Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOSOLV 9506

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: TEKNOSOLV 9506

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Solvent.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements

- : Danger
- : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 - H315 Causes skin irritation.
 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	:	P391 - Collect spillage.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic; Xylene and iso-butanol
Supplemental label elements	:	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	۰.	None known.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

~ ~		
3.2	Mixtures	3

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥25 - ≤45	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
iso-butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4	<9.9	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral,	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 08/01/2024 Dat	e of previous is	sue : 14/07/2022		7 2/32
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SECTION 3: Com	position/informat	ion or	n ingredients	
	Index: 601-023-00-4		inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid r	neasures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed <u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>

SECTION 4: First aid measures : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact pain watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	-	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	-	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
-	5000 tonne 200 tonne	50000 tonne 500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: No	t available.
Industrial sector specific	: No	t available.
solutions		

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Xylene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [] PEAK: 442 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
iso-butanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [] PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	PEAK: 600 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed
	 through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 440 mg/m³ 8 hours. CEIL: 200 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. CEIL: 880 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 187 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 187 mg/m ³
Xylene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
iso-butanol	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 154 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 87 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 551 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 184 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
Xylene	Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene]
	Absorbed through skin.
	Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
	Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed
	through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	Limit value 15 min: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
5 1 1	Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	Limit value 8 hours: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Limit value 15 min: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	Limit value 15 min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	Limit value 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
	STELV (Croatia).
	ELV: 100 ppm
Xylene	ELV: 400 mg/m ³ Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
Xylerie	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	STELV: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	ELV: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	Biological Limit Value (Croatia).
	Xylene: 1500 mg/m ³ , (in blood (14.13 µmol/L) - at the end of the
	work shift)
	Methylpuric acid: 1500000 ppm, (creatinine in urine (0.88 mol/mol
iso-butanol	creatinine) - at the end of the work shift) Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	STELV: 231 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STELV: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	ELV: 154 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	STELV: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STELV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	Biological Limit Value (Croatia).
	Ethylbenzene: 1500 mg/m ³ , (in blood (14.1 µmol/L) - during
	exposure)
	almond acid: 1500000 ppm, (creatinine in urine (1.12 mol/mol
	creatinine) - at the end of the work shift and at the end of the work
1 Mothevy 2 property	week) Ministry of Economy, Lobour and Entropropourabin ELV/
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021).
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). STELV: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STELV: 500 mg/m 15 minutes.
	ELV: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
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	Xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
		of indicative occupational exposure limit values
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
		of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
1		STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
		Republic, 10/2022). [Nafta solvents] TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 1000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Xylene	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
		Republic, 10/2022). [xylene, technical mixture of isomers and
		all isomers] Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 400 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes.
	iso-butanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
		Republic, 10/2022). [Butanol (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 97.5 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 600 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Ethylbenzene	STEL: 195 ppm 15 minutes. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Luiyibenzene	Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 500 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 113.5 ppm 15 minutes.
	1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
		Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 72.09 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
		STEL: 146.85 ppm 15 minutes.
	X ylene	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes,
		all isomers] Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 109 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	iso-butanol	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Butanol,
		all isomers] Absorbed through skin.
		CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m ³
	Ethylbenzene	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed
	•	through skin. Carcinogen.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 217 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 434 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). 1-Methoxy 2-propanol [1-methoxy-2-propanol] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 185 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. **X**ylene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. iso-butanol Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, Ethylbenzene 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 1-Methoxy 2-propanol 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] **X**ylene Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020). TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs **Xylene** (Finland, 9/2020). [] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene

iso-butanol

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 230 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

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Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

	(Finland, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
lethoxy 2-propanol	STEL: 880 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 370 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
vent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Ministry of Labor (France, 5/2021). [] Notes: Permissible limi
	values (circulars) TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapour
	STEL: 1500 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Vapour
ene	Ministry of Labor (France, 5/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of
	the Labor Code)
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Lester 1	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
butanol	Ministry of Labor (France, 5/2021). Notes: Permissible limit
	values (circulars) TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 30 ppm 6 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ylbenzene	Ministry of Labor (France, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.
,	Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of
	the Labor Code)
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 88.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
lethoxy 2-propanol	Ministry of Labor (France, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of
	the Labor Code)
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 188 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 375 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
ene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 440 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 440 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
butanol	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021).
	TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 310 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 310 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
ylbenzene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin.
-	TWA: 88 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 176 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
ylbenzene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). Absorb TWA: 88 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

1.	-Methoxy 2-propanol	 TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 176 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 88 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). TWA: 370 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 200 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 370 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 370 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
X	ylene	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	o-butanol	 values (Greece, 9/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 650 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
E	thylbenzene	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1.	-Methoxy 2-propanol	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1080 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
×	ylene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 2/2020). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	thylbenzene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 2/2020). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1	-Methoxy 2-propanol	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 2/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	ylene o-butanol	 Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [butanol, all isomers, except n-butanol] Absorbed through skin.
	of issue/Date of revision	STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
vate	e of issue/Date of revision : 08/01/	Date of previous issue : 14/07/2022 Version : 1.17 11/32

