Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET



UVILUX 1745-02 - RILLETOP TS 20921 ANTRASIT

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : UVILUX 1745-02 - RILLETOP TS 20921 ANTRASIT

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	nger	
Hazard statements	15 - Causes skin irritation. 17 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. 18 - Causes serious eye damage. 12 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	80 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. 73 - Avoid release to the environment. 61 - Avoid breathing vapour.	
Response	05 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with wa nutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue mediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

SECTION 2. Hazarus	ю	lenuncation
Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Dipropylenglycol diacrylate; 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid; Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate and Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid
Supplemental label elements	1	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Øipropylenglycol diacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119484629-21 EC: 260-754-3 CAS: 57472-68-1	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	REACH #: 01-2119490020-53 EC: 500-130-2 CAS: 55818-57-0	≥10 - ≤22	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Hexanedioic acid, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol] and oxirane, 2-propenoate	CAS: 184181-05-3	≤10	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	REACH #: 01-2119489900-30 EC: 500-066-5 CAS: 28961-43-5	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
Methylbenzoylformiat	REACH #: 01-2120101338-67	≤3	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]

SECTION 3: Compo	sition/informat	ion on in	gredients		
	EC: 239-263-3 CAS: 15206-55-0				
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate		≤2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 10%	[1]
Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)- , homopolymer, ar- (2-hydroxy-2-methyl- 1-oxopropyl) derivs.	CAS: 163702-01-0	<3	Repr. 2, H361f	-	[1]
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	REACH #: 01-2119489401-38 EC: 423-340-5 CAS: 162881-26-7 Index: 015-189-00-5	<1	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic acid	CAS: 216689-76-8	<1	Skin Sens. 1B, H317	-	[1]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first a	id measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	· Cat madical attention immediately. Call a paicon center or physician. Weak with
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

4.5 mulcation of any min	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing	: None known.
media	
5.2 Special hazards arising	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

tective equipment and emergency procedures
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
: Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
containment and cleaning up
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is
occupational hygiene	handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before
	eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective
	equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional
	information on hvoiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 S	pecific	end	use(s)
				- /

1.1	Not	avai	lable.
	1101	avai	abio.

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
∠Butoxyethanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours.PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 30 minutes.PEAK: 200 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 30 minutes.
2 -Butoxyethanol	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Z -Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STELV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
∠Butoxyethanol	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/	personal protection
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 40.8 ppm 15 minutes.
₽-Butoxyethanol	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
₽-Butoxyethanol	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
2 -Butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
₽-Butoxyethanol	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 250 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
₽-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 49 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate 2-Butoxyethanol	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitiser. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 49 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	 PEAK: 98 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 20 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 20 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 49 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 98 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
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Z -Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 20 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Short Term: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: lis of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 20.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
	additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	VLA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	VLA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	Short term: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
-	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021).
	Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 90 mg/m 8 hours.
	KTV: 246 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	KTV: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
-Butoxyethanol	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,
	4/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 245 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
-Butoxyethanol	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
	9/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
_	STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
-Butoxyethanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 49 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 98 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	TWA: 5.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 191 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices		
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 0.17 mmol/mmol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week. Biological limit values: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.		
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
2-Butoxyethanol	 DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift / for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift; for long-term exposures: at the end of shift after several shifts. 		
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known			
No exposure indices known.			
2-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 200 mg/g creatinine, BAA [in urine]. Sampling time: end shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.		
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			
2-Butoxyethanol	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.		
No exposure indices known.			
No exposure indices known.			

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

₽-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift, at long-term exposure: at the end of the work shift after several consecutive workdays.
2-Butoxyethanol	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) VLB: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
No exposure indices known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, 2-butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolisis) [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift.
₽-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) BGV: 240 mmol/mol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
procedures Europ asses	ence should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: lean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the sment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit s and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace

assessment of exposure by innalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.66 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.08 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.77 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7.24 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	24.48 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.17 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	33 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	DNEL	Long term Dermal	10.5 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
,	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	37 mg/m³́	Workers	Systemic
Methylbenzoylformiat	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.67 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.67 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy (methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.35 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-, homopolymer, ar-(2-hydroxy-	DNEL	Long term Oral	5.28 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

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	-				
2-methyl-1-oxopropyl) derivs.	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.28 µg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	9.18 µg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	14.8 µg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 52.1 µg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	52.1 µg/m	VV OI KEIS	Systemic
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis	DNEL	Long term	21 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	21 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL	Short term Dermal Long term	3.3 mg/kg 5.2 mg/m ³	Workers General	Systemic Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	5.2 mg/m	population	Systemic
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		_		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				population [Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.67 ng/kg	General	Systemic
	DINCL	Short term Ora	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.67 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	1.93 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.93 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 3.33 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DIVEL		kg bw/day	V OIKOIS	Cysternio
	DNEL	Short term	7.84 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term	7.84 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Eatty acide C19 upgetd dimension	DNEL	Inhalation	0.22 mal	Workers	Svetomia
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with acrylic acid, bisphenc		Long term Dermal	0.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
A, epichlorohydrin and nonanoic aci					
	DNEL	Long term	1.18 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		. .	
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	bw/day 26.7 mg/	population General	Svetomia
	DINEL		kg bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	59 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term	98 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	1 17 1 2	Comeral	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	147 mg/m³	General	Local
	DNEL	Short term	246 mg/m ³	population Workers	Local
		Inhalation	2-10 mg/m		
	DNEL	Short term	426 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	1091 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	✓ user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep work exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.	
Individual protection measu	<u>š</u>	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working per Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clot Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	thing.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a ri assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mi gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splas goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may required instead.	ists, h
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard sh be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indic this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufact check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	cates urer,
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm	
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.	
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the tas being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should approved by a specialist before handling this product.	be
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets that appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other import aspects of use.	
	Filter type: A	
	Filter type (spray application): A P	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislatio In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the proce equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	n. ess

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

o. I mormation on basic phy-	sical and chemical properties		
Appearance			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Colour	: Grey.		
Odour	: Slight		
Odour threshold	: Not available.		
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
//-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	>120	>248	
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	>391	>735.8	OECD 103

Flammability

: Not available. : Lower: Not applicable.

