

SAFETY DATA SHEET



UVILUX 6790-03 - TS 21289 GREY

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : UVILUX 6790-03 - TS 21289 GREY

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

National contact

Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Eye Dam. 1, H318
Skin Sens. 1, H317
Aquatic Acute 1, H400
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| | |
|---|--|
| Response | : P391 - Collect spillage. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Storage | : Not applicable. |
| Disposal | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : Not applicable. |

2.3 Other hazards

| | |
|--|---|
| Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII | : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : None known. |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Type |
|---|--|-----------|---|------------|
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | REACH #: 01-2119484737-22 EC: 235-921-9 CAS: 13048-33-4 Index: 607-109-00-8 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | [1] |
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | REACH #: 01-2119484629-21 EC: 260-754-3 CAS: 57472-68-1 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] |
| titanium dioxide | REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 | ≤10 | Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation) | [1] [*] |
| Oligotriacrylate | REACH #: 01-2119487948-12 EC: 500-114-5 CAS: 52408-84-1 | ≤10 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] |
| Acrylate resin (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy (methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | - REACH #: 01-2119484613-34 EC: 256-032-2 CAS: 42978-66-5 Index: 607-249-00-X | ≤10 ≤5 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | [1] [1] |
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol | REACH #: 01-2119490020-53 EC: 500-130-2 CAS: 55818-57-0 | ≤5 | Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | [1] |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | REACH #: 01-2119472306-39 EC: 231-272-0 CAS: 7473-98-5 | ≤5 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] |

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Label No : 74236

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | | |
|--|--|-------|---|---------|
| 2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediy)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediy)]] ester, reaction products with diethylamine | REACH #: 01-2119961351-42 CAS: 111497-86-0 | ≤3 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 | [1] |
| Phosphine oxide, phenylbis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- | REACH #: 01-2119489401-38 EC: 423-340-5 CAS: 162881-26-7 Index: 015-189-00-5 | <1 | Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 | [1] |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid | CAS: 216689-76-8 | <1 | Skin Sens. 1B, H317 | [1] |
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | REACH #: 01-2119489900-30 EC: 500-066-5 CAS: 28961-43-5 | ≤0.3 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] |
| copper bis(dimethyldithiocarbamate) | REACH #: 01-2120770993-40 EC: 205-287-8 CAS: 137-29-1 | <0.01 | Acute Tox. 2, H330 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) | [1] [2] |
| Toluene | REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3 | ≤0.1 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | [1] [2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| E1 | 100 tonne | 200 tonne |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Copper bis(dimethyldithiocarbamate)

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [Copper and compounds dust and mists, as Cu]

STEL: 2 mg/m³, (as Cu) 15 minutes. Form: Dusts and Mists

TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists

Toluene

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

TWA: 191 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|--|------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hexamethylene diacrylate | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 7.2 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.66 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 2.1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 2.77 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 24.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.66 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 2.08 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| Oligotriacrylate | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 2.77 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 7.24 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 24.48 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 7.4 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 2.1 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy (methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.7 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.35 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1.17 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 33 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.9 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 3.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 21 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 21 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.3 mg/kg | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 3.3 mg/kg | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5.2 mg/m ³ | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.5 mg/kg | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.5 mg/kg | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 1.67 ng/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 1.67 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1.93 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic | |
| DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1.93 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic | |
| DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic | |
| DNEL | Short term Dermal | 3.33 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic | |
| DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 7.84 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic | |
| DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 7.84 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic | |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.33 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1.18 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 10.5 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| Toluene | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 37 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 8.13 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 56.5 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 56.5 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 192 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 192 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 226 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 226 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 226 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 384 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 384 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local | |
| DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 384 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic | |

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Filter type: A
Filter type (spray application): A P
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Grey.
- Odour** : Slight
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|--|------|------|--------|
| 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | >120 | >248 | |

- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : Lower: Not applicable.
Upper: Not applicable.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----------|
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | 235 | 455 | DIN 51794 |
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | 240 | 464 | DIN 51794 |

- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- Solubility(ies)** :
Not available.

