Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

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National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	: P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 12/10/2023
 Date of previous issue
 : 12/12/2022
 Version
 : 5
 1/30

 VEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants
 Label No : 571049

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

SECTION 2. Hazarus	IU	IEIIIIIGALIUII
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy and Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine and Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	•	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture	1			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 50%	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1 Index: 649-330-00-2	≥10 - ≤16	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/10/2023 Dat	e of previous is	sue : 12/12/2022	Version :5	2/30
EKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - A	II variants			Label No :510	49

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SECTION 3: Compo	sition/informat	ion on in	gredients		
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤0.87	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	REACH #: 01-2119979085-27 EC: 309-629-8 CAS: 100545-48-0	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	<0.1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H	M [Acute] = 1	[1]
			statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 12/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 12/12/2022 Version : 5 3/30

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	irom	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency
personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from
entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.
No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.
Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is
inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

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For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 12

 PEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

: 12/10/2023 Date of previous issue

: 12/12/2022

SECTION 7: Handling and storage				
	Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold	
	P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne	

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Kylene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] PEAK: 442 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 187 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CEIL: 50 ppm
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CEIL: 187 mg/m ³ Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values (Austria, 4/2021). [Cobalt and its compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (measured as Co) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.4 mg/m ³ , (measured as Co), 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
₩ylene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
₩ylene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene (mixture of isomers), pure] Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/10/2023	Date of previous issue : 12/12/2022 Version : 5 6/30

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Limit value 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours. Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds (as cobalt)] Limit value 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³, (as cobalt) 8 hours. **X**ylene Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. STELV: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ 1-Methoxy 2-propanol STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). STELV: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours. Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [cobalt and compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. ELV: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. **X**ylene Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). [Xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. **X**ylene Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [xylene, technical mixture of isomers and all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 270 ma/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 72.09 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 146.85 ppm 15 minutes. Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [Cobalt and its compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction. STEL: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 15 minutes. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction. **X**ylene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). 1-Methoxy 2-propanol [1-methoxy-2-propanol] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/10/2023 Date of previous issue

	TWA: 185 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Inorgani compounds of cobalt] Carcinogen.
	TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
Kylene	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,
	12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 450 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
-Methoxy 2-propanol	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 500 mg/m 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,
	12/2022). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
Kylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupationa
	exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
aphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020).
	TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Xylene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 370 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 10/2021). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Ministry of Labor (France, 5/2021). [] Notes: Permissible limi
vapitila (peroleuni), nyulouesululizeu neavy	values (circulars)
	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Vapour
	STEL: 1500 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Vapour
Kylene	Ministry of Labor (France, 5/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of
	the Labor Code)
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol	 Ministry of Labor (France, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 375 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
aphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Xylene	 PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 600 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed throug skin. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	 TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). TWA: 370 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 740 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 200 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	 TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 370 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 740 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds (inhalable fraction)] Absorbed through skin. Ski sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.
Kylene	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 650 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1080 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Compounds of cobalt] TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
Kylene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [xylene, mixtur of isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

	PEAK: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
Xylene	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
Aylene	[xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 109 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 185 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	[cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: Dust and fumes
Kylene	
cylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Lim
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
-Methoxy 2-propanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds as C
	Sensitization potential. Notes: Advisory Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
Kylene	Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from
Aylerie	chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020).
	[Xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin.
	8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hours: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Short Term: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from
	chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hours: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Short Term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	Short Term: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
aphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Kylene	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).
	[Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

	STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Kylene	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
-Methoxy 2-propanol	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 190 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
obalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser.
	Inhalation sensitiser.
V. Jana	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
ylene	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
-Methoxy 2-propanol	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I
	(Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
ylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupationa
	exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
-Methoxy 2-propanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
7.	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
ylene	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours.
-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 563 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL,15-min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
e of issue/Date of revision : 12/10	0/2023 Date of previous issue : 12/12/2022 Version : 5 11/3

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Vylene	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
1 Methova 2 provend	TWA: 108 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 180 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Inorganic cobalt
	compounds (except Co(II))] Skin sensitiser. Reproductive toxin.
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021). [benzin to varnish]
	TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [benzin to varnish]
	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 900 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021). [xylene – mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 180 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 360 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds]
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
X ylene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene]
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1 Matheway 2 programs	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [cobalt and
	inorganic compounds]
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (expressed as Co) 8 hours.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/10/2023 D	ate of previous issue : 12/12/2022 Version : 5 12/30

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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¥ylene 1-Methoxy 2-propanol	 HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin. VLA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [] Absorbed through skin.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	 TWA: 221 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [] Skin sensitiser. TW(A: 0.05 mg/m ³ (Cobalt and its compounds, or Co) 8 hours
₩ylene	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ , (Cobalt and its compounds, as Co) 8 hours. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	 exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [xylene (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 568 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 150 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 580 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 290 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Inorganic compounds of cobalt, except those expressly stated] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/10/2023	Image: state of previous issue : 12/12/2022 Version : 5 13/30

