Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOPLAST PRIMER 7 MIOX - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 7 MIOX - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements

- : Warning
- : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 - H315 Causes skin irritation.
 - H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention	:	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	:	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	;	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Phenol, methylstyrenated; Xylene; Bis[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl] propane and Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture contains substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB, refer to Section 3.2.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Phenol, methylstyrenated	REACH #: 01-2119555274-38 EC: 700-960-7 CAS: 68512-30-1	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1] [3]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Bis[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy) phenyl]propane	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2	≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 5% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 5%	[1]
Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)	CAS: 25036-25-3	≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
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SECTION 3: Com					
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤3	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	REACH #: 01-2119979085-27 EC: 309-629-8 CAS: 100545-48-0	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for	-	[1]
			the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation : No specific data. Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	t llas dry shamical CO, water aprov (fee) or feam
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure
equipment for me lighters	mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves)
	conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for
	chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For non-emergency personnel	•	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain
	product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Xylene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] PEAK: 442 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Bis[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl]propane	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [1,2-Epoxy 3-(tolyloxy)propane (all isomers)] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 20 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	 PEAK: 140 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 440 mg/m³ 8 hours. CEIL: 200 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	CEIL: 200 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. CEIL: 880 mg/m ³ , 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 187 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 187 mg/m ³
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Xylene		Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through
		skin.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene		Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 87 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 551 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol		Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene		Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
		Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene
		(mixture of isomers), pure] Absorbed through skin.
		Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene		Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
		Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed
		through skin.
		Limit value 8 hours: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		Limit value 15 min: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol		Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed
		through skin.
		Limit value 8 hours: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		Limit value 15 min: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		Limit value 15 min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
		Limit value 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours.
₩ylene		Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
		STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed
		through skin.
		STELV: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		ELV: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethydhongono		ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene		Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
		STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		STELV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
		ELV: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol		Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
		STELV (Croatia, 1/2021).
		STELV: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		STELV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
		ELV: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
X ylene		Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). [Xylene,
		mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene		Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed
		through skin.
		STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
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	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
-Methoxy 2-propanol	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
kylene	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czec
	Republic, 10/2022). [xylene, technical mixture of isomers and all isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 400 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
thylbenzene	STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czec
lityidenzene	Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 500 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 113.5 ppm 15 minutes.
-Methoxy 2-propanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czec
	Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 72.09 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
_	STEL: 146.85 ppm 15 minutes.
ylene	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes all isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 109 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
thylbenzene	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbe
	through skin. Carcinogen.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 434 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
-Methoxy 2-propanol	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022).
	[1-methoxy-2-propanol] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 185 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
ylene	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 450 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
thylbenzene	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,
-	12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
-Methoxy 2-propanol	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

∎ ▼ylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]
	Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational
	exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
1 Mothevy 2 propagal	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
₩ylene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 440 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
1 Mathewy 2 propagal	STEL: 880 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 370 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [xylenes, mixed isomers,
	pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit
	values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of
	the Labor Code)
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 88.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of
	the Labor Code)
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 188 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 375 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
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	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)]
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 440 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Bis[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl]propane	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitiser.
Ethylbenzene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 88 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 176 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through
	skin.
	PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 176 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 88 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 80 mg/m 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022).
	TWA: 370 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 740 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 200 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 370 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 740 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
₩ylene	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 650 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 360 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1080 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
X ylene	
Kylerie	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethydhannana	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed
	through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed 1-Methoxy 2-propanol through skin. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. **X**ylene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Absorbed through skin. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 185 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. **X**ylene NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **X**ylene Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). [Xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from Ethylbenzene chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from 1-Methoxy 2-propanol chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Date of issue/Date of revision · 26/02/2024 Date of previous issue

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		Short Term: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	Vylene	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Ethylbenzene	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	⋉ ylene	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	[xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin.
		STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Ethylbenzene	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).
		Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 442 mg/m 8 hours.
		STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	1 Mothews 2 proposal	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 190 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	⊠ ylene	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(Luxembourg, 3/2021). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure]
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Ethylbenzene	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	1-Methoxy 2-propanol	STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I
	· ···· ···· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	₩ylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]
		Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational
		exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	Ethylbenzene	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **X**vlene Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values Ethylbenzene (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 215 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 430 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 97.3 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 48.6 ppm 8 hours. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 563 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. **X**ylene FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 108 mg/m³ 8 hours. FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through Ethylbenzene skin. Carcinogen. Notes: indicative limit value TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 20 mg/m³ 8 hours. FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through 1-Methoxy 2-propanol skin. Notes: indicative limit value TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 180 mg/m³ 8 hours. **X**ylene Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [xylene – mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy 1-Methoxy 2-propanol of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 180 mg/m³ 8 hours.

