Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



TEKNOLAC PRIMER 0168-00 - All variants

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : FEKNOLAC PRIMER 0168-00 - All variants

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

#### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	rning	
Hazard statements	26 - Flammable liquid and vapour 15 - Causes skin irritation. 19 - Causes serious eye irritation. 35 - May cause respiratory irritatio 73 - May cause damage to organ	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	30 - Wear protective gloves. Wea 10 - Keep away from heat, hot su Irces. No smoking. 60 - Do not breathe vapour.	r eye or face protection. rfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

SECTION 2. Hazarus	i C	
Response	:	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Xylene
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
₩ylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥25 - ≤45	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤9.9	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	<0.1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	M [Acute] = 1	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

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# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form

containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid m	easures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any in	mediate medical attention and special treatment needed

4.3 indication of any immed	nate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

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# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

SECTION 5. Fireligh	j illeaduled	
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising	the substance or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion ha In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burs the risk of a subsequent explosion.	
Hazardous combustion products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incic there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protectio chemical incidents.	re s)

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.4 Reference to other	
sections	

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria	

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

- : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific : 1
- : Not available.

solutions

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Kylene	<b>Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). []</b> PEAK: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed</b> <b>through skin.</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 440 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CEIL: 200 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. CEIL: 880 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. <b>Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values</b> (Austria, 4/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Co) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	PEAK: 0.4 mg/m³, (measured as Co), 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
ylene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin.
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 551 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
<pre>{ylene</pre>	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Limit value 15 min: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of</b> <b>Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Cobalt ar</b> <b>inorganic compounds]</b> Limit value 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as cobalt) 8 hours.
<b>K</b> ylene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. STELV: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STELV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [cobalt and compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. ELV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.

Xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed
	through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
<b>X</b> ylene	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
Aylene	Republic, 5/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylhenzene	STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 113.5 ppm 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 5/2021). [] Skin sensitiser.
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction.
	STEL: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 15 minutes. Form: aerosol, inhalable
	fraction.
Xylene	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2021). []
Nylono	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 109 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2021). Absorbed
	through skin. Carcinogen.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 217 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2021). []
	Carcinogen.
	TWA: 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
<b>X</b> ylene	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,
	10/2019). [] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 450 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylhonzono	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.
	TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,
	<b>10/2019). [] Skin sensitiser.</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
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Xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list</b> <b>of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
₩ylene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 440 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 880 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] TWA: 0,02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
Xylene	Ministry of Labor (France, 5/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. <b>Ministry of Labor (France, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b> <b>Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 88.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	<ul> <li>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 440 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 440 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
Ethylbenzene	<ul> <li>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 88 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 88 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
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Xylene	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 650 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021). []
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
Xylene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 2/2020). [] Absorbed
, cylonio	through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PEAK: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 2/2020). Absorbed through
	skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.
	TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PEAK: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 2/2020). [] Skin sensitiser.
	Inhalation sensitiser.
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Mana	
<b>X</b> ylene	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). []
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 109 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). []
	Skin sensitiser.
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: Dust and fumes
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin.
	Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-011: 442 fight o hours. OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds] Skin
	sensitiser. Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit
	Values (OELVs)
	OELV-8hr: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
	$\nabla \mathbf{L} \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n}$ . $\nabla \mathbf{v} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{n}$ , (as $\nabla \mathbf{o} \mathbf{f} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{s}$ .
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Xylene	Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). [] Absorbed through skin.
Ethylbenzene	<ul> <li>8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>Short Term: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hours: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>Short Term: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>Short Term: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
Xylene	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Xylene	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2021). [] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Xylene	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list</b> <b>of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
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	TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
ylene	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
Siene	(Netherlands, 7/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
thylbenzene	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 215 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL, 15-min: 430 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
ylene	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). [] Absorbed through
yione	skin. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 108 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
thylbenzene	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Absorbed through
	skin. Carcinogen. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
obalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). [] Skin sensitiser.
	Reproductive toxin.
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
ylene	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021). [xylene – mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
thylbenzene	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds]
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
(ylene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
thylbenzene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). []
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (expressed as Co) 8 hours.
(ylene	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
	additions (Romania, 3/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
	VLA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	Short term: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
thylbenzene	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
	additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	VLA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	Short term: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Xylene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. <b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Cobalt and its compounds, as Co) 8 hours.
Xylene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	<ul> <li>KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>KTV: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>KTV: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
₩ylene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021). [] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Viene	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction
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<ul> <li>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 870 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 870 mg/m³ 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 870 mg/m³ 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.
SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. Skin
sensitiser.
TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable
dust and aerosol
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,
p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
through skin.