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2020). NGV: 50 ppm 8 hours. NGV: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. KTV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. KTV: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **Xylene** Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 1-Methoxy 2-propanol 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 190 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 9/2021). [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). STEL: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. **Xylene** SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 720 mg/m³ 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Cobalt and its compounds] Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (calculated as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust and aerosol **X**ylene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) cobalt compounds as Co] Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. Dipropyleneglycolmethylether Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/10/2023

FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
X ylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 μg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [cobalt or its compounds] BEI Fitness: 10 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
¥ylene	 Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene] BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
No exposure indices known.	
¥ylene	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene] Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
¥ylene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene] BEI: 5 mmol/I, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] BEI: 130 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of each work shift work step or a week or exposure period.
No exposure indices known.	
¥ylene	 DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers) BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) BEI: 15 mg/l, propylene glycol 1-methyl ether [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)

	BEI: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: er of exposure or end of shift.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Cobalt and its compounds] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BGV: 35 μ g/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts. BEI: 1.5 μ g/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) [xylene] BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift. BEI: 860 μmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
No exposure indices known.	
lo exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
Kylene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine] Sampling time: end of shift.
Kylene	HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene] OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end o shift.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Cobalt compounds] OBLV: 1 μ g/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of the week OBLV: 15 μ g/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week
No exposure indices known.	
Kylene .	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) [xylene (all isomers)] BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
I-Methoxy 2-propanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: a the end of the work shift.

FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

X ylene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [Xylenes] VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [cobalt and inorganic compouns of cobalt, except oxides] VLB: 1 μg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of workweek. VLB: 15 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.
No exposure indices known.	
X ylene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Xylene, all isomers] BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) BEI: 20 mg/l, 1-methoxypropanol-2 [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. BEI: 221.9 μmol/l, 1-methoxypropanol-2 [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Cobalt and its compounds] BEI: 30 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. BEI: 509 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately afte exposure or after working hours.
X ylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
procedures Europ asses values atmos of exp (Work for the	ence should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: ean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the sment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace pheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment osure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 place atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure e measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance nents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
heavy		Inhalation	-	population	
-	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day	•	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	0075 (population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m ³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m^3	Conorol	Sustamia
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1152 mg/ m³	General	Systemic
				population	
e of issue/Date of revision : 12/1	0/2023	Date of previous issue	: 12/12/2	022	Version : 5 17/3
KNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants				L	abel No : <mark>5</mark> 1049

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-		Short torre	1006 4	Morters	C	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/ m ³	Workers	Systemic	
Naphtha (petroleum),	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic	
nydrodesulfurized heavy		Inhalation	5. 4 1 mg/m	population	Systemic	
nydrodesuliunzed neavy	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic	
	DIVLL	Inhalation	1.5 mg/m	WOINCI3	Oysterine	
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local	
	DITE	Inhalation	m ³	population	2004	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local	
		Inhalation	J	population		
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local	
		Inhalation	m³			
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local	
		Inhalation	mg/m³			
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic	
		Inhalation	m³	population		
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic	
		Inhalation	m³			
Xylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local	
		Inhalation		population		
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local	
		Inhalation		population	_	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic	
		Inhalation		population		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local	
		Inhalation				
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic	
			kg bw/day	population		
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic	
		Inhalation		population		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic	
			bw/day	population		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic	
			bw/day			
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic	
		Inhalation	440 / 3			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local	
		Inhalation	440 / 3			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic	
Mathews 2 present		Inhalation		Conoral	Quatamia	
I-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg	General	Systemic	
			bw/day	population	Quatamia	
	DNEL	Long term	43.9 mg/m ³	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	78 ma/ka	population General	Sustamia	
	DINEL		78 mg/kg		Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 183 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic	
	DIVEL		bw/day	11011013	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic	
	DIVEL	Inhalation	509 mg/m	11011013	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Local	
		Inhalation	m ³	11011013	Local	
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic	
		Inhalation	m ³	11011013	Cysternic	
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic	
			kg bw/day	population	2,0101110	
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m^3	General	Systemic	
		Inhalation	,	population		
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic	
		Inhalation				
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic	
			bw/day	population		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic	
			bw/day		,	
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-,	DNEL	Long term	0.055 mg/	General	Local	
		Inhalation	m ³	population		
reaction products with		Innalation				

ECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection					
ethylenediamine					
·	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.308 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	37 µg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	175 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	235.1 µg/ m³	Workers	Local

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 12/12/2022 Version : 5 19/30

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

		Filter type (spray application): A P
Envir contr	ronmental exposure rols	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
		In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
		equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Methoxy 2-propanol	120.17	248.3	OECD 103
Xylene	136.16	277.1	

Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: ∠ ower: 0.8% Upper: 7.6%
Flash point	:
Auto-ignition temperature	

to-ignition temperature Γ. . . .

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Methoxy 2-propanol	270	518	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	

Decomposition temperature	4	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	:	
Not available.		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.

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Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		V	ssure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Methoxy 2-propanol	8.5	1.1				
Xylene	6.7	0.89				
Relative density	: Not	available.		·	•	
Density	: 7.1	g/cm³				
Vapour density	: Not	available.				
Explosive properties	: Not	available.				
Oxidising properties	: Not	available.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.				

