Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



TEKNOLAC COMBI 50 - All variants

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Product name

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

### National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

- Telephone number
- Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.
   Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166 Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

# 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements

#### : Warning

- : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
  - H315 Causes skin irritation.
  - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
  - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
  - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour.</li> </ul>
Response	:	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Xylene
Supplemental label elements	1	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product mosts the criteria	۰.	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	None known.

not result in classification

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥25 - ≤45	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤9.9	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures . . . . .

4.1 Description of first aid r	neasures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness Ingestion : No specific data. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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Notes to physician	: <b>F</b> reat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.				
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.				

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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

SECTION 5. Fileligh	uni	y measures
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture		Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products		Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters		Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.4 Reference to other	
sections	

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in vater and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.
	should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

<u>Danger</u>	<u>criteria</u>	

(		Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
F	<b>7</b> 5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
₩ylene	<ul> <li>NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [xylene] Absorbed through skin. Notes:</li> <li>EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values</li> <li>OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.</li> <li>OELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</li> <li>OELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> </ul>
Ethylbenzene	<ul> <li>NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values</li> <li>OELV 8 hours: 100 ppm.</li> <li>OELV 8 hours: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>OELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm.</li> <li>OELV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> </ul>

### **Biological exposure indices**

	nt name Exposure indices
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical. BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.
	: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
procedures	European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
procedures <u>DNELs/DMELs</u> Product/ingredient name	European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. <b>Result</b>
procedures	European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
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<b>SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection</b>
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	<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal</b> 125 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal</b> 212 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b> 221 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b> 221 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 260 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 442 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
titanium dioxide	<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation</b> 28 µg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b> 170 μg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
Ethylbenzene	DMEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 442 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	<b>DMEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation</b> 884 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral</b> 1.6 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	<b>DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation</b> 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation</b> 77 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	<b>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal</b> 180 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Effects: Local

### **PNECs**

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm	
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.	
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves	
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.	
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.	
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>	
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.</li> <li>Filter type: A</li> </ul>	
	Filter type (spray application): A P	
Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.</li> </ul>	

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:
boiling range	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
<b>₽</b> thylbenzene	136.1	277	OECD 104
Xylene	136.16	277.1	

F	lam	ma	bil	ity
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: Not available.

Lower and upper explosion	: 🔀 wer: 0.8% (xylene)
limit	Upper: 6.7% (xylene)

**Flash point** 

: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
<b>X</b> ylene	432	809.6	
Ethylbenzene	432.22	810	

Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Viscosity	: <b>K</b> inematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	:
Not available.	
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	: Not applicable.

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### water

#### Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method		
Fthylbenzene	9.30076	1.2						
Xylene	6.7	0.89						
Relative density	: Not	available.		·				

Relative defisity	. NOLAVA
Density	: 1.2 g/cr
Vapour density	: Not ava

- :m³
- : Not available.
- **Particle characteristics** Median particle size
- : Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

- **Explosive properties** : Not available.
- : Not available. **Oxidising properties**

#### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

<b>SECTION 10: Stabilit</b>	and reactivity	
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredient	S.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, we braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	ld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity	
Product/ingredient name	Result
<b>⋉</b> ylene	Rat - Oral - LD50
	4300 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and
	Bladder - Other changes
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

21.7 mg/l [4 hours]

Ethylbenzene

Rat - Oral - LD50 3500 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 15400 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists 29000 mg/l [4 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
✔EKNOLAC COMBI 50	N/A	3249.9	N/A	26.6	N/A
Xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	15400	N/A	11	29000

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

**Product/ingredient name** 

### **X**ylene

#### Result

Rat - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 8 hours Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

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SECTION II. TOXICOlogical	morman	
		Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 %
titanium dioxide		Human - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug l
Ethylbenzene		Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant         Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours         Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg
Conclusion/Summary [Product] :	Not available.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation		
Product/ingredient name		Result
▼ylene		Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
		<b>Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 5 mg
Ethylbenzene		Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
Conclusion/Summary [Product] :	Not available.	
Respiratory corrosion/irritation Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary [Product] :	Not available.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization Not available.		
Skin Conclusion/Summary [Product] :	Not available.	
Respiratory Conclusion/Summary [Product] :	Not available.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary [Product] :	Not available.	

#### **Carcinogenicity**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung. Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

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Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)
Specific target organ toxicit	y (repeated exposure)
Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation)
Ethylbenzene	STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation
Aspiration hazard	
Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on likely routes	<b>C</b> <i>Y</i>
Not available.	
Potential acute health effect	is a second s
Eye contact	- Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	respiratory tract irritation
	coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.
•	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Pro	oduct] : Not available.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties** Not available.

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Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine
	disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC)
	No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

### **11.2.2 Other information**

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1 Toxicity

# Product/ingredient name

### Result

Acute - LC50 - Marine water Fish - Mummichog - *Fundulus heteroclitus* >1000000 µg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u>: Mortality

### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Water flea - *Ceriodaphnia dubia* - Neonate <u>Age</u>: <24 hours 3 mg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u>: Mortality

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
₩ylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос
<b>₽</b> thylbenzene	2.23	170.406

#### Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	Р	М	Т	vPvM	vP	٧M
<b>X</b> ylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Mobility	: Not av	ailable.					

Conclusion/Summary

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	т	vPvB	vP	vB
₩ylene	No	No	No		No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No		No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No		No	No	No

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

SECTION 12: Ecological information								
Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	т	vPvB	vP	vB	
<mark>∕X</mark> ylene titanium dioxide Ethylbenzene	No No No							

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Product	
Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.</li> <li>Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.</li> </ul>
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	•			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
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<b>SECTION 14:</b>	SECTION 14: Transport information								
14.4 Packing group						I			
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.			No.	N	0.		No.	
Additional information	ation								
ADR/RID		<ul> <li><u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.</li> <li><u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)</li> </ul>							
ADN			<b>uid exception</b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.						
IMDG		:		<b>quid exception</b> T s up to 450 L acco			quid is not :	subject to regulation	in
user uprig		upright and	<b>sport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are nt and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in vent of an accident or spillage.						
14.7 Maritime trans bulk according to instruments		:	Not relevan	t/applicable due t	o nature c	of the produ	ct.		

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

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#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
TEKNOLAC COMBI 50	≥90	3

#### Labelling

Other EU regulations	
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed
Explosive precursors	: Not applicable.
Ozone depleting substance Not listed.	<u>es (EU 2024/590)</u>
Prior Informed Consent (P	IC) (649/2012/EU)

#### Not listed.

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### **Danger criteria**

### Category

P5c

### International regulations

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals** 

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **15.2 Chemical safety** assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

5 1 5
: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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SECTION 16: Ot	her information	
	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
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### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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