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Ethylbenzene Absorbed through skin. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Absorbed through skin. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 185 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. **Xylene** Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational iso-butanol Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 75 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 225 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **X**ylene Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). [] Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from Ethylbenzene chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from 1-Methoxy 2-propanol chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Xylene	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
iaa hutanal	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
iso-butanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). []
Ethylhonzono	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).
r-metrioxy z-proparior	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
M. J	
Xylene	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2021). []
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
iso-butanol	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2021).
ISO-DUIANOI	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2021).
Litybenzene	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 190 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I
Kylene	(Luxembourg, 3/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1 Methovy 2 propagal	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I
	(Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	$T (\Lambda / \Lambda) 275 mg/m^3 9 hours$
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
te of issue/Date of revision	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Vulene	
Xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 30 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
, , -r	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 215 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL,15-min: 430 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL,15-min: 97.3 ppm 15 minutes.
4 Mathema Oran and	OEL, 8-h TWA: 48.6 ppm 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL, 15-min: 563 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL,15-min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). [] Absorbed through
	skin. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 108 mg/m³ 8 hours.
iso-butanol	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Absorbed through
	skin.
	CEIL: 75 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene	CEIL: 25 ppm FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Absorbed through
	skin. Carcinogen. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Absorbed through
	skin. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 180 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Xylene	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021) [xylong – mixed isomers (1,2, 1,3, 1,4,)] Absorbed
	2/2021). [xylene – mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
iso-butanol	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
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Ethylbenzene	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 180 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
₩ylene	STEL: 360 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
iso-butanol	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light a	
Xylene	Short term: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. VLA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
iso-butanol	Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). VLA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 33 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Short term: 66 ppm 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Short term: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Short term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
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X ylene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ , (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ , (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.
iso-butanol	STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). []
	TWA: 310 mg/m ³ , (Butyl alkohols) 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm, (Butyl alkohols) 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	KTV: 442 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
iso-butanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021).
	TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	KTV: 310 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 884 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	KTV: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	KTV: 568 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 150 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
X ylene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,
Kylene	4/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
iso-butanol	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,
	4/2021).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 154 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,
	4/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1-Methoxy 2-propanol 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, **Xylene** 9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, iso-butanol 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 250 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, Ethylbenzene 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 1-Methoxy 2-propanol 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 190 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. **Xylene** SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 870 mg/m³ 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). iso-butanol TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 220 mg/m³ 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). 1-Methoxy 2-propanol TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 720 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **X**ylene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. iso-butanol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 231 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 154 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Date of issue/Date of revision

	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

egulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of osure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene] values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric Sampling time: end of the shift. values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid bling time: end of the shift.
egulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of osure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) values: 1100 µmol/mmol creatinine, almond acid bling time: end of the shift. values: 1500 mg/g creatinine, almond acid [in g time: end of the shift.

required.

₩ylene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
No exposure indices known.	
X ylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
procedures Euro asse valu atmo of e: (Wo for t doce	erence should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: opean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the essment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit es and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace ospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment xposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 orkplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure he measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance uments for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be uired

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
aromatic		Inhalation	_	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ		
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m ³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m ³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³	population	- , - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - :
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DILLE	Inhalation	m ³	Wontore	Cyclonno
Xylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
Xylonio	DILLE	Inhalation	00.0 mg/m	population	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DILLE	Inhalation	200 mg/m	population	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DIVEL	Inhalation	200 mg/m	population	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	22 i mg/m	Workers	Loodi
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	- Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³		Systemic
		Inhalation	55.5 mg/m	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Long term Derma	bw/day	population	Gysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			212 mg/kg	VVUINCIS	Gysternic
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			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVEL	Inhalation	22 i mg/m	Workers	Cysternio
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	442 mg/m	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVEL	Inhalation	442 mg/m	Workers	Gysternie
iso-butanol	DNEL	Long term	55 mg/m³	General	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	oo mg/m	population	Loodi
	DNEL	Long term	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	o to mg/m	Workers	Loodi
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DITLE	Long tonn ordi	bw/day	population	oyeterme
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	-) - ! - ! - ! - ! - ! - ! - ! - ! - !
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	<u>.</u>		- ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		5	bw/day		,
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ū		
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	, C		
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg	General	Systemic
-			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	43.9 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m ³		
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:
boiling range	

	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method			
	iso-butanol	108	226.4	OECD 103			
	1-Methoxy 2-propanol	120.17	248.3	OECD 103			
-							

Auto-ignition temperature	4	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)	
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 7.6%	
Flammability	: Not available.	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
<mark>∫≁</mark> Methoxy 2-propanol	270	518	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

2

Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): <20.5 mm ² /s
Solubility(ies)	:
Not available.	
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		V	Vapour pressure at 50°		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
jso-butanol	<12.00102	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				
Relative density	: Not a	available.	•			
Density	: 0.9 g	g/cm³				
Vapour density	sity : Not available.					
Explosive properties	: Not a	available.				
Oxidising properties	: Not a	available.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not a	applicable.				

