Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

SAFETY DATA SHEET



UVILUX 1745-02 - RILLETOP TS 21094 SNEHVID

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: UVILUX 1745-02 - RILLETOP TS 21094 SNEHVID

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Ireland Limited, 52 Ballymoughan Road, Magherafelt, BT45 6HN, UK. Tel. +44 (0) 2879 301 472.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	anger	
Hazard statements	815 - Causes skin irritation. 817 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. 818 - Causes serious eye damage. 812 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. 273 - Avoid release to the environment. 261 - Avoid breathing vapour.	
Response	805 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with wa nutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continu mediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

SECTION 2. Hazarus	ю	ientincation
Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Dipropylenglycol diacrylate; 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid; Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate and Methylbenzoylformiat
Supplemental label elements	:	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	-	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other herende which de		

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

,	Identifiers REACH #: 01-2119484629-21	% ≥25 - ≤50	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors	Туре
ñpropylenglycol diacrylate		>25 <50		and ATEs	
	EC: 260-754-3 CAS: 57472-68-1	20 - ≥00	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, ligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters vith acrylic acid	REACH #: 01-2119490020-53 EC: 500-130-2 CAS: 55818-57-0	≥10 - <25	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
lexanedioic acid, polymer vith (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) 1,3-propanediol, 4,4'- 1-methylethylidene)bis phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate	CAS: 184181-05-3	≤10	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
/lethylbenzoylformiat	REACH #: 01-2120101338-67 EC: 239-263-3 CAS: 15206-55-0	≤3	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
8enzene, (1-methylethenyl)- homopolymer, ar-	CAS: 163702-01-0	<3	Repr. 2, H361f	-	[1]

SECTION 3: Compo	sition/informat	ion on in	gredients		
(2-hydroxy-2-methyl- 1-oxopropyl) derivs.					
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	REACH #: 01-2119489401-38 EC: 423-340-5 CAS: 162881-26-7 Index: 015-189-00-5	<1	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119484613-34 EC: 256-032-2 CAS: 42978-66-5 Index: 607-249-00-X	<1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 10%	[1]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119487289-20 EC: 203-234-3 CAS: 104-76-7	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: K dverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, prot	ective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for o	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	TWA: 5.4 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 191 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient n	e Exposure indices
2-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) BGV: 240 mmol/mol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
procedures	erence should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: opean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the essment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit es and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace ospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment xposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 wrkplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures he measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance uments for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be uired.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.66 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.08 mg/	General	Systemic
		5	kg bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.77 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		5	kg bw/day		,
	DNEL	Long term	7.24 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	24.48 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³		,
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,	DNEL	Long term	1.17 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
oligomeric reaction products with		Inhalation	Ŭ		,
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters					
with acrylic acid					
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	33 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
Methylbenzoylformiat	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.67 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.67 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.33 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		5	kg bw/day		,
Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-,	DNEL	Long term Oral	5.28 µg/kg	General	Systemic
homopolymer, ar-(2-hydroxy-		U U	bw/day	population	,
2-methyl-1-oxopropyl) derivs.			,		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.28 µg/kg	General	Systemic
		5	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	9.18 µg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	14.8 µg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		5	bw/day		,
	DNEL	Long term	52.1 µg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	10		,
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Local
, , ,		Inhalation	J - J	population	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	J - J	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		5	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	- 0		,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	,		
	DNEL		796 ma/ka	Workers	Systemic
				_	,
te of issue/Date of revision : 30/		Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg : 20/09/2		Systemic

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ECTION 8: Exposure con	trols/p	personal prote	ction		
			bw/day		
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	21 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	21 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.2 mg/m ³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	[Consumers] General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.67 ng/kg	[Consumers] General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	bw/day 1.5 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 1.5 mg/kg bw/day	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.67 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.93 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.93 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	7.84 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7.84 mg/m ³		Systemic
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy (methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.35 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26.7 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation	59 mg/m ³	General population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term	98 mg/m ³ 147 mg/m ³	General	Systemic Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	246 mg/m ³	population Workers	Local
		Inhalation	2-+0 mg/m		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	426 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1091 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Weser operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

		-	294.4	OECD 103	
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
nitial boiling point and poiling range					
Melting point/freezing point					
Odour threshold				ailable.	
Odour	: Slight				
Colour	: White.				
Physical state	: Liquid.				
Appearance					

Date of previous issue

: Not available.