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	STEL: 360 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Kylene (HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skir VLA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Short term: 200 ppm 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Short term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Kylene (Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ , (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ , (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Vlene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) [xylene (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 442 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 884 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	KTV: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

	rols/personal protection
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	KTV: 568 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 150 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
V ilono	
Xylene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,
	4/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,
	4/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
X ylene	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
	9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
	9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
	9/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 190 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin.
Lutybenzene	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 220 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 360 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 720 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m
	p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
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	STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Butanone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 899 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Formaldehyde	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 2.5 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
₩ylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 μg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021) Notes: significant skin resorption possible BLV: 2000 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid – in total [in urine]. Sampling time: after the end of the exposure or the end of the work shift.
₩ylene	 Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene] BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene	 Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) BEI: 1.5 mg/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 14.1 µmol/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 1.12 mol/mol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.
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No exposure indices known.	
, ∕ylene	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene] Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
Ethylbenzene	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 1100 µmol/mmol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1500 mg/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
X ylene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene] BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at th end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) BEI: 5.2 mmol/I, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after work shift at the end of the working week or exposure period.
No exposure indices known.	
X ylene	 DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [ir urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomer BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: en of exposure or end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenyl glyoxylic ac [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic aci [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) BEI: 15 mg/l, propylene glycol 1-methyl ether [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) BEI: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: er of exposure or end of shift.
No exposure indices known.	
X ylene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) [xylene] BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift. BEI: 860 μmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.
Ethylbenzene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling tin at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

	BEI: 1110 μmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.
No exposure indices known.	
X ylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
Ethylbenzene	 NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origi of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air] Sampling time: not critical. BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
¥ylene	HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene] OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end o shift.
Ethylbenzene	HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) OBLV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time end of the week.
X ylene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [xylene, all isomers] BLV: 781 μmol/mmol creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work sh BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 10355 μmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine] Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 10355 μmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine] Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 14.6 μmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

	BLV: 2000 mg/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.
Ethylbenzene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) BLV: 799 μmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 7.44 μmol/mmol creatinine, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 1067 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 8.03 mg/g creatinine, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 10590 μmol/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long- term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 98.6 μmol/l, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 1600 mg/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long- term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 1600 mg/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 12 mg/l, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.
₩ylene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) [xylene (all isomers)]
	BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene	
Ethylbenzene 1-Methoxy 2-propanol	time: at the end of the work shift. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid
	time: at the end of the work shift. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: at
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	 time: at the end of the work shift. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [Xylenes] VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling
1-Methoxy 2-propanol ▼ylene	 time: at the end of the work shift. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [Xylenes] VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) VLB: 700 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and acid and

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	controls/parsonal protoction
	controls/personal protection
▼ylene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Xylene, all isomers] BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.
Ethylbenzene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) BEI: 20 mg/l, 1-methoxypropanol-2 [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. BEI: 221.9 μmol/l, 1-methoxypropanol-2 [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.
▼ylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
Butanone	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) BGV: 70 μmol/l, butan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
Recommended monitoring : procedures	Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Phenol, methylstyrenated	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		1	bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	0.348 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³	population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.41 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.67 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Kylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³		Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
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	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
Bis[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl]	DNEL	Long term Dermal	89.3 µg/kg	General	Systemic
propane			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.75 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	0.87 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	4.93 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	43.9 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m ³		
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³		
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-,	DNEL	Long term	0.055 mg/	General	Local
reaction products with		Inhalation	m³	population	
ethylenediamine					
	DNEL	Long term	0.308 mg/	Workers	Local
	1	Inhalation	m³		

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
	Methoxy 2-propanol	120.17	248.3	OECD 103	
	Ethylbenzene	136.1	277	OECD 104	
F	lammability : N	ot available.	·		

-	
Lower and upper explosion	: 🔽 wer: 0.8%
limit	Upper: 6.7%

Opper. 6.7%

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Auto-ic	nition	tempera	ture

Auto-ignition temperature		°C	°F	Method	
Methoxy 2-propanol		270	518		
Phenol, methylstyrenated		>385	>725	DIN 51794	
Decomposition temperature	: Not ava	ilable.			
н	: Not app	licable.			

Not applicable.

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: Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s

Solubility(ies) Not available.

Viscosity

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable. water

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
<mark>,</mark> <i>E</i> thylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	8.5	1.1					

Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.7 g/cm ³
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredien	ts.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, we braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	∍ld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Bis[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification crite	eria are not met.	

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	9988.99 mg/kg 81.91 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
X ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Bis[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
phenyl]propane				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.
Sensitisation	
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
14 4 4 4	

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

CECTION II. Toxicological information			
Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Acute EC50 15 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 14 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Harmful to aquatic life with long las	ting effects.	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
Phenol, methylstyrenated	No	N/A	N/A	No	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
Xylene	No	N/A	No	Yes	Ňo	N/A	No
Bis[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy) phenyl]propane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-Methoxy 2-propanol Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	No No	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	No No	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

			<u>.</u>	
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111		111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. **Tunnel code** (D/E)

ADN	: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in
	packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.
IMDG	: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in
	packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special	precautions
user	

- for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
<mark>у</mark> ́Р́∨В	Phenol, methylstyrenated	Candidate	D(2023) 8585-DC	-

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
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Labelling	:
Other EU regulations	
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Listed
Explosive precursors	: Not applicable.
Ozone depleting substance Not listed.	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	I <u>C) (649/2012/EU)</u>
Develotent Organic Dellute	-

