Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



TEKNOLUX AQUA 1728-62 - RAL 9003

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : TEKNOLUX AQUA 1728-62 - RAL 9003

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

#### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	P280 - Wear protective gloves. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.	
Response	P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.	<u>}.</u>
Storage	Not applicable.	
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, renational and international regulations.	egional,

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazardous ingredients	Contains: ethyl phenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphinate; 2-Propenoic acid, reaction products with dipentaerythritol; 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)
Supplemental label elements	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for in-can preservation: MIT and ((M)IT/MIT (3:1) and BIT.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

2 Mixtures	: Mixture	~		Specific Conc.	1_
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
ťanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
ethyl phenyl 2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) hosphinate	REACH #: 01-2119987994-10 EC: 282-810-6 CAS: 84434-11-7	≤3	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2
P-Propenoic acid, reaction products with lipentaerythritol	REACH #: 01-2119980666-22 CAS: 1384855-91-7	<1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
<sup>-</sup> riethylamine	REACH #: 01-2119475467-26 EC: 204-469-4 CAS: 121-44-8 Index: 612-004-00-5	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Oral] = 460 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300  mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = $3 \text{ mg/l}$ STOT SE $3$ , H $335$ : $C \ge 1\%$	[1] [2
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one	EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4	<0.01	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation	[1]
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SECTION 3: Compo	sition/informat	ion on i	ngredients		
			Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	(dusts and mists)] = 0.11 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	≤0.013	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 53 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5 mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid	neasures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get
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SECTION 4: First aid	l measures
	medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
4.2 Most important symptor	ns and effects, both acute and delayed
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>itoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immed	iate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident in there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without
for fire-fighters	suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Triethylamine	PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 30 minutes. PEAK: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 30 minutes. <b>Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021).</b> TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	PEAK: 3 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [5-chloro 2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2,3-di- hydroisothiazol-3-one (mixture in the ratio 3:1)] Skin sensitiser.
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [5-chloro 2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2,3-di- hydroisothiazol-3-one (mixture in the ratio 3:1)] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
Triethylamine	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 4.14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Triethylamine	Limit value 15 min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 15 min: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Limit value 8 hours: 2 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
Triethylamine	<ul> <li>STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>STELV: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>STELV: 50 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>ELV: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>ELV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/</li> <li>STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>STELV: 12.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>STELV: 3 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>

	ELV: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
-Butoxyethanol	ELV: 2 ppm 8 hours. Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed
	through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Triethylamine	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed
	through skin. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
Butoxyethanor	Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 20.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 40.8 ppm 15 minutes.
riethylamine	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 1.904 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 2.856 ppm 15 minutes.
Butoxyethanol	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbe
	through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
riethylamine	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbe
neuryiamine	through skin.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 4.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 12.6 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
-Butoxyethanol	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,
	12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
riethylamine	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,
	12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Butoxyethanol	STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: lis
-Dutoxyethanor	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
riethylamine	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

SECTION 8: Exposure	controls/personal protection
2-Butoxyethanol	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Triethylamine	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 4.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
₽-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Triethylamine	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 4.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. <b>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Triethylamine	<ul> <li>PEAK: 20 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 20 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 4.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 8.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 2 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 1 ml/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 2 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 4.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 8.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 4.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 8.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 4.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 8.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 4.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one Z-Butoxyethanol	PEAK: 2 ml/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitiser. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.
Triethylamine	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit</b> values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 40 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 60 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
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<b>SECTION 8: Exposur</b>	e controls/personal protection
2-Butoxyethanol	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
Triethylamine	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. <b>5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed</b> <b>through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.</b> TWA: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 3 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Triethylamine	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Triethylamine	<ul> <li>NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU</li> <li>derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values</li> <li>OELV-8hr: 2 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>OELV-8hr: 8.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>OELV-15min: 3 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>OELV-15min: 12.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
₽-Butoxyethanol	Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 20 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Short Term: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Triethylamine	Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 2 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Short Term: 3 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
₽-Butoxyethanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Triethylamine	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
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#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection** 2-Butoxvethanol Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. Triethylamine Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 8.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 12.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. 2-Butoxyethanol Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Triethylamine Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 8.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 12.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list 2-Butoxyethanol of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list Triethylamine of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 8.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 12.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 2-Butoxyethanol Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 20.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values Triethylamine (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 4.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 12.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL.15-min: 3 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. 2-Butoxyethanol FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Triethylamine FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 8 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/11/2023 ·07/09/2022 Version : 1.07 10/25 Date of previous issue