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingred	dients.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occ	our.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	t, weld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition prodused should not be produced.	ucts

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	21.7 mg/l 4300 mg/kg	4 hours -
iso-butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	19200 mg/m ³ 3400 mg/kg	4 hours -
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat Rat	2460 mg/kg 29000 mg/l	- 4 hours
e of issue/Date of revision	: 08/01/2024 Date of previous i	ssue : 14/07/	/2022	Version : 1.17 22/
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information					
		LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	15400 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg	-
1-Me	ethoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	13 g/kg 6600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
	3832.75 mg/kg 31.43 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic				uL	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	. Osus sa sleja imitati sa	1	1	1	

Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.
Sensitisation	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
iso-butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	- 5 5	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene		oral, inhalation	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

SECTION 11: Toxicological information				
Product/ingredient name	Result			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

orexposure	
Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
5	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
iso-butanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1030000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
iso-butanol	-	74 % - Readily - 28 days -		-	-
Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.					
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
iso-butanol	-		-		Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
iso-butanol	1	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment meth	ods
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		3	3	3
14.4 Packing group		111	111	
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$. Tunnel code (D/E)
ADN	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
IMDG	:	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

		%	Designation [Usage]	
FEKNOSOLV 9506		≥90	3	
Labelling	: 🖊			
Other EU regulations				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed			
Explosive precursors	: Not applic	able.		
Ozone depleting substand Not listed.	<u>ces (1005/2009</u>	<u>)/EU)</u>		
Prior Informed Consent (F Not listed.	<u>PIC) (649/2012</u>	<u>(EU)</u>		
	ante			
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	ants			
Not listed.				
Not listed. Seveso Directive		o Directive		
Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled un		o Directive.		
Not listed. <u>Seveso Directive</u> This product is controlled un <u>Danger criteria</u>		o Directive.		
Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled un		o Directive.		
Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled un Danger criteria Category P5c		o Directive.		
Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled un Danger criteria Category P5c E2		o Directive.		
Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled un Danger criteria Category P5c E2 Jational regulations	nder the Seves	o Directive.	ble liquid.	
Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled un Danger criteria Category P5c E2 Vational regulations Austria	nder the Seves	erous flamma	ble liquid.	
Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled un Danger criteria Category P5c E2 Lational regulations Austria VbF class Limitation of the use of	nder the Seves	erous flamma	ble liquid.	
Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled un Danger criteria Category P5c E2 Mational regulations Austria VbF class Limitation of the use of organic solvents Czech Republic Storage code	nder the Seves	erous flamma	ıble liquid.	
Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled un Danger criteria Category P5c E2 Limitation of the use of organic solvents Czech Republic Storage code Denmark	nder the Seves : A II Very dang : Permitted. : II	erous flamma	ble liquid.	
Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled un Danger criteria Category P5c E2 Mational regulations Austria VbF class Limitation of the use of organic solvents Czech Republic Storage code	nder the Seves : A II Very dang : Permitted.	erous flamma	ble liquid.	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Danish fire class	: II-1
Executive Order No.	4705/2045

Executive Order No. 1795/	2015		
Ingredient name		Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
E thylbenzene		Listed	-
MAL-code	: 5-3	-1	
Protection based on MAL	: According to the regulations on work stipulations apply to the use of per	. .	
	General: Gloves must be worn for al	l work that mav result i	n soilina. Apron/

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 5-3

Application: When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied full mask must be worn.

When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask and coveralls must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask, arm protectors and apron must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, coveralls and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use

on use : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

	-	
List of undesirable substances	: Not listed	
Carcinogenic waste	: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a su by Danish working environment legislation on car	
<u>Finland</u>		
<u>France</u>		
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Xylene iso-butanol Ethylbenzene 1-Methoxy 2-propanol	RG 84 RG 4bis, RG 84 RG 84 RG 84 RG 84
Reinforced medical surveillance	: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activitie medical surveillance: not applicable	es which require reinforced
<u>Germany</u> Storage class (TRGS 510)	: 3	

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category		Reference number
P5c E2		1.2.5.3 1.3.2
Hazard class for water	: 2	
Technical instruction on air quality control	: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 93.7% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 6.3%	

AOX	: The product does not contain organically bound halogens which could lead to an AOX value in waste water.
<u>Italy</u>	

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
xylene	-	-	-	Development 2	-
Water Discharge Polic (ABM)	environn	nent (carcinogeni	ubstances with haza city/ mutagenicity/ re econtamination effor	protoxicity/ bioacun	
<u>Norway</u>					
<u>Sweden</u>					
Flammable liquid clas (SRVFS 2005:10)	s : 2a				
Switzerland					
VOC content	: VOC (w/	w): 100%			
nternational regulation	<u>15</u>				
hemical Weapon Con	vention List Sch	edules I, II & III (<u>Chemicals</u>		
Not listed.					
Iontreal Protocol					
Not listed.					
tockholm Convention	on Persistent O	rganic Pollutant	t <u>s</u>		
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	:	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

SECTION 16: Other information

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method	
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method	
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

SECTION 16: Other information			
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICIT	TY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 08/01/2024		
Date of previous issue	: 14/07/2022		
Version	: 1.17		

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

: 08/01/2024 Date of previous issue