SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Label No : 1/22751

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 1/40

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response

: P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage Disposal

: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

: Contains: Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[

(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane; Xylene; iso-

butanol and Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Supplemental label elements

: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

2.3 Other hazards

articles

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

1907/2006, Annex XIII

: None known.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
iso-butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≤8.6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]

Date of issue/Date of revision: 17/07/2025Date of previous issue: 19/10/2022Version: 32/40▼EKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variantsLabel No : ₹22751

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤7.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	REACH #: 01-2119974148-28 EC: 288-315-1 CAS: 85711-55-3	<0.1	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 2, H373	-	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Label No : 1/22751

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 3/40

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 4/40

FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 5/40

FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
₱5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
K ylene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) [Xylol (alle Isomeren, rein)] PEAK 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ 4 times per shift. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.
iso-butanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) [Butanol (alle Isomeren außer 2-Methyl-2-propanol)] PEAK 15 minutes: 200 ppm 4 times per shift. TWA 8 hours: 150 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 600 mg/m³ 4 times per shift.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 187 mg/m³. CEIL: 50 ppm. CEIL: 187 mg/m³.
Ethylbenzene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 440 mg/m³. CEIL 5 minutes: 200 ppm 8 times per shift. CEIL 5 minutes: 880 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 17/07/2025Date of previous issue: 19/10/2022Version: 36/40★EKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variantsLabel No : ★22751

Xylene Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) [Xyleen] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. iso-butanol Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 154 mg/m³. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 184 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 369 mg/m³. Ethylbenzene Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 87 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 551 mg/m³. **X**ylene Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) [Xylene] Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 100 ppm. Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Ethylbenzene

Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³.

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) [ksilen] Absorbed through skin.

STELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I)

(Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

STELV 15 minutes: 231 mg/m3. STELV 15 minutes: 75 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 154 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I)

> (Croatia) ELV: 100 ppm.

ELV: 400 mg/m³. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I)

Label No : 1/22751

(Croatia, 12/2023)

STELV 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 375 mg/m³.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 7/40 Date of previous issue

Xylene

iso-butanol

Ethylbenzene ELV 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Ordinance on the prote

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I)

(Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

STELV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Xylene

Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) [Ξυλένιο, μικτά ισομερή, καθαρά] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed

through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene

Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed

through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

Xylene

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) [xylen] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 45.33 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 90.66 ppm.

iso-butanol

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) [butanol]
TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 97 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 600 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 194 ppm.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) [nafta solventní] TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 72.09 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 146.84 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 1000 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 45.33 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 113.32 ppm.

Xylene

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) [xylen,

alle isomere] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 109 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

Date of previous issue

iso-butanol

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) [butanol,

alle isomere] Absorbed through skin.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025

▼EKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

: 19/10/2022

Version :3 8

CEIL: 50 ppm. CEIL: 150 mg/m³.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024)

[1-methoxy-2-propanol] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 185 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

Ethylbenzene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) K.

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 217 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 434 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

▼ylene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

4/2024) [ksüleen] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 450 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.

iso-butanol Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 150 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

4/2024) Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

Ethylbenzene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

4/2024) Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

Kylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

▼ylene Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

(Finland, 10/2021) [Ksyleeni] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

iso-butanol Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

(Finland, 10/2021) [Butanoli] Absorbed through skin.

Label No : 1/22751

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 150 mg/m³.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 9/40

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

iso-butanol

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 230 mg/m³.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020)

TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 370 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 560 mg/m³.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 880 mg/m³.

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [xylènes, isomères mixtes, purs] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) TWA 8 hours: 150 mg/m³. Notes: Permissible limit values

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [hydrocarbures en C6-C12] TWA 8 hours: 1000 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars)

STEL 15 minutes: 1500 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars)

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 188 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 375 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 88.4 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) [Xylol] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) [Xylene] Develop D.

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 : 19/10/2022 Version :3 10/40 Date of previous issue Label No : 1/22751

TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³.

PEAK 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

iso-butanol

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 310 mg/m³.
PEAK 15 minutes: 310 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Develop C.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 310 mg/m³.

PEAK 15 minutes: 310 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 370 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 740 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Develop C.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 200 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 370 mg/m³.

PEAK 15 minutes: 740 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 88 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 176 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Carc 4, Develop C.

Absorbed through skin.

PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. PEAK 15 minutes: 176 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 88 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) [ξυλόλια (όλα τα ισομερή)] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 650 mg/m³.

iso-butanol

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.

values (Greece, 8/2024)

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 8/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 360 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1080 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 11/40

FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

Vylene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025) [xilol izomerek keveréke] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025) Absorbed through 1-Methoxy 2-propanol TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. Ethylbenzene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025) Absorbed through TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. Xylene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) [Xýlen, allir ísómerar] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 109 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. iso-butanol Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) [Bútanól, allir ísomerar nema n-bútanól] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 185 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Ethylbenzene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. **X**ylene NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [xylene] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m3. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. iso-butanol NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV 8 hours: 150 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 700 mg/m³. NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: EU derived Occupational 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 100 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 375 mg/m3. OELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 568 mg/m3. Ethylbenzene NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 100 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 442 mg/m3. OELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 : 19/10/2022 Version:3 12/40 Date of previous issue Label No : 1/22751

OELV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Kylene Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from

[xilene, isomeri misti, puro] Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024)

chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024)

Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. Short Term 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene

Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024)

Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Limit value 8 hours: 442 mg/m³.

Short Term 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

Short Term 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Xylene

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024)

[Ksilols] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

iso-butanol

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024)

[Butilspirti]

TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024)

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024)

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Xylene

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) [ksilenas, mišrūs izomerai, grynas] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.

iso-butanol

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024)

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 190 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024)

Label No : 1/22751

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 13/40

STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

Wylene

Grand-Duchy Regulation 20

Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) [xylène Isomères mixtes, pures]

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I

(Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I

(Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Kylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

▼ylene **Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values**

(Netherlands, 5/2024) [xyleen, o-, m-, p-isomeren] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 47.5 ppm.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values

(Netherlands, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 563 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

Ethylbenzene Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values

(Netherlands, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 215 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 430 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 97.3 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 48.6 ppm.

Kylene FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) [xylen] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 108 mg/m³.

iso-butanol FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin.

CEIL: 75 mg/m³. CEIL: 25 ppm.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 14/40

FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 180 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) Carc. Absorbed through

TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 mg/m³.

Xylene

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024) [xylene – mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.

iso-butanol

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 180 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 360 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [xileno (isómeros o, m & p)] A4.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) [xilenos] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A4.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A3.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) Absorbed through skin.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

iso-butanol

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ethylbenzene

Date of issue/Date of revision FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

: 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022

Version : 3

15/40

STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [xilen] Absorbed through skin.

VLA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Short term 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024)

VLA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 33 ppm.

Short term 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 66 ppm.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic HG 1218/20

Xylene

iso-butanol

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [Solvent nafta] Absorbed through

skin.

VLA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³.

Short term 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin.

VLA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Short term 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

Ethylbenzene HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin.

VLA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Short term 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

Wylene

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)

[xylén, zmiešané izoméry] Absorbed through skin . Inhalation

TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ (xylene, mixed isomers).
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm (xylene, mixed isomers).
STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ (xylene, mixed isomers).

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ (xylene, mixed isomers).

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm (xylene, mixed isomers).

iso-butanol

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)

[butylalkoholy] Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 310 mg/m³ (Butyl alkohols). TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm (Butyl alkohols).

1-Methoxy 2-propanol Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)

Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

Ethylbenzene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)

Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser.

Label No : 1/22751

TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 16/40

Xylene

iso-butanol

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

iso-butanol

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ethylbenzene

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) [ksilen] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 310 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 310 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 150 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 200 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [xileno, mezcla isómeros] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 154 mg/m³.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin.

Label No : 1/22751

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 17/40

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Xvlene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. iso-butanol Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 150 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 250 mg/m³. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 190 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Ethylbenzene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. **X**ylene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) [Xylol] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³. iso-butanol SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 150 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m³. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 360 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 720 mg/m³. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) Absorbed through skin, Ototoxicant. Ethylbenzene TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 220 mg/m³. Xylene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 441 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. iso-butanol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 231 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 154 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 560 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. Ethylbenzene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed

Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version:3 18/40 : 17/07/2025 FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants Label No : 1/22751

through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 552 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices	
Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Kylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [Xylole] BEI Fitness: 1000 μg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
€thylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Notes: significant skin resorption possible BLV: 2000 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid – in total [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the exposure or at the end of the work shift.
Kylene	Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, biological limit values (Annex IV) (Croatia, 12/2023) [ksilen] BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene	Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, biological limit values (Annex IV) (Croatia, 12/2023) BEI: 1.5 mg/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 14.1 µmol/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 1.12 mol/mol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.
No exposure indices known.	
K ylene	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xyleny] Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
Ethylbenzene	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 1100 µmol/mmol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1500 mg/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	10/40/0000 Version 12 40/40