Date of issue/Date of revision KNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

: 12/10/2023 Date of previous issue

: 12/12/2022



SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.			
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials			
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
, , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
	30331.32 mg/kg 303.31 mg/l		

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-	
				ug l		
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-	
				mg		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-	
				mg		
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-	
				mg		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification cr	iteria are	not met.		
Sensitisation						
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 12/10/2023 Date of previous is	sue : 12/2	12/2022	Versi	on :5 21/30	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

- : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Conclusion/Summary**
- **Reproductive toxicity**

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	-	-
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All v	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 12/12/2022 Version : 5 22/3
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Short term exposure	
Delayed and immediate effect	s as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
	nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Symptoms related to the physical sectors and the sectors are sectors and the sectors are sectors a	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential acute health effects	
Information on likely routes of exposure	

22/30

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Acute EC50 2.6 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
1-Methoxy 2-propanol Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	<1 -	- 60960	Low High
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	15600	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/10/2023 Dat

Date of previous issue

: 12/12/2022

Version : 5 23/30 Label No :571049

FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

•	
13.1 Waste treatment meth	nods
Product	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials
	should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111		
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID	:	<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
ADN	:	<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.
IMDG	:	<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]		
FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3		≥90	3		
Labelling	:	1			
<u> Dther EU regulations</u>					
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed				
Explosive precursors	: Not applicat	ole.			
Ozone depleting substance	<u>es (1005/2009/E</u>	<u>EU)</u>			
Not listed.					
Prior Informed Consent (P	IC) (649/2012/F	u			
Not listed.					
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	<u>nts</u>				
Seveso Directive					
This product is controlled une	der the Seveso	Directive.			
Danger criteria					
Category					
P5c					
lational regulations					
te of issue/Date of revision	: 12/10/2023	Date of pr	evious issue : 12/12/2022	Version : 5	25/30
te of issue/Date of revision	. 12/10/2023	Dute of pr			20/00

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

<u>Austria</u>	
VbF class	: A II Very dangerous flammable liquid.
Limitation of the use of organic solvents	: Permitted.
Czech Republic	
Storage code	: 11
<u>Denmark</u>	
Danish fire class	: II-1
Executive Order No. 1795/	/ <u>2015</u>

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
titanium dioxide	Listed	-
Ethylbenzene	Listed	-
carbon black respirable	Listed	-

MAL-code

: 3-6

Protection based on MAL

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 3-6

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and posttreatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/10/2023	Date of previous issue	: 12/12/2022	Version	:5	26/30
KNOSYNT PRIMER 3 -	All variants			Label No	5 104	19

- Air-supplied full mask,	protective clothing an	d hood must be worn.

	Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.			
		Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask When machine grinding, eye protection must be worr worn.		
		Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in	addition to the above.	
		*See Regulations.		
Restrictions on use	:		Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Vorking Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.	
List of undesirable substances	;	Not listed		
Carcinogenic waste	:		Vaste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.	
<u>Finland</u>				
<u>France</u>				
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	:	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Xylene 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	RG 84 RG 84 RG 4bis, RG 84 RG 84 RG 70	
Reinforced medical surveillance	:	Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities w medical surveillance: not applicable	Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced nedical surveillance: not applicable	
<u>Germany</u>				

TRGS 905

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	•	toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development
Cobalt compounds	K2	M1A	RF1A	RD1A

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category		Reference number	
P5c		1.2.5.3	
Hazard class for water	: 3	1	
Technical instruction on air quality control	: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 40.1% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.8%		
<u>Italy</u>			
D.Lgs. 152/06	: Not determined.		

Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
xylene Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	- Listed	- Listed	-	Development 2 -	-
Water Discharge Polic (ABM)	environm	ent (carcinogeni	ubstances with haza city/ mutagenicity/ rep econtamination effort	protoxicity/ bioacum	
<u>Norway</u>		. ,			
Sweden					
Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10)	s : 2b				
Switzerland					
VOC content	: VOC (w/v	v): 40.4%			
ternational regulation	S				
hemical Weapon Conv		edules I. II & III (Chemicals		
lot listed.					
l <mark>ontreal Protocol</mark> Not listed.					
tockholm Convention	on Persistent Or	ganic Pollutant	<u>S</u>		
totterdam Convention (<u>on Prior Informe</u>	<u>d Consent (PIC</u>	1		
NECE Aarhus Protoco	I on POPs and H	leavy Metals			
Not listed.					
.2 Chemical safety	: This prod	luct contains sub	stances for which Ch	nemical Safetv Asse	essments are still

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
-	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

: 12/10/2023 Date of previous issue

SECTION 16: Other information	
Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method Calculation method
Aqualic Chronic 3, H412	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of issue/ Date of	: 12/10/2023

revision	
Date of previous issue	: 12/12/2022
Version	: 5

EKNOSYNT PRIMER 3

All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

: 12/10/2023 Date of previous issue

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 12/3

 PEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

: 12/10/2023 Date of previous issue