Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Malta

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNODUR PRIMER 3411 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

 \square

: FEKNODUR PRIMER 3411 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

 Telephone number
 : Malta Competition and Consumer Affairs Authority (MCCAA): +356 2395 2000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ig sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.	nition

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KNODUR PRIMER 3411 - All va	ariants			Label No	4 992	D

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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Response	:	P391 - Collect spillage.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: n-Butyl acetate; 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate; Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated and Maleic anhydride
Supplemental label elements	:	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	-	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
R-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]

SECTION 3: Compo	silion/informat		-		
Phosphoric acid, polymer with 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol] and 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxir ane]	-	<3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Dam. 1, H318	-	[1]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	REACH #: 01-2119976378-19 EC: 288-306-2 CAS: 85711-46-2	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
nitroethane	REACH #: 01-2119966158-27 EC: 201-188-9 CAS: 79-24-3 Index: 609-035-00-1	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Methylisobutylketone	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (evennumbered) - alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	REACH #: 01-2119977130-42 EC: 269-662-8	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 528 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

I.1 Description of first aid measures					
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.				
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.				
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.				
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.				
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.				

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/s	ymptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any imi	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

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5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO_2 , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	m the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