: 30/11/2023

: 20/09/2023

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Flammability

Date of issue/Date of revision

SECTION 9: Physical ar	nd che	emical pro	perties		
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: Not applicable. Upper: Not applicable.				
Flash point	: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)				
Auto-ignition temperature	:				
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
Fipropylenglycol diacrylate		240	464	DIN 51794	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		333	631.4	DIN 51794	
Decomposition temperature	: Not a	available.			
рН	: Not a	applicable.			
Viscosity	: Not a	available.			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Not available.					
Solubility in water	: Not a	available.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not a	applicable.			
Vapour pressure	:				

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104				
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	0.00064	0.000085	OECD 104				
Relative density	: Not	available.				·	
Density	1.5	g/cm³					
Vapour density	: Not	: Not available.					
Explosive properties	: Not	: Not available.					
Oxidising properties	: Not	available.					
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.					

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
☑ propylenglycol diacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6200 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

	Route	ATE value	
Inl	nalation (vapours)	714.33 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
☑ propylenglycol diacrylate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate				uL	
,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Causes skin irritation.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	-	Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxici	<u>y (single exposure)</u>

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	Zauses serious eye da

Eye contact	: 🗭 auses serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	t available.	
Potential delayed effects	t available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	t available.	
Potential delayed effects	t available.	
Potential chronic health eff		
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	t available.	
General	ce sensitized, a very low levels.	severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed
Carcinogenicity	known significa	nt effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	known significa	nt effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	known significa	nt effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	EC50 ≥0.26 mg/l	Aquatic plants - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	72 hours
	NOEC ≥0.008 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Acute EC50 >1.175 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >0.09 mg/l	Fish - Brachydanio rerio	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Marmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
☑ propylenglycol diacrylate	0.01 to 0.39	-	Low
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products	1.6 to 3	-	Low
with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid			
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	5.77	<5	Low
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	2	-	Low
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PAINT)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PAINT)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PAINT)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PAINT)	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9	
14.4 Packing group	111	111	Ш	111	
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
Additional informat	ion				
ADR/RID		ovided the packagings n to 4.1.1.8.	angerous good when tran neet the general provisio		
ADN	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.				
IMDG	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.				

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SECTION 14: Transport information				
ΙΑΤΑ	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.		
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.		
SECTION 15: Regulatory information				

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]	
UVILUX 1745-02	≥90	3	
Labelling :	I		
Other EU regulations			
Industrial emissions : Not lis (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	sted		
Industrial emissions : Not lis (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	sted		
Explosive precursors : Not a	pplicable.		
Ozone depleting substances (1005/ Not listed.	<u>2009/EU)</u>		
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2 Not listed.	<u>:012/EU)</u>		
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.			
Seveso Directive This product is not controlled under th International regulations	e Seveso Direct	ive.	
Chemical Weapon Convention List S Not listed.	<u>chedules I, II &</u>	III Chemicals	
Montreal Protocol Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on Persisten	t Organic Pollu	tants	

Not listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical	safety
assessment	

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations an	d : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
aoronymo	1272/2008]
	-
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.		
H302	Harmful if swallowed.		
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
H315	Causes skin irritation.		
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
H318	Causes serious eye damage.		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H331	Toxic if inhaled.		
H332	Harmful if inhaled.		
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.		
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.		
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.		
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.		
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.		

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Cute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
-	

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SECTION 16: Other information

Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2			
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3			
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2			
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2			
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1			
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A			
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2			
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3			
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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.