoxyethanol

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

1.7 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

2.35 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

6.3 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

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26.7 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

59 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

98 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

147 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

246 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

426 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1091 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Vuser operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

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Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type:

Filter type (spray application):

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour White. Odour Slight **Odour threshold** Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Not available.

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	145.8	294.4	OECD 103
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	252.1	485.8	OECD 104

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion

limit

Lower: Not applicable. Upper: Not applicable.

Flash point : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
propylenglycol diacrylate	240	464	DIN 51794
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature Not available.

pН : Not applicable. Not available. **Viscosity**

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	0.00428	0.00057	OECD 104	0.09751	0.013	OECD 104

Relative density: Not available.Density: 1.4 g/cm³Vapour density: Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result

propylenglycol diacrylate

Rat - Oral - LD50

4600 mg/kg

<u>Toxic effects</u>: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Ataxia Gastrointestinal - Hypermotility,

diarrhea

Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

with acrylic acid >13 g/kg

2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone Rat - Oral - LD50

1694 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed

activity) Behavioral - Tremor Liver - Other changes

Rat - Dermal - LD50

6929 mg/kg

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Rat - Oral - LD50

8532 mg/kg

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Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Phosphine oxide, phenylbis Rat - Oral - LD50 (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- >2000 mg/kg

OECD [Acute Oral Toxicity]

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-

2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Rat - Oral - LD50

6200 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Eye - Ptosis Lung, Thorax, or Respiration -

Respiratory depression Other - Hair

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
VILUX 6790-03	67760.0	N/A	N/A	1666.7	N/A
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	4600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	1694	6929	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-	6200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate					
2-Butoxyethanol	1200	N/A	N/A	3	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

☑ipropylenglycol diacrylate

titanium dioxide

Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

2-Butoxyethanol

Result

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Human - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 72 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 300 ug I

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

Dipropylenglycol diacrylate

Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters

with acrylic acid

2-Butoxyethanol

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-

2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

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Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name Result

Phosphine oxide, phenylbis Guinea pig - skin

(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- OECD [Skin Sensitization]

Result: Sensitising

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name Result
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis Bacteria

(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- Result: Negative

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Ingredient name Conclusion/Summary

Phosphine oxide, phenylbis No results available.

(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

Z-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eve contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Skin contact**

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eye contact**

> watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine **Conclusion/Summary [Product]**

disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC)

No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

tifanium dioxide

Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-

2-Butoxyethanol

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Result

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus

>1000000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate

Age: <24 hours 3 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50

OECD [Fish, Acute Toxicity Test]

Fish - Brachydanio rerio >0.09 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC50

Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilization Test and Reproduction Test

Daphnia - Daphnia magna >1.175 mg/l [48 hours]

EC50

Alga, Growth Inhibition Test

Aquatic plants - Desmodesmus subspicatus

≥0.26 mg/l [72 hours]

NOEC - Fresh water

OECD [Daphnia Magna Reproduction Test]

Daphnia - Daphnia magna ≥0.008 mg/l [21 days]

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Inland silverside - Menidia beryllina

Size: 40 to 100 mm 1250000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - Crangon

crangon

: Not available.

800000 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ropylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	-	•	Readily
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	-	-	Not readily

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Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
propylenglycol diacrylate Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	0.01 to 0.39 2.89	-	Low Low
2-hydroxy- 2-methylpropiophenone	1.62	-	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	5.77	<5	Low
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	2	-	Low
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone	1.9	80.7076
Methylbenzoylformiat	1.6	38.9998
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.36	2.31363
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis	5	108908
(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-		
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-	2.9	803.136
2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate		
2-Butoxyethanol	1.8	67.3685

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	Т	vPvM	vP	vM
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-hydroxy-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-methylpropiophenone							
Methylbenzoylformiat	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-, homopolymer, ar-(2-hydroxy- 2-methyl-1-oxopropyl) derivs.	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Butoxyethanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

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Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	В	T	vPvB	vP	vB
propylenglycol diacrylate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Propylidynetrimethanol,	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid							
2-hydroxy-	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropiophenone							
Methylbenzoylformiat	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-,	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
homopolymer, ar-(2-hydroxy-							
2-methyl-1-oxopropyl) derivs.							
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)]	110	14// (14//	140	14// (14// (14/7
diacrylate							
2-Butoxyethanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
pipropylenglycol diacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-hydroxy- 2-methylpropiophenone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Methylbenzoylformiat	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-, homopolymer, ar-(2-hydroxy- 2-methyl-1-oxopropyl) derivs.		No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Butoxyethanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Yes. : 080111*

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	N ot regulated.	M ot regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	~	~	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)				
14.4 Packing group				
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	№ o.	№ o.	№ o.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
UVILUX 6790-03	≥90	3

Labelling

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

Austria

Limitation of the use of

: Permitted.

organic solvents

Belgium

Book VI carcinogenic agents annex VI.2-1 - VI.2-3

Ingredient name	Status
Sílice Sílice	Listed

Czech Republic

Storage code : IV

Denmark

: W-1 Fire class Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
tranium dioxide	Listed	-

MAL-code : 0-5

Protection based on MAL

According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

MAL-code: 0-5

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and posttreatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Gas filter mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use

: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances

: Not listed

Carcinogenic waste

: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

Finland France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate **RG 84** (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-**RG 84**

2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

2-Butoxyethanol **RG 84**

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10 **Hazardous incident ordinance**

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This product is not controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Hazard class for water : 17

Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

Number [Class]	Description	%
5 .2.1	Total dust	43.4
5.2.5	Organic substances	56.5
5.2.5 [I]	Organic substances	2.7

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

Water Discharge Policy

(ABM)

: K(2) Toxic for aquatic organisms, may have long-term hazardous effects in aquatic

environment. Decontamination effort: A

Norway
Sweden
Switzerland

VOC content : Exempt.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
,	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

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SECTION 16: Other information

T	
⊮ 226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Cute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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