# SAFETY DATA SHEET



**TEKNOSOLV 9521** 

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : TEKNOSOLV 9521

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Solvent.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

**National contact** 

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**National advisory body/Poison Centre** 

: In an emergency, call 112 Telephone number

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 **STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336** Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Contains: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic and 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl

acetate

Supplemental label

elements

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

:

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≥75 - ≤90	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact** 

: No specific data.

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

#### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes
E2	200 tonnes	500 tonnes

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) Absorbed through skin.  TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.  CEIL 5 minutes: 100 ppm 8 times per shift.  CEIL 5 minutes: 550 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.				
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate					
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.				

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Limit value 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia) ELV: 100 ppm. ELV: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. STELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m3. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) [nafta solventní] TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) [2-methoxy-1-methylethylacetat] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 4/2024) Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (Finland, 10/2020) TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [hydrocarbures en C6-C12]

TWA 8 hours: 1000 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes: Permissible

limit values (circulars)

STEL 15 minutes: 1500 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes:

Permissible limit values (circulars)

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit

values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Develop C.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.
PEAK 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023)

Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU

derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values

OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from

chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020)
Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.
Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Short Term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024)

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

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Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 250 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 ma/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024) TWA 8 hours: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) Absorbed through skin. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 260 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 520 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [Solvent nafta] Absorbed through skin. VLA 8 hours: 100 mg/m3. Short term 15 minutes: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin. VLA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024) Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two

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exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m3. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 548 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 274 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

No exposure indices known.

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

#### Product/ingredient name

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

#### Result

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.41 mg/m³
<u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

1.9 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

178.57 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

640 mg/m³ Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

837.5 mg/m³ Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

1066.67 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

1152 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

1286.4 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

33 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

33 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

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DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

36 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

275 ma/m<sup>3</sup> Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

320 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 

796 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

#### **PNECs**

Not available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Appropriate engineering** controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

## **Skin protection Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or

4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

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#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

# Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Various

Odour : Slight

Odour threshold : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

Melting point/freezing point

boiling range

: Not available.

 Ingredient name
 °C
 °F
 Method

 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic
 135 to 210
 275 to 410

 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
 145.8
 294.4
 OECD 103

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion

limit

Lower: 1.4% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.) Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)

Flash point : Closed cup: 41°C (105.8°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature : Not available.pH : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): <20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure :

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# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Va	oour pressu	re at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			

**Relative density** : Not available. **Density** : 0.9 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Vapour density : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

#### 9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

**Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

: The product is stable. 10.2 Chemical stability

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, 10.4 Conditions to avoid

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name Result

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Rat - Oral - LD50

8400 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration -

Other changes

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Rat - Oral - LD50

8532 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapours)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 100 uL

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

**Respiratory corrosion/irritation** 

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** 

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Product/ingredient name

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

Result

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: No specific data.

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine

disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC)

No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Result

Acute - LC50

Fish

9.2 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC50

Daphnia

3.2 mg/l [48 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	10 to 2500	High Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.36	2.31363

#### Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	В	T	vPvB	νP	vB
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** 

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

080111\*, 200127\*

**Packaging** 

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	<u>-</u>			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

#### **Additional information**

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# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (D/E)

**ADN** The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IMDG** The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other **IATA** 

transportation regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

#### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
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Labelling

Other EU regulations

**Industrial emissions** : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

**Industrial emissions** : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

: Not applicable. **Explosive precursors** Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Danger criteria** 

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Category

P5c E2

#### **National regulations**

**Austria** 

VbF class : Category 3
Limitation of the use of : Permitted.

**Belgium** 

**Czech Republic** 

organic solvents

Storage code : II

**Denmark** 

Fire class : II-1

MAL-code : 5-1

**Protection based on MAL** 

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

**General:** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 5-1

**Application:** When spraying in new\* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing\* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask must be worn.

When spraying in existing\* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and arm protectors must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, coveralls and hood must be worn.

**Drying:** Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

**Polishing:** When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**Caution** The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

\*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National

Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable

substances

: Not listed

Finland France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic RG 84 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate RG 84

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced

medical surveillance: not applicable

**Germany** 

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3 Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3
E2	1.3.2

Hazard class for water : 2

Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

Number [Class]	Description	%
5.2.5	Organic substances	99.9
5.2.5 [I]	Organic substances	24.9
5.2.7.1.3	Reproductive toxic substances	0.072

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

**Netherlands** 

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	•	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility		Harmful via breastfeeding
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Listed	Listed	-	-	-

**Water Discharge Policy** 

(ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/

toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

**Norway** 

**Product registration**: 92826

number Sweden

Flammable liquid class

: 2b

(SRVFS 2005:10)

**Switzerland** 

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 99.9%

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

# 15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data	
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method	
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method	

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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