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and
	cobalt compounds] Inhalation sensitiser.
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 552 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
₩ylene	<ul> <li>Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene]</li> <li>BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.</li> <li>BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.</li> <li>BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine].</li> <li>Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.</li> <li>BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.</li> </ul>
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) BEI: 1.5 mg/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 14.1 µmol/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure.
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	BEI: 1.12 mol/mol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.
No exposure indices known.	
<b>⋉</b> ylene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene] BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) BEI: 5,2 mmol/l, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after work shift at the end of the working week or exposure period.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] BEI: 130 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of each work shift work step or a week or exposure period.
No exposure indices known.	

procedures

**Recommended monitoring** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
<b>X</b> ylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	22 i ilig/ili	WUIKEIS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
	DILLE	Long tonin ordi	kg bw/day	population	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	5	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		1	bw/day	14/	
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	442 mg/m	WUIKEIS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5		,
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	77	population	Quanta main
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Derma	bw/day	Wonters	Cysternio
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	_		
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	$27 \mu a/m^3$	General	Local
		Inhalation	37 µg/m³	population	LUGAI
	DNEL	Long term Oral	175 µg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	235.1 µg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Individual protection measu	<u>}S</u>			
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.	,		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufactures check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	es		
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.			
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm			
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.			
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves			
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.			
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.			
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importan aspects of use.			
	Filter type: A			
Environmental experime	Filter type (spray application): A P			
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
: Liquid.				
: Various				

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Odour	1	Slight					
Odour threshold	:	Not ava	ilable.				
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not ava	ilable.				
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:						
Ingredient name			°C		°F	Method	
<b>⊳t</b> hylbenzene			136.1		277	OECD 104	
Xylene			136.16		277.1		
Flammability	:	Not ava	ilable.	i		1	
Lower and upper explosion limit	:	<mark>l∕</mark> ower: ( Upper: (					
Flash point	:	Closed	cup: 26°C (	(78.8°F)			
Auto-ignition temperature	1						
Ingredient name			°C		°F	Method	
			432		809.6		
Ethylbenzene			432.22		810		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not ava	ilable.				
рН	:	Not app	licable.				
Viscosity	:	Kinema	tic (40°C): ≍	>20.5 m	m²/s		
Solubility(ies)	:						
Not available.							
Solubility in water	:	Not ava	ilable.				
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not app	licable.				
Vapour pressure	:						

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
₽thylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
Xylene	6.7	0.89					
Relative density	: Not	available.					
ensity	: 1.3	: 1.3 g/cm <sup>3</sup>					
apour density	: Not	: Not available.					
xplosive properties	: Not available.						
Dxidising properties	: Not available.						
article characteristics							
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.					

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
	oxidising materials

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>X</b> ylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Base

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
	3759.41 mg/kg 30.82 mg/l	

#### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>X</b> ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.				
Sensitisation					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Mutagenicity					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
	carcinogenic hazard of this produ ent of particle clearance mechanis			le dust is inhale	ed in quantities
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the o	classification cr	iteria are	not met.	
Reproductive toxicity					

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

 Teratogenicity

 Conclusion/Summary
 : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	Ionnation		
Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	0,	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene		oral, inhalation	hearing organs

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes of exposure	1	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	;	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	;	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
iitanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classi	fication criteria are not met.	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

# Conclusion/Summary : This

: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
♥ylene	3.6	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Ethylbenzene		-	Low
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		15600	High

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment meth Product	nods
Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.</li> <li>Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.</li> </ul>
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 01/11/2023 Date of previous issue : 07/11/2022 Version : 10 20/26

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

•	
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID	:	<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
ADN	1	<b>Viscous liquid exception</b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.
IMDG	-	<b><u>Viscous liquid exception</u></b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mix	cture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)	

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### Annex XIV

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None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