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✔-Butoxyethanol Triethylamine	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 9 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).
Triethylamine	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
₽-Butoxyethanol	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
Triethylamine	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 2 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
<b>₽</b> -Butoxyethanol	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
Triethylamine	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
∠Butoxyethanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Triethylamine	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 3 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
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#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 2-Butoxyethanol 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 245 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Triethylamine National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 8.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 12.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 2-Butoxyethanol Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, Triethylamine 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 4.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 12.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. 2-Butoxyethanol TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Triethylamine SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 4.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 8.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Skin sensitiser. 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) STEL: 0.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction 2-Butoxyethanol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 101.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Triethylamine EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 17 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 8 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 4 ppm 15 minutes. 2-aminoethanol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 7.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Biological exposure indices	<b>—</b> • ••
Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	
₽-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 0.17 mmol/mmol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week. Biological limit values: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.
No exposure indices known.	
₽-Butoxyethanol	<ul> <li>DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).</li> <li>BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift / for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.</li> <li>TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)</li> <li>BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift; for long-term exposures: at the end of several shifts.</li> </ul>
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
₽-Butoxyethanol	<b>NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)</b> BMGV: 200 mg/g creatinine, BAA [in urine]. Sampling time: end o shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
No exposure indices known.	
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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring	: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:
procedures	European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the
	assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit
	values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace
	atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment
	of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482
	(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures
	for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance
	documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
	required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
ethyl phenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphinate	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
phosphillate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Derma			Systemic
		Long torm	bw/day	population	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term	0.87 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
		Inhalation	4 4	population	O un tra maile
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.4 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		1	bw/day		O un tra maile
	DNEL	Long term	4.93 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	vvorkers	Systemic
2. Dutevarither al		Inhalation		Conoral	Quatamia
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26.7 mg/	General	Systemic
	DUE		kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	59 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DUE	Inhalation	00 / 2	population	
	DNEL	Long term	98 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		<b>a</b> .	
	DNEL	Short term	147 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation		<b>a</b> .	
	DNEL	Short term	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	1091 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
Triethylamine	DNEL	Long term	8.4 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	8.4 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.1 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	DNEL	Long term	0.021 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.021 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.027 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.043 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.043 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.053 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-	DNEL	Long term	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
1000001111033 01. 0-011010-Z-111011yi-			1		1
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4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H- sothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6]		Inhalation		population	
(3:1)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.09 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.11 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne Appropriate engineering contaminants. controls Individual protection measures **Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that evewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk Eye/face protection assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. **Skin protection** Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves. : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task **Body protection** being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the **Respiratory protection** appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type (spray application): ΑP **Environmental exposure** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. controls In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: White.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:
boiling range	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
water	100	212	
2-Butoxyethanol	171 to 171.5	339.8 to 340.7	IP 123-93

Flammability

: Not available.

: Lower: Not applicable. Upper: Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion limit	n
Flash point	

: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Propanol, 1-(2-butoxy-1-methylethoxy)	194	381.2	EU A.15
2-Butoxyethanol	230	446	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рН	: <b>₮</b> .5 to 8.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
Viscosity	: Not available.
Solubility(ies)	- : · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Not available.	
Solubility in water	: Not available.

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	:	Not applicable.
water		

#### Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
water	17.5	2.3				
2-Butoxyethanol	0.75006	0.1				

Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

<b>SECTION 10: Stabilit</b>	y and reactivity	
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients	•
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.	
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>F</b> riethylamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	460 mg/kg	-
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.11 mg/l	4 hours
3-one	mists			
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-				
3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]				
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-				
3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:				
1)				

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	99046.99 mg/kg
Dermal	146166.77 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	211.75 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observ	ation
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-	
				ug l		
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-	
		D. L. K		mg		
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-	
Triothylamina	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	500 mg 365 mg	-	
Triethylamine reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 %	-	
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1)						
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	not met.		
<u>Sensitisation</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic skin re	eaction.				
Mutagenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	e not met.		
Carcinogenicity						
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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Triethylamine	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	1	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
intanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	48 hours 96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
Triethylamine	1.45	<0.5	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### **12.7 Other adverse effects**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods <u>Product</u>

