Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOPAINT 1575 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: FEKNOPAINT 1575 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS National contact

Teknos Ireland Limited, 52 Ballymoughan Road, Magherafelt, BT45 6HN, UK. Tel. +44 (0) 2879 301 472.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements	Varning 1226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. 1317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Precautionary statements	1336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Prevention	2280 - Wear protective gloves. 2210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ig ources. No smoking. 2261 - Avoid breathing vapour.	nition
Response	2304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel ur	ıwell.
Storage	2403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	2501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, region ational and international regulations.	ıal,

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazardous ingredients	 Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy and Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)
Supplemental label elements	:
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	: None known.

not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

REACH #: 11-2119463258-33 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 index: 649-327-00-6 REACH #: 11-2119457273-39 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 index: 649-327-00-6 REACH #: 11-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 REACH #: 11-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	≥25 - <50 ≤3 ≤1 <0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	EUH066: C ≥ 50% EUH066: C ≥ 50% - M [Acute] = 1	
11-2119457273-39 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 index: 649-327-00-6 REACH #: 11-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 REACH #: 11-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6	≤1	EUH066 Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	-	[1] [*]
11-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 REACH #: 11-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6		(inhalation) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	- M [Acute] = 1	[1] [*] [1] [2]
1-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6	<0.3	Skin Sens. 1A, H317	M [Acute] = 1	[1] [2]
		Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
REACH #: 11-2119979088-21 EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9	<0.3	Repr. 1B, H360D	-	[1] [2]
REACH #: 11-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 ndex: 603-064-00-3	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
REACH #: 11-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation	[1] [2]
	C: 245-018-1 AS: 22464-99-9 EACH #: 1-2119457435-35 C: 203-539-1 AS: 107-98-2 dex: 603-064-00-3 EACH #: 1-2119488216-32 C: 215-535-7	C: $245-018-1$ AS: $22464-99-9$ EACH #: ≤ 0.3 1-2119457435-35 C: $203-539-1$ AS: $107-98-2$ dex: $603-064-00-3$ EACH #: ≤ 0.1 1-2119488216-32 C: $215-535-7$	C: 245-018-1 AS: 22464-99-9 ≤ 0.3 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336EACH #: 1-2119457435-35 C: 203-539-1 AS: 107-98-2 dex: 603-064-00-3 ≤ 0.1 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332	C: 245-018-1 AS: 22464-99-9 EACH #: 1-2119457435-35 C: 203-539-1 AS: 107-98-2 dex: 603-064-00-3 EACH #: 1-2119488216-32 C: 215-535-7 ≤ 0.1 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation

SECTION 3: Compo	CAS: 1330-20-7		Skin Irrit. 2, H315	(vapours)] = 11 mg/	
	Index: 601-022-00-9		Eye Irrit. 2, H313 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	(vapours)j – r r mg/ l	
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤0.1	Not classified.	-	[2]
1,2-dichlorobenzene	EC: 202-425-9 CAS: 95-50-1	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/sym	iptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure
equipment for me lighters	mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves)
	conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for
	chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific

: Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values				
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and				
	cobalt compounds as Co] Inhalation sensitiser.				
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.				
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [zirconium				
	compounds as Zr]				
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.				
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.				
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed				
	through skin.				
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.				
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.				
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.				
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.				
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,				
	p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.				
	STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.				
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.				
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.				
Ethydhanzana	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.				
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.				
	STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.				
	STEL: 352 mg/m 15 minutes.				
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.				
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.				
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed				
	through skin.				
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 1,2-dichlorobenzene 1,2-dichlorobenzene Intersection Intersection

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Kylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
procedures European	should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the

European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
heavy		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ū		-
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m ³	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		-	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		-	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³		Systemic
heavy		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m ³	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Chart to me	bw/day	Conoral	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
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	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m ³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	-
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term	37 µg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	175 µg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	235.1 µg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.25 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	6.49 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		

PNECs

No PNECs available

9.2 Experience controle		
8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Individual protection meas	<u>)S</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	5
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm	
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.	

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		155 to 217	311 to 422.6		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		155 to 217	311 to 422.6		
Flammability	: Not av	ailable.		ł	
Lower and upper explosion limit	: I ower: Upper:				
Flash point	: 🕅 osed	l cup: 38°C (10	0.4°F)		
Auto-ignition temperature	:				
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heav	/y	280 to 470	536 to 878		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heav	/y	280 to 470	536 to 878		
Decomposition temperature	: Not av	ailable.			
рН	: Not ap	plicable.			
Viscosity	: Kinema	atic (40°C): >20).5 mm²/s		
Solubility(ies)	:				
Not available.					
Solubility in water	: Not ava	ailable.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not ap	plicable.			
Vapour pressure	:				
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	Va	pour Press	ure at 20°C	Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3					
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3					
elative density	: Not	available.					
ensity	: 1 g/d	cm³					
apour density	: Not	: Not available.					
xplosive properties	: Not available.						
xidising properties	: Not available.						
article characteristics							
ledian particle size	: Not	applicable.					

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
, <u>,</u> ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Not available.	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, t	he classification o	riteria are	not met.	
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic skir	reaction.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, t	he classification o	riteria are	not met.	
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, t	he classification o	riteria are	not met.	
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, t	he classification o	riteria are	not met.	
<u>Feratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, t	he classification o	riteria are	not met.	

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	-
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>s</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.
General	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
iitanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	-	15600 2.96	High Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.
: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
: 080111*, 200127*
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111			111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

ADN

Tunnel code (D/E) : Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

SECTION 14: Transport information			
IMDG	:	<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.	
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
FEKNOPAINT 1575	≥90	3

Labelling	1	
Other EU regulations		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed	
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed	
Explosive precursors	: Not applica	ble.
Ozone depleting substand Not listed.	<u>ces (1005/2009/</u>	<u>EU)</u>
Prior Informed Consent (P	<u>PIC) (649/2012/</u>	<u>=U)</u>

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL		Carc.	-

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group
	SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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