SAFETY DATA SHEET

TEKNOSOLV 9526

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : TEKNOSOLV 9526

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Solvent.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225
Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Carc. 2, H351
STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements

Prevention :
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Response : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Contains: 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate and Methylisobutylketone

Supplemental label elements :

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles :

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Methylisobutylketone	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
2-methoxypropyl acetate	EC: 274-724-2 CAS: 70657-70-4 Index: 607-251-00-0	<0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Repr. 1B, H360D STOT SE 3, H335 **See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.**	-	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO_2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. CEIL 5 minutes: 100 ppm 8 times per shift. CEIL 5 minutes: 550 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.
Methylisobutylketone	**Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift. PEAK 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³ 4 times per shift.
2-methoxypropyl acetate	**Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024)** D. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

	TWA 8 hours: 110 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 80 ppm 4 times per shift. PEAK 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³ 4 times per shift.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023)** TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024)** Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024)** Limit value 8 hours: 50 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023)** Absorbed through skin. STELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023)** STELV 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021)** STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-methoxypropyl acetate	**Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023)** Repr. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 49.2 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100.1 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) [2-methoxy-1-methylethylacetat]** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
2-methoxypropyl acetate	**Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) [2-methoxypropylacetat]** TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 110 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024)** Absorbed through skin , Sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)** TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021)** TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 80 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 210 mg/m³.

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
Methylisobutylketone	**Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024)** Carc 2. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm. **DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024)** Develop C. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].
Methylisobutylketone	**TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 166 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm. **DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024)** Develop C. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 166 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].
2-methoxypropyl acetate	**TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 28 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 56 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 10 ppm. **DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024)** Develop B. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 10 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 27 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 54 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 410 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 410 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025)** TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025)** TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-methoxypropyl acetate	**Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 110 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024)** Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024)** Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 20 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024)** Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024)** Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. Short Term 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³.

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 250 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021)** TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)** TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 104 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³.
2-methoxypropyl acetate	**FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024)** Repr. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 110 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 260 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 520 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.
2-methoxypropyl acetate	**Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)** A3. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. **Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021)** STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024)** Absorbed through skin. VLA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024)** VLA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)** Absorbed through skin , Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)** Absorbed through skin , Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 166 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm.
2-methoxypropyl acetate	**Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)** Absorbed through skin , Inhalation sensitiser.

	TWA 8 hours: 110 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].
Methylisobutylketone	**Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].
2-methoxypropyl acetate	**Regulation on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens, mutagens or reprotoxic substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)** Repr Dev 1B. Absorbed through skin. Peak 15 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. Peak 15 minutes: 224 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 28 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³.
2-methoxypropyl acetate	**National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024)** TR1B. TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 28 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 220 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022)** TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025)** TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 275 mg/m³.
Methylisobutylketone	**SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 82 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 164 mg/m³.
2-methoxypropyl acetate	**SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025)** Repr 1B. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 28 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 224 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 548 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 274 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Methylisobutylketone	**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 416 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
Methylisobutylketone	**Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, biological limit values (Annex IV) (Croatia, 12/2023)** BEI: 3.5 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: not critical. BEI: 35 nmol/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: not critical.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
Methylisobutylketone	**DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2024)** Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 0.7 mg/l, hexone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. **TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 10/2024)** BEI: 0.7 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.
No exposure indices known.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Methylisobutylketone	**5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023)** BEI: 35 µmol/l, methyl-iso-butyl-ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift. BEI: 3.5 mg/l, methyl-iso-butyl-ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.
No exposure indices known.	
Methylisobutylketone	**NAOSH BGVs (Ireland, 1/2011)** BMGV: 1 mg/l, MIBK [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
Methylisobutylketone	**Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)** BEI: 1 mg/l, methylisobutylketone (MIBK) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
No exposure indices known.	
Methylisobutylketone	**Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)** BLV: 2.67 µmol/mmol creatinine, as hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 2.36 mg/g creatinine, as hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 35.4 µmol/l, as hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 3.5 mg/l, as hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.
Methylisobutylketone	**Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)** BAT: 0.7 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Methylisobutylketone	**National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024)** VLB: 1 mg/l, methyl isobutyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
No exposure indices known.	
Methylisobutylketone	**SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025)** BEI: 0.7 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.
Methylisobutylketone	**EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** BGV: 20 µmol/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 33 mg/m³ Effects: Local **DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 33 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral** 36 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 275 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 320 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 550 mg/m³ Effects: Local **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 796 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
Methylisobutylketone	**DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 4.2 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 11.8 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 14.7 mg/m³ Effects: Local **DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 14.7 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 83 mg/m³ Effects: Local **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 83 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation** 155.2 mg/m³ Effects: Local **DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation** 155.2 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 208 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation
208 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral
4.2 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time):	Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time):	polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
> 8 hours (breakthrough time):	Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Filter type (spray application): A P

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Colourless.

Odour : Slight

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Methylisobutylketone	116.5	241.7	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	145.8	294.4	OECD 103

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit : Lower: 1.4% (4-methylpentan-2-one)
Upper: 7.5% (4-methylpentan-2-one)

Flash point : Closed cup: 14°C (57.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
Methylisobutylketone	448	838.4	

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

	Vapour Pressure at 20˚C			Vapour pressure at 50˚C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Methylisobutylketone	15.75128	2.1				
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 0.9 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	**Rat - Oral - LD50** 8532 mg/kg **Rabbit - Dermal - LD50** >5 g/kg
Methylisobutylketone	**Rat - Oral - LD50** 2080 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
TEKNOSOLV 9526	N/A	N/A	N/A	44.0	N/A
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methylisobutylketone	2080	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
Methylisobutylketone	**Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
Methylisobutylketone	**Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL **Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant** Amount/concentration applied: 40 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
Methylisobutylketone	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
2-methoxypropyl acetate	STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name **Result**

Methylisobutylketone

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*
Age: 29 days; Size: 21 mm; Weight: 0.141 g
505000 µg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*
78 mg/l [21 days]
Effect: Behavior

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas* - Embryo
Age: <24 hours
168 mg/l [33 days]
Effect: Mortality

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Methylisobutylketone	1.9	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.36	2.31363
Methylisobutylketone	1.6	40.9047
2-methoxypropyl acetate	0.79	6.11202

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Methylisobutylketone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-methoxypropyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methylisobutylketone	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxypropyl acetate	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Methylisobutylketone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-methoxypropyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*, 200127*

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID : **Special provisions** 640 (C)
Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : **Special provisions** 640 (C)

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
TEKNOSOLV 9526	≥90	3

Labelling :

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category
P5c

National regulations

Austria

VbF class : Category 2

Limitation of the use of organic solvents : Permitted.

Belgium

Czech Republic

Storage code : I

Denmark

Fire class : I-1

Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
Methylisobutylketone	-	Carc. 2, H351

MAL-code : 4-1

Protection based on MAL : **According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:**

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 4-1
Application: When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and arm protectors must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, coveralls and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances : Not listed

Finland

France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 :

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	RG 84
Methylisobutylketone	RG 84

Reinforced medical surveillance : Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water : 1

Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

Number [Class]	Description	%
5.2.5	Organic substances	99.7
5.2.5 [I]	Organic substances	99.7
5.2.7.1.3	Reproductive toxic substances	0.22

AOX : The product does not contain organically bound halogens which could lead to an AOX value in waste water.

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
2-methoxypropylacetaat	-	-	-	Development 1B	-

Water Discharge Policy (ABM) : Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

Norway

Sweden

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10) : 1

Switzerland

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 99.7%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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TEKNOSOLV 9526 All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.