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

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Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080112
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**14.6 Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

<u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

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Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]	
FEKNOLUX AQUA 1728-62		≥90	3	
Labelling :				
ther EU regulations				
Industrial emissions : (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	Not listed			
Industrial emissions : (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	Not listed			
Explosive precursors :	Not applicat	ole.		
Ozone depleting substances	(1005/2009/E	<u>EU)</u>		
Not listed.				
Prior Informed Consent (PIC Not listed.	<u>) (649/2012/E</u>	<u>U)</u>		
Persistent Organic Pollutant Not listed.	<u>s</u>			
<mark>Seveso Directive</mark> This product is not controlled u	nder the Seve	eso Directi	ve.	
ational regulations				
<u>Austria</u>				
VbF class :	Not regulate	ed.		
Limitation of the use of to solvents	Permitted.			
<u>Czech Republic</u>				
Storage code :	IV			
<u>Denmark</u>				
Danish fire class :	IV-1			
Executive Order No. 1795/20	<u>15</u>			
Ingredient name			Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
titanium dioxide			Listed	-
				1

**General:** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

ECTION 15: Reg	ulato	ary milor	mation			
		MAL-code Application spray zon	on: When sprayin	g in existing* spray	booths, if the opera	ator is outside the
		- Arm prot	tectors must be wo	orn.		
				omisation occurs in zone and during sp		
		- Full mas	k with combined fi	lter, coveralls and h	nood must be worn.	
		rack trolle	ys, etc, must be ed	ving ovens that are quipped with a mec passing through wo	hanical exhaust sys	stem to prevent
				treated surfaces, a e protection must be		
		Caution	The regulations co	ontain other stipulati	ions in addition to th	ne above.
		*See Reg	ulations.			
Restrictions on use	:			nal users below 18 prities Executive Ord		
List of undesirable substances	:	Not listed				<u>.</u>
Carcinogenic waste	:			abeled: Contains a s ient legislation on c		ances regulated
Finland			Ū	Ū		
France Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 46		2-Butoxye Triethylan			RG 84 RG 49, RG	i 49bis
Reinforced medical surveillance	:	Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable				reinforced
Germany		40				
Storage class (TRGS 5 Hazardous incident or						
This product is not contr		_	ermany Hazardous	Incident Ordinance	Э.	
Hazard class for water		2				
Technical instruction of air quality control	on :	TA-Luft C	umber 5.2.5: 10.2 <sup>c</sup> lass I - Number 5.2 lass II - Number 5.	2.5: 0.5%		
ΑΟΧ	:	The produ	-	cally bound haloge	ns and can contribu	ite to the AOX
<u>Italy</u>						
D.Lgs. 152/06	:	Not deterr	mined.			
<u>Netherlands</u> Ministry of Social Affai reprotoxic substances		l Employm	ent (SZW) - Carci	nogenic substanc	es and processes	, mutagenic or
Ingredient name	r	nogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
ethanol complexe derivatives of oil and charcoal	Listed Listed		-	Fertility 1A -	Development 1A -	Listed -

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Water Discharge Policy	: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the
(ABM)	environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/
	toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

## <u>Norway</u>

<u>Sweden</u>

### Switzerland

VOC content : Exempt.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

# **15.2 Chemical safety** assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group</li> </ul>
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>⊮</b> 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.		
H301	Toxic if swallowed.		
H302	Harmful if swallowed.		
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.		
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.		
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
H315	Causes skin irritation.		
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
H318	Causes serious eye damage.		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H330	Fatal if inhaled.		
H331	Toxic if inhaled.		
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.		
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.		
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	Other information				
	ery toxic to aquatic life.				
	oxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
	oxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
	armful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
EUH071 C	orrosive to the respiratory tract.				
Full text of classifi	cations [CLP/GHS]				
Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2				
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3				
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4				
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1				
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1				
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2				
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3				
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2				
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1				
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2				
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2				
Skin Corr. 1A	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A				
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B				
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C				
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2				
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1				
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A				
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B				
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3				
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#### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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