# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



**TEKNOLAC COMBI 1282** 

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: FEKNOLAC COMBI 1282

 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

 Product use
 : Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

#### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

 Telephone number
 : National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements

- : Warning
- : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
  - H315 Causes skin irritation.
  - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
  - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
  - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
  - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

SECTION 2: Hazarus		
Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour.</li> </ul>
Response	1	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	1	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	1	Contains: Xylene
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

not result in classification

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
₩ylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥25 - ≤45	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤9.9	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients					
Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	<0.1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	M [Acute] = 1	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
4.2 Most important symptor	ns and effects, both acute and delayed
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eve contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Eye contact	: Adverse sy pain or irrit watering redness	mptoms may include the ation	e following:			
Inhalation		mptoms may include the tract irritation	e following:			
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<b>SECTION 4: First aid</b>	measures
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immedi	ate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	<ul> <li>Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.</li> <li>Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.</li> </ul>
	should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

: Not available.

# Industrial sector specific solutions

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Kylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co]
	Sensitization potential. Notes: Advisory Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
	OELV-8hr: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
<b>K</b> ylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
Ethylbenzene	<ul> <li>NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)</li> <li>BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.</li> <li>BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.</li> </ul>
procedures European S assessment values and r atmosphere of exposure (Workplace for the meas	hould be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: tandard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace s - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures surement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
<b>X</b> ylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
· •		Inhalation	U U	population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	<b>J</b>	population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	<b>J</b>	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	eereg,	population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long tonn Donnar	bw/day	population	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long tonn Donnar	bw/day	W ON CITO	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Inhalation	22 i mg/m	WORKERS	Oysternie
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	442 mg/m	Workers	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Inhalation	442 mg/m	WORKERS	Oysternie
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
Lutyidenzene	DINCL	Long term Oran	bw/day	population	Oysternic
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DINCL	Inhalation	15 mg/m	population	Oysternic
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Inhalation	// mg/m	WUIKEI3	Oysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term Derma	bw/day	WORKERS	Oysternie
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DITLE	Inhalation	200 mg/m	W ON OF O	Loodi
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DIVICE	Inhalation	112 mg/m	W ON OF O	Loodi
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	00 i ilig/ili		eyetenne
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
aromatic	DITEE	Inhalation	0g,	population	eyetenne
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			- ,
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	J	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		,
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term	37 µg/m³	General	Local
, ,,		Inhalation	10	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	175 µg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	235.1 µg/	Workers	Local
	1	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Date of issue/Date of revision

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

<b>-</b>	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness $>$ 0.3 mm gloves
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.</li> </ul>

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	: Liquid.				
Colour	: Various				
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Odour	: Sli	ght				
Odour threshold	Not available.					
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.					
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:					
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aron	natic	135 to 210	275 to 410			
Ethylbenzene		136.1	277	OECD 104		
Flammability	: No	ot available.	i	1		
Lower and upper explosion limit		wer: 0.8% oper: 7.6%				
Flash point	: Cl	osed cup: 25°C (77°	°F)			
Auto-ignition temperature	:					
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aron	natic	280 to 470	536 to 878			
Xylene		432	809.6			
Decomposition temperature	: No	ot available.				
рН	: No	ot applicable.				
Viscosity	: 🕅	nematic (40°C): >20	).5 mm²/s			
Solubility(ies)	:					
Not available.						
Solubility in water	: No	ot available.				
Partition coefficient: n-octanol water	/ : No	ot applicable.				
Vapour pressure	:					
	· · · ·	anour Prossure at	1 20°C	Vanour pressure at 50°C		

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
<b>E</b> thylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
Xylene	6.7	0.89					
Relative density	: Not	: Not available.					
Density	: 1.2	g/cm³					
Vapour density	: Not	: Not available.					
Explosive properties	: Not available.						
Oxidising properties	: Not available.						
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.					

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
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### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
	oxidising materials

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>X</b> ylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
	3639.21 mg/kg 29.81 mg/l		

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>X</b> ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
Ethydhanzana	Even Covere imiterat	Debbit		ug l	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	500 mg 24 hours 15	-
		Rabbit	-		-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	mg 24 hours 100	
light aromatic	Lyes - Mild initiant	Tabbit	-	uL	-
5				uL	
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.				
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	not met.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	not met.	
Carcinogenicity					
	carcinogenic hazard of this produent of particle clearance mechani			le dust is inhale	d in quantities
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	not met.	
Reproductive toxicity					

rtoproduotivo toxiony			
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
<u>Teratogenicity</u>			
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)			

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	0,	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene		oral, inhalation	hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on likely routes : Not available.

#### of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Mutagenicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties** 

Not available.

**11.2.2 Other information** 

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
0	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Harmful to aquatic life with long last	ing effects.	

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
<b>X</b> ylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	15600	High

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment meth	ods
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials about the appled in water and placed in a cleaned material container before diaponal
	should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

 Additional information

 ADR/RID
 : Viscous liquid exception

 This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

		packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
ADN	:	<b><u>Viscous liquid exception</u></b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.
IMDG	:	<b><u>Viscous liquid exception</u></b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]	
FEKNOLAC COMBI 1282		≥90	3	
Labelling :				
Other EU regulations				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	Not listed			
Explosive precursors	Not applicab	le.		
Ozone depleting substances	<u>; (1005/2009/E</u>	<u>:U)</u>		
Not listed.				
Prior Informed Consent (PIC Not listed.	<u>) (649/2012/El</u>	<u>U)</u>		
Persistent Organic Pollutant Not listed.	<u>s</u>			
Seveso Directive This product is controlled unde Danger criteria	er the Seveso I	Directive.		
Category				
P5c				
International regulations				
Chemical Weapon Convention	n List Schedu	iles I, II & III (	Chemicals	
Not listed.				
Montreal Protocol				
Not listed.				
Stockholm Convention on Pe	rsistent Orga	nic Pollutant	<u>s</u>	
Not listed.				
Rotterdam Convention on Pri Not listed.	or Informed C	Consent (PIC	1	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on P	OPs and Heav	vy Metals		
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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

## **15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates informatio	n that has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
-	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>⊮</b> 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

SECTION 16: Other information			
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#### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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