- Solubility in water** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** :

| Ingredient name | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|-------------------------|-------|----------|
| | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiofenone | 0.00428 | 0.00057 | OECD 104 | 0.09751 | 0.013 | OECD 104 |
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | 0.00064 | 0.000085 | OECD 104 | | | |

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Relative density | : Not available. |
| Density | : 1.2 g/cm ³ |
| Vapour density | : Not available. |
| Explosive properties | : Not available. |
| Oxidising properties | : Not available. |
| <u>Particle characteristics</u> | |
| Median particle size | : Not applicable. |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|--|
| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|---------------------|----------|
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5 g/kg | - |
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4600 mg/kg | - |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6200 mg/kg | - |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 6929 mg/kg | - |
| Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1694 mg/kg | - |
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| copper bis (dimethyldithiocarbamate) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >13 g/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 0.12 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 49 g/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 636 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|-------|----------------|
| Oral | 55300.55 mg/kg |

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------|-------------|
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| titanium dioxide | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 ug l | - |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 uL | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Toluene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 minutes | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 870 ug | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Pig | - | 24 hours 250 uL | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 435 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Causes skin irritation.

Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|--|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitising |

Conclusion/Summary : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Experiment | Result |
|--|------|-------------------|----------|
| Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- | - | Subject: Bacteria | Negative |

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Toluene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Toluene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.
- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|----------|
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | EC50 1.09 mg/l | Algae - Algae - <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> | 72 hours | |
| | EC50 2.7 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours | |
| | LC50 0.38 mg/l | Fish - <i>Oryzias latipes</i> | 96 hours | |
| | NOEC 0.5 mg/l | Algae - Algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> | 72 hours | |
| | NOEC 0.14 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 21 days | |
| | NOEC 0.072 mg/l | Fish - <i>Oryzias latipes</i> | 96 hours | |
| | titanium dioxide | Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | | Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Mummichog - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i> | 96 hours |
| | | EC50 ≥0.26 mg/l | Aquatic plants - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> | 72 hours |
| NOEC ≥0.008 mg/l Fresh water | | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 21 days | |
| copper bis (dimethyldithiocarbamate) | Acute EC50 >1.175 mg/l | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours | |
| | Acute LC50 >0.09 mg/l | Fish - <i>Brachydanio rerio</i> | 96 hours | |
| Toluene | Acute LC50 71 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> | 96 hours | |
| | Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Green algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> | 72 hours | |
| | Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Scud - <i>Gammarus pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult | 48 hours | |
| | Acute EC50 5.56 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 48 hours | |
| | Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Coho salmon, silver salmon - <i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i> - Fry | 96 hours | |
| | Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 21 days | |

Conclusion/Summary : Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|--|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | - | - | Not readily |
| | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Hexamethylene diacrylate | 2.81 | - | Low |
| Dipropylenglycol diacrylate | 0.01 to 0.39 | - | Low |
| Oligotriacrylate | 2.52 | - | Low |
| (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate | 2 | - | Low |
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol | 1.6 to 3 | - | Low |
| 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone | 1.62 | - | Low |

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| | | | |
|---|------|----|-----|
| Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- | 5.77 | <5 | Low |
| Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid | 2.89 | - | Low |
| Toluene | 2.73 | 90 | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

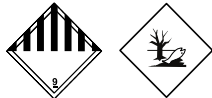
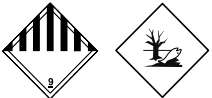
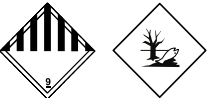
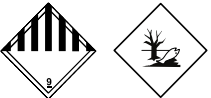
European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| 14.1 UN number | UN3082 | UN3082 | UN3082 | UN3082 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PAINT) | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PAINT) | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PAINT) | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PAINT) |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 9  | 9  | 9  | 9  |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III | III | III |

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SECTION 14: Transport information

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|

Additional information

- ADR/RID** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
Tunnel code (-)
- ADN** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
- IMDG** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
- IATA** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

No listed substance

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

E1

EU regulations

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318 | Calculation method |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

✔ H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H330 Fatal if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

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SECTION 16: Other information

| | |
|-------|--|
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H361d | Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H413 | May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. |

[Full text of classifications](#)

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 2 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Aquatic Chronic 4 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Carc. 2 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| Repr. 2 | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1A | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A |
| Skin Sens. 1B | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B |
| STOT RE 2 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |

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[Notice to reader](#)

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

