

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOL 1881 - All variants

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : TEKNOL 1881 - All variants

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Paint.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : Prod-safe@teknos.com

#### National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

**Telephone number** : In an emergency, call 112

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

**Response** : P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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**Version** : 10 1/21

TEKNOL 1881 - All variants

**Label No** : 50964

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Hazardous ingredients** : Contains: 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate; Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate); 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one
- Supplemental label elements** : Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for dry film and in-can preservation: IPBC and DCOIT and BIT and DTBMA and MBIT and OIT. Risk of skin sensitisation.
- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** :

### 2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
Titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
(Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated	EC: 500-016-2 CAS: 9004-98-2	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	M [Acute] = 1	[1]
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	≤0.2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.67 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	<0.1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	M [Acute] = 1	[1]
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8	≤0.022	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 567 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.16 mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314: C ≥ 5% Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0.025% ≤ C < 5% Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 3%	[1]

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.025% ≤ C < 3% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100  ATE [Oral] = 1020 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 1	[1]
2-Methyl-1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS: 2527-66-4 Index: 613-336-00-3	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH071 <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	ATE [Oral] = 175 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data.  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.  
**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.  
**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.  
**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.  
**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**6.2 Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

**6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.  
Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Not available.









**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters


#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p> <p>No exposure limit value known.</p>	<p><b>Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values (Austria, 4/2021). [Cobalt and its compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.</b> TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as Co) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as Co), 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction</p>
<p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p>	<p><b>Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds (as cobalt)]</b> Limit value 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as cobalt) 8 hours.</p>
<p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p> <p>No exposure limit value known.</p>	<p><b>Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [cobalt and compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.</b> ELV: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Co) 8 hours.</p>
<p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p>	<p><b>Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [Cobalt and its compounds] Skin sensitiser.</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Co) 8 hours. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction. STEL: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Co) 15 minutes. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction.</p>
<p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p>	<p><b>Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Inorganic compounds of cobalt] Carcinogen.</b> TWA: 0.01 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (calculated as Co) 8 hours.</p>
<p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p> <p>No exposure limit value known.</p>	<p><b>Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser.</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (calculated as Co) 8 hours.</p>
<p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p> <p>No exposure limit value known.</p>	<p><b>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds]</b> TWA: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (calculated as Co) 8 hours.</p>
<p> iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate</p>	<p><b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitiser.</b> PEAK: 0.116 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 0.01 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 0.058 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Skin sensitiser.</b> PEAK: 0.116 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 0.01 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.058 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.</p>
<p>Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p>	<p><b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds (inhalable fraction)] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.</b></p>
<p>1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one</p> <p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p>	<p><b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitiser.</b></p> <p><b>Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). []</b> TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Co) 8 hours.</p>




## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: Dust and fumes
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co] Sensitization potential. Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
No exposure limit value known.	OELV-8hr: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.
No exposure limit value known.	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Inorganic cobalt compounds (except Co(II))] Skin sensitiser. Reproductive toxin.
No exposure limit value known.	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds]
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [cobalt and inorganic compounds]
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (expressed as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [Cobalt and its compounds] Skin sensitiser.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Cobalt and its compounds, as Co) 8 hours.
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021).
No exposure limit value known.	KTV: 0.01 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	KTV: 0.116 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.058 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Inorganic compounds of cobalt, except those expressly stated] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [cobalt and inorganic compounds inhalable fraction, (as Co)] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction
No exposure limit value known.	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Skin sensitiser.
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	STEL: 0.24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols
No exposure limit value known.	STEL: 0.02 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols
No exposure limit value known.	TWA: 0.12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Cobalt and its compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.
No exposure limit value known.	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable

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<p> (2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol</p> <p>Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene</p> <p>Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p> <p>Ammonia</p> <p>2-aminoethanol</p> <p>Dipropyleneglycolmethylether</p>	<p>dust and aerosol</p> <p><b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).</b>  TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 67.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  STEL: 101.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>EU OEL (Europe).</b>  TWA: 50 ppm  TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  STEL: 100 ppm  STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup></p> <p><b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co] Inhalation sensitiser.</b>  TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Co) 8 hours.</p> <p><b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [ammonia anhydrous]</b>  STEL: 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: anhydrous  STEL: 35 ppm 15 minutes. Form: anhydrous  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: anhydrous  TWA: 18 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: anhydrous</p> <p><b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b>  STEL: 7.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b>  TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p>
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### Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
<p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p> Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p>	<p><b>VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [cobalt or its compounds]</b>  BEI Fitness: 10 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.</p> <p><b>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds]</b>  BEI: 130 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of each work shift work step or a week or exposure period.</p> <p><b>DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Cobalt and its compounds] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).</b>  BGV: 35 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.  BEI: 1.5 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.</p>



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

No exposure indices known.  
No exposure indices known.  
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 Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

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No exposure indices known.

 Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

No exposure indices known.

 Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

No exposure indices known.

### **HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Cobalt compounds]**

OBLV: 1 µg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of the week.  
OBLV: 15 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.

### **Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [cobalt and its compounds]**


BLV: 38.45 nmol/mmol creatinine, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.  
BLV: 20.03 µg/g creatinine, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.  
BLV: 509.8 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.  
BLV: 30 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.

### **National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [cobalt and inorganic compounds of cobalt, except oxides]**

VLB: 1 µg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of workweek.  
VLB: 15 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.

### **SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Cobalt and its compounds]**

BEI: 30 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.  
BEI: 509 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** :  Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects	
Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated	DNEL	Long term Oral	25 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	87 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	294 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1250 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2080 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.023 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2 mg/kg bw/day 37 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
DNEL		Long term Oral	175 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Local	
DNEL		Long term Oral	235.1 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.345 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.81 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	

### PNECs

PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type (spray application): A P

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.  
**Colour** : Various  
**Odour** : Slight  
**Odour threshold** : Not available.  
**Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.  
**Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Water	100	212	

**Flammability** : Not available.  
**Lower and upper explosion limit** : Lower: Not applicable.  
Upper: Not applicable.  
**Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)  
**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.  
**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.  
**pH** : 7.8 to 9 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]  
**Viscosity** : Not available.  
**Solubility(ies)** :  
Not available.  
**Solubility in water** : Not available.  
**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.  
**Vapour pressure** :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Water	17.5	2.3				

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.3 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
<u>Particle characteristics</u>	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.67 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.763 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	0.26 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>652 mg/kg	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1585 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	339.67 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
(Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 5 %	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 20 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
	Positive	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 50 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative - Oral	Rabbit - Female	50 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Category 1	-	larynx

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	96 hours
	3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Algae - <i>Scenedemus subspicatus</i>	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l Fresh water		

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4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute NOEC 0.049 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i> Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>	96 hours 21 days 72 hours
	Acute EC50 18 ppb Marine water Acute EC50 0.001 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 22 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2.7 ppb Fresh water Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus pulex</i> Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> Algae - <i>Nitzschia pungens</i>	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Chronic NOEC 0.56 ppb Acute EC50 0.36 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l Acute LC50 1.9 mg/l Fresh water Acute NOEC 0.15 mg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> Algae - <i>Skeletonema Costatum</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i> Fish - <i>Onorhynchus Mykiss</i> Algae - <i>Skeletonema Costatum</i>	97 days 72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 72 hours
2-Methyl-1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water	Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.92 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 0.24 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.16 ppm	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	32 days

**Conclusion/Summary** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EU	24 % - 28 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	-	Not readily
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	Inherent

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	>1	-	Low
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	15600	High
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	3.2	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.  
Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.

**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)** : 080112, 200128

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	<b>ADR/RID</b>	<b>ADN</b>	<b>IMDG</b>	<b>IATA</b>
<b>14.1 UN number or ID number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern



## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

None of the components are listed.

### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TEKNOL 1881	≥90	3

Labelling :

#### Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

#### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### National regulations

##### Austria

VbF class : Not regulated.

Limitation of the use of organic solvents : Permitted.

##### Czech Republic

Storage code :

##### Denmark

Danish fire class : V-1

#### Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> titanium dioxide	Listed	-

MAL-code : 0-3

Protection based on MAL : **According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:**

**General:** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

MAL-code: 0-3

**Application:** During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing\* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone.

- Coveralls must be worn.

When spraying in existing\* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Arm protectors and apron must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Gas filter mask must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, coveralls and hood must be worn.

**Drying:** Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

**Polishing:** When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

**Caution** The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

\*See Regulations.

- Restrictions on use** : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.
- List of undesirable substances** : Not listed
- Carcinogenic waste** : Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

### Finland

### France

**Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7** : Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) RG 70

**Reinforced medical surveillance** : Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

### Germany

### TRGS 905

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development
Cobalt compounds	K2	M1A	RF1A	RD1A

**Storage class (TRGS 510)** : 10

### Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is not controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

**Hazard class for water** : 3

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Technical instruction on air quality control** :  A-Luft Number 5.2.5: 18.5%  
TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.2%

**AOX** : The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

### Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

### Netherlands

**Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances**

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-

**Water Discharge Policy (ABM)** : Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

### Norway

### Sweden

### Switzerland

**VOC content** : Exempt.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
N/A = Not available  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
RRN = REACH Registration Number  
SGG = Segregation Group  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

## SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1

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### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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