None of the components are listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous

substances, mixtures and articles			
Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]
FEKNOLAC PRIMER 0168	-00	≥90	3
Labelling	:	Į	-
Other EU regulations			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed		
Explosive precursors	: Not applica	able.	
Ozone depleting substance	<u>ces (1005/2009)</u>	<u>/EU)</u>	
Not listed.			
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	<u>PIC) (649/2012/</u>	<u>EU)</u>	
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	ants		
Seveso Directive This product is controlled ur Danger criteria	nder the Sevesc	Directive.	
Category			
P5c			
National regulations			
<u>Austria</u>	A 11		
VbF class	: A II Very dange	erous flamma	ble liquid.
Limitation of the use of organic solvents	: Permitted.		
Czech Republic			
Storage code	: 11		
<u>Denmark</u>			
Danish fire class	: II-1		
MAL-code	: 4-3	4 - 41	
Protection based on MAL			ations on work involving coded products, the following he use of personal protective equipment:
	coveralls/p clothes do shield mus	rotective cloth not adequate t be worn in v	be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ hing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work by protect skin against contact with the product. A face vork involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this ed use of eye protection is not required.
	respiratory		s in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: ad arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as cted.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

	MAL-code: 4-3 <b>Application:</b> When spraying in new* bo zone. When using scraper or knife, brus outside a closed facility, spray booth or s	sh, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments
	- Air-supplied half mask and eye protecti	on must be worn.
	When using scraper or knife, brush, rolle cabins or booths of the existing* facility t	er, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in ype, if the operator is inside the spray zon
	- Air-supplied half mask, coveralls and e	ye protection must be worn.
	During downtimes, cleaning and repair ir there is a risk of contact with wet paint or	n closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, r organic solvents.
	- Air-supplied full mask and coveralls mu	ist be worn.
	When spraying in existing* spray booths	, if the operator is outside the spray zone.
	- Air-supplied full mask, arm protectors a	and apron must be worn.
	During non-atomising spraying in existing cabin and spray-booth type where the op	g* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray- perator is working inside the spray zone.
	- Air-supplied full mask must be worn.	
		curs in cabins or spray booths where the ring spraying outside a closed facility, cab
	- Air-supplied full mask, coveralls and ho	od must be worn.
	rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with fumes from wet items from passing throu <b>Polishing:</b> When polishing treated surfa	at are temporarily placed on such things a a mechanical exhaust system to prevent ugh workers' inhalation zone. aces, a mask with dust filter must be worr must be worn. Work gloves must always b
	<b>Caution</b> The regulations contain other s	stipulations in addition to the above.
	*See Regulations.	'
Restrictions on use	: Not to be used by professional users bel	ow 18 years of age. See the National ive Order regarding Young People At Wo
List of undesirable substances	: Not listed	
Carcinogenic waste	: Waste containers must be labeled: Cont	
Finland	by Danish working environment legislation	ni un cancel lisks.
France		
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	: Xylene Ethylbenzene Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	RG 4bis, RG 84 RG 84 RG 70
Reinforced medical surveillance	: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of medical surveillance: not applicable	of activities which require reinforced
Germany		
Storage class (TRGS 510)	: 3	
Hazardous incident ordina		

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category			Reference number
P5c			1.2.5.3
Hazard class for water	:	2	
Technical instruction on air quality control		TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 31.6% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 6.4%	
<u>Italy</u>			
D.Lgs. 152/06	1	Not determined.	
Netherlands			
Water Discharge Policy (ABM)		Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous propert environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bio toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z	
<u>Norway</u>			
<u>Sweden</u>			
Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10)	1	2a	
Switzerland			
VOC content	1	VOC (w/w): 37.5%	
nternational regulations			
Chemical Weapon Convent	ion	List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Not listed.			
Iontreal Protocol			
Not listed.			
tockholm Convention on I	Doro	victorit Organia Ballutanta	
Not listed.	ers		
Rotterdam Convention on F	<u>Prio</u>	r Informed Consent (PIC)	
Not listed.			
INECE Aarhus Protocol on Not listed.	<u>P0</u>	Ps and Heavy Metals	
.2 Chemical safety	:	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safet	y Assessments are still

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group
Barriel and the destruction	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Procedure used to derive	e the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

rocedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 12/2/2008 [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 16: Other information			
Classification	Justification		
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data		
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method		
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method		
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method		
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method		

Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>⊮</b> 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of issue/ Date of	: 01/11/2023
revision	
Date of previous issue	e : 07/11/2022

Version

#### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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