Date of issue/Date of revision : 19/10/2022 Version :3 19/40 : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue **Label No** : 1/22751

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Ksyleeni]

BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020)

BEI: 5.2 mmol/l, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after work shift at the end of the working week or exposure period.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2024) [Xylene (all isomers)]

Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 1800 mg/g creatinine, Methylhippuric acids (=toluric acids) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 10/2024) [Xylol alle Isomeren]

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2024)

BEI: 15 mg/l, propylene glycol 1-methyl ether [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 10/2024)

BEI: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenyl glyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 10/2024)

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) [xilol]

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 860 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023)

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

BEI: 1110 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

NAOSH BGVs (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]

BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

NAOSH BGVs (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.

Label No : 1/22751

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 20/40

BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Minister Cabinet Regulations No.325 - BEI (Latvia, 3/2024)
[ksiloli (visi izomēri)]
BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric (toluric) acid (all isomers) [in urine].

Sampling time: at the end of the exposure or at the end of the shift.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xilenos (graus técnico e comercial)]

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [xilen]

OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024)

OBLV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) [xylén (všetky izoméry)]

BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 10355 µmol/l, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, as xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 2000 mg/l, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.5 mg/l, as xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024)

BLV: 799 µmol/mmol creatinine, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 7.44 µmol/mmol creatinine, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 21/40

FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1067 mg/g creatinine, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 8.03 mg/g creatinine, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 10590 µmol/l, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 98.6 µmol/l, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1600 mg/l, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 12 mg/l, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) [ksilen (vse izomere)]

BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

BAT: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [Xilenos]

VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024)

VLB: 700 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) [Xylol (alle Isomere)]

BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025)

BEI: 20 mg/l, 1-methoxypropanol-2 [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

BEI: 221.9 µmol/l, 1-methoxypropanol-2 [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025)

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers]

BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 22/40

procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

Xylene

Result

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

65.3 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

65.3 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

125 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

212 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

221 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

221 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

260 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

260 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

442 ma/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

442 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

28 μg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

170 µg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

iso-butanol

titanium dioxide

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 17/07/2025

Date of previous issue

· 19/10/2022

Version:3

23/40

FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

55 ma/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

310 mg/m³ Effects: Local

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.41 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.9 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

178.57 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

640 ma/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

837.5 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1066.67 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

1152 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1286.4 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

33 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

43.9 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

78 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

183 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

369 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

553.5 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

553.5 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

: 19/10/2022 Version :3 Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 24/40 Date of previous issue

FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Ethylbenzene

DMEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

442 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DMEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

884 mg/m³
<u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

1.6 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

15 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

77 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

180 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

293 mg/m³ Effects: Local

Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.012 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.012 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.024 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 25/40

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Various

Odour : Slight

Odour threshold : Not avail

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

.

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
js∕o-butanol	108	226.4	OECD 103
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	120.17	248.3	OECD 103

Flammability : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 17/07/2025Date of previous issue: 19/10/2022Version: 326/40▼ÉKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variantsLabel No : ▼22751

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.8% (xylene)

limit Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Methoxy 2-propanol	270	518	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	

Decomposition temperature : Not available.pH : Mot available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

Vapour Pressure at 20°C Vapour pressure at 50°C Ingredient name kPa Method **kPa** Method mm Hg mm Hg is∕o-butanol <12.00102 <1.6 DIN EN 13016-2 Ethylbenzene 9.30076 1.2

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 1.4 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Label No : 1/22751

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

decomposition products should not be produced.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 27/40

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result

Kylene Rat - Oral - LD50

4300 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and

Bladder - Other changes

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

21.7 mg/l [4 hours]

iso-butanol Rat - Oral - LD50

2460 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

3400 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

19200 mg/m³ [4 hours]

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Rat - Oral - LD50

8400 mg/kg

<u>Toxic effects</u>: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration -

Other changes

1-Methoxy 2-propanol Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

13 g/kg

Rat - Oral - LD50

6600 mg/kg

<u>Toxic effects</u>: Brain and Coverings - Other degenerative changes Behavioral - General anesthetic Lung, Thorax, or

Label No : 1/22751

Respiration - Dyspnea

Ethylbenzene Rat - Oral - LD50

3500 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

15400 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

29000 mg/l [4 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5	N/A	8399.5	N/A	68.9	N/A
Xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
iso-butanol	2460	3400	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	15400	N/A	11	29000