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category		
P5c		
ational regulations		
<u>Austria</u>		
VbF class	: A II Very dangerous flammable liquid.	
Limitation of the use of organic solvents	: Permitted.	
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<u>Czech Republic</u>				
Storage code	: 11			
<u>Denmark</u>				
Danish fire class	: II-1			
Executive Order No. 1795/	<u>2015</u>			
Ingredient name		Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B	
Ethylbenzene		Listed	-	
titanium dioxide		Listed	-	
MAL-code	: 3-5			
Protection based on MAL		ions on work involving coded p use of personal protective equi		
	General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.			
	In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.			
	treatments in a spray boot working in similar new* fac	scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. h where the operator is outside the cilities of the combined-cabin, spra working inside the spray zone. W n-atomizing guns.	e spray zone and when ly-cabin and spray-boot	
	- Protective clothing must	be worn.		
	there is a risk of contact w knife, brush, roller, etc, for existing* facility type, if the	ng and repair in closed facilities, sp ith wet paint or organic solvents. pre- and post-treatments in cabin operator is inside the spray zone. pre- and post-treatments outside	When using scraper or is or booths of the . When using scraper o	
	- Air-supplied half mask, p	rotective clothing and eye protecti	on must be worn.	
	When spraying in new* bo	oths if the operator is outside the	spray zone.	
	- Air-supplied half mask ar	nd eye protection must be worn.		
	During non-atomising spra	* spray booths, if the operator is or aying in existing* facilities of the co e where the operator is working in	mbined-cabin, spray-	
	- Air-supplied full mask an	d protective clothing must be worr	1.	
		atomisation occurs in cabins or sp y zone and during spraying outside		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

	Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are tempora rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical fumes from wet items from passing through workers' in	exhaust system to prevent
	Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask w When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. worn.	
	Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in a	addition to the above.
	*See Regulations.	
Restrictions on use	Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of	age. See the National
	Working Environment Authorities Executive Order rega	
List of undesirable substances	Listed	
Carcinogenic waste	: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substan by Danish working environment legislation on cancer ri	5
Epoxy/Isocyanate	The product is covered by the rules for epoxy resins an Order no. 1793 of 18/12/2015 on working with substan- agents). Pay attention to the rules, for example: the use undergone special training and waste must be labelled addition to the training requirement described in the RE entry 74 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/114	ces and materials (chemical er of the product must have . This requirement is in EACH regulation, Annex XVII,
<u>Finland</u>		
<u>France</u>		
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	:	RG 4bis, RG 84 RG 84 RG 84
Reinforced medical surveillance	Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities wh medical surveillance: not applicable	ich require reinforced
<u>Germany</u>		
Storage class (TRGS 510)	: 3	
Hazardous incident ordina	<u>ce</u>	
This product is controlled une	er the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.	
Danger criteria		
Category		Reference number
P5c		1.2.5.3
Hazard class for water	2	I
Technical instruction on air quality control	: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 32.3% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 2.4% TA-Luft Class II - Number 5.2.7.1.1: 0.6%	
<u>Italy</u>		
D.Lgs. 152/06	Not determined.	
Netherlands		
Ministry of Social Affairs a reprotoxic substances	d Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and	processes, mutagenic or

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
xylene hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n- hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic	- Listed	- Listed	-	Development 2 -	-
hydrocarbons ethanol silica, crystalline (NL-	Listed Listed	-	Fertility 1A	Development 1A	Listed -
carcinogen specific) silica, crystalline (NL- carcinogen specific)	Listed	-	-	-	-
Water Discharge Polic (ABM)	environr	nent (carcinogeni	ubstances with haza city/ mutagenicity/ rej econtamination effort	protoxicity/ bioacum	
Norway	toxiony c				
Sweden					
Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10)	s : 2a				
	Working of under be labell addition	Environment. Pa gone necessary t led with named su to the training rec	cts in provision AFS by attention to that ha raining and can requi ubstance and as Haz quirement described in REGULATION (EU) 2	ndling the product re ire medical examina ardous waste. This in the REACH regula	equires certificat tion. Waste mu requirement is ir
Switzerland	-		. ,	,	
VOC content	: VOC (w/	/w): 16.1%			
ternational regulation					
hemical Weapon Conv lot listed.	<u>vention List Sch</u>	<u>iedules I, II & III (</u>	<u>Chemicals</u>		
lontreal Protocol Not listed.					
tockholm Convention	<u>on Persistent C</u>	organic Pollutant	<u>'S</u>		
otterdam Convention of Not listed.	on Prior Inform	<u>ed Consent (PIC</u>	1		
NECE Aarhus Protoco lot listed.	I on POPs and	<u>Heavy Metals</u>			

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	that changed nom previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Broodure used to derive th	he close if action according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CL D/CHS]

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of issue/ Date of	: 26/02/2024
revision	
Date of previous issue	e : 19/10/2022
Version	: 5

TEKNOPLAST PRIMER 7 MIOX

All variants

Notice to reader

SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.