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Upper: Not applicable. : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Flash point Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Propylenglycol diacrylate	240	464	DIN 51794
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	465	869	EU A.15

Decomposition temperature	4	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:	
Not available.		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		V	apour pres	ssure at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
propylenglycol diacrylate	0.00064	0.000085	OECD 104			
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy (methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	0.00003	0.000004	EU A.4			
Relative density	: Not a	vailable.				
Density	: 1.2 g	/cm³				
Vapour density	: Not a	: Not available.				
Explosive properties	: Not a	: Not available.				
Oxidising properties	: Not a	vailable.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not a	pplicable.				

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredient					
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.					
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.					
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.					
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.5 Incompatible materials

: No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propylenglycol diacrylate Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	4600 mg/kg >13 g/kg	-
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6200 mg/kg	-
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
halation (vapours)	793.21 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Fipropylenglycol diacrylate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
2	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Causes skin irritation.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
hosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
hosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	-	Subject: Bacteria	Negative
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available dat	a, the classification criteria are not m	et.

Carcinogenicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ts</u>	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently expos to very low levels.	ed
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	EC50 ≥0.26 mg/l	Aquatic plants - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	72 hours
	NOEC ≥0.008 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Acute EC50 >1.175 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >0.09 mg/l	Fish - Brachydanio rerio	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Marmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	-		Readily Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Dipropylenglycol diacrylate	0.01 to 0.39	-	Low
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	1.6 to 3	-	Low
2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid			
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	2.89	-	Low
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	2	-	Low
Phosphine oxide, phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	5.77	<5	Low
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	5
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name				
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)				
14.4 Packing group				
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	N o.	No.	No.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special	precautions	fo
user		

- or : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO
- : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

bulk according to instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous

substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]	
UVILUX 1745-02		≥90	3	
Labelling	:		1	
Other EU regulations				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed			
Explosive precursors	: Not applicab			
Ozone depleting substance Not listed.	<u>es (1005/2009/E:</u>	<u>U)</u>		
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	<u>PIC) (649/2012/EU</u>	(<mark>ר</mark>		
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	<u>ants</u>			
Seveso Directive				
This product is not controlle	d under the Seve	so Directive.		
National regulations				
<u>Austria</u>				
VbF class	: Not regulate	d.		
Limitation of the use of organic solvents	: Permitted.			
Czech Republic				
Storage code	: IV			
<u>Denmark</u>				
Product registration number	: 🗚511220			
Danish fire class	: IV-1			
Executive Order No. 1795/	<u>2015</u>			
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Ingredient name			Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B	
Manium dioxide carbon black respirable			Listed Listed	-	
MAL-code		0 0-1			
Protection based on MAL		According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment: General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.			
		MAL-code: 00-1 Application: When spraying in existir spray zone.	ng* spray booths, if the	e operator is outside t	
		- Arm protectors must be worn.			
		During all spraying where atomisation operator is inside the spray zone and c or booth.			
		- Full mask with combined filter, covera	alls and hood must be	worn.	
		Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped wi fumes from wet items from passing thr	th a mechanical exha	ust system to prevent	
		Polishing: When polishing treated su When machine grinding, eye protection worn.			
		Caution The regulations contain othe	r stipulations in additio	on to the above.	
		*See Regulations.			
Restrictions on use	1	Not to be used by professional users b Working Environment Authorities Exec	, .		
List of undesirable substances	:	Not listed			
Carcinogenic waste	:	Waste containers must be labeled: Co by Danish working environment legisla		substances regulated	
<u>Finland</u>					
France					
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	:	 methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyle,1,2-ethanediyl)] diacrylate 2-Butoxyethanol 	/l- RG 8 RG 8		
Reinforced medical surveillance	:	Act of July 11, 1977 determining the lis medical surveillance: not applicable			
Germany					
Storage class (TRGS 510)	:	10			

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

OF CHOIL IS HER	.01	y mornation
his product is not controlled	un	der the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.
Hazard class for water	:	2
Technical instruction on air quality control	:	A-Luft Number 5.2.5: 76% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 1.5%
ΑΟΧ		The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.
<u>Italy</u>		
D.Lgs. 152/06	:	Not determined.
Netherlands		
Water Discharge Policy (ABM)		(3) Hazardous for aquatic organisms, may have long-term hazardous effects in aquatic environment. Decontamination effort: A
<u>Norway</u>		
<u>Sweden</u>		
Switzerland		
VOC content	:	Exempt.
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Convention	on	List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention on P Not listed.	<u>ers</u>	sistent Organic Pollutants
Rotterdam Convention on P Not listed.	<u>rio</u>	r Informed Consent (PIC)
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on Not listed.	<u>P0</u>	Ps and Heavy Metals

15.2 Chemical safety	1	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

SECTION 16: Other information		
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H331	Toxic if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.	

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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	UVILUX 1745-02 RILLETOP TS 20921 ANTRASIT RILLETOP TS 20921 ANTRASIT

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.