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

Date of issue/Date of revision: 17/07/2025Date of previous issue: 19/10/2022Version: 328/40

Kvlene Rat - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 8 hours Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 100 %

titanium dioxide Human - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 72 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 300 ug I

1-Methoxy 2-propanol Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Ethylbenzene Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 15 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

▼ylene Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 5 mg

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

1-Methoxy 2-propanol Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg

Ethylbenzene Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Label No : 1/22751

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 29/40

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

KyleneSTOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)iso-butanolSTOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

▼ylene STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation)

Ethylbenzene STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation)

Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine STOT RE 2, H373

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name Result

Xylene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 30/40

Label No : 1/22751

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine

disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC)

No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

titanium dioxide

Product/ingredient name

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus

>1000000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate

Age: <24 hours 3 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

iso-butanol Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss

Label No : 1/22751

Weight: 1.67 g

1330000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina

600 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Acute - LC50

Fish

9.2 mg/l [96 hours]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 31/40

Acute - EC50

Daphnia

3.2 mg/l [48 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name Result

iso-butanol 74% [28 days] - Readily

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
iso-butanol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
iso-butanol	1	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	High
light aromatic			_
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
so-butanol	1.1	12.0246
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	1	10.447
Ethylbenzene	2.2	170.406

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	Т	vPvM	vP	vM
Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
iso-butanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Date of issue/Date of revision Version :3 : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 32/40 Label No : 1/22751

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	В	T	vPvB	νP	vB
Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
iso-butanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
iso-butanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 17/07/2025Date of previous issue: 19/10/2022Version: 333/40▼EKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variantsLabel No : 1/22751

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*, 200127*

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

IMDG

Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 : 19/10/2022 Version:3 34/40 Date of previous issue Label No : 1/22751

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5	≥90	3

Labelling

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

₽5c

National regulations

Austria

Limitation of the use of : Permitted.

organic solvents

Belgium

Book VI carcinogenic agents annex VI.2-1 - VI.2-3

Ingredient name	Status
Sílice	Listed
Silice	Listed

Czech Republic

Storage code : 11

Denmark

: **W**-1 Fire class Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
tranium dioxide	Listed	-
Ethylbenzene	Listed	-

: 4-6 **MAL-code**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 : 19/10/2022 Version :3 35/40 Date of previous issue Label No : 1/22751

Protection based on MAL : According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

> **General:** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

> In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 4-6

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and posttreatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use

: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue Version:3 36/40

FEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

List of undesirable substances

: Listed

Carcinogenic waste

: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

Epoxy/Isocyanate

: The product is covered by the rules for epoxy resins and isocyanates in Executive Order no. 1793 of 18/12/2015 on working with substances and materials (chemical agents). Pay attention to the rules, for example: the user of the product must have undergone special training and waste must be labelled. This requirement is in addition to the training requirement described in the REACH regulation, Annex XVII, entry 74 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/1149).

Finland France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : Xylene RG 4bis, RG 84 iso-butanol **RG 84**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic **RG 84** 1-Methoxy 2-propanol **RG 84** Ethylbenzene **RG 84**

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3 **Hazardous incident ordinance**

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water : 2

Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

Number [Class]	Description	%
5 .2.1	Total dust	69.7
5.2.5	Organic substances	30.3
5.2.5 [I]	Organic substances	25.1

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
▼yleen Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	- Listed	- Listed	-	Development 2	-
arom. silica kristallijn; respirabel stof	Listed	-	-	-	-

Water Discharge Policy (ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

Norway Sweden

Flammable liquid class

: 2a

(SRVFS 2005:10)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 : 19/10/2022 Version :3 37/40 Date of previous issue Label No : 1/22751

Epoxy/Isocyanate

: The product is covered by the specific rules for epoxy resins and isocvanates. allergenic chemical products in provision AFS 2011:19 Chemical Hazards in the Working Environment. Pay attention to that handling the product requires certificate of undergone necessary training and can require medical examination. Waste must be labelled with named substance and as Hazardous waste. This requirement is in addition to the training requirement described in the REACH regulation, Annex XVII, entry 74 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/1149).

Switzerland

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 30.1%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/20081

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 · 19/10/2022 Version :3 38/40 Date of previous issue Label No : 1/22751

SECTION 16: Other information

-	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of : 17/07/2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022

Version : 3

TEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 Version : 3 39/40

KNOPLAST PRIMER 5 - All variants

Date of issue/Date of revision Version :3 : 17/07/2025 Date of previous issue : 19/10/2022 40/40 **Label No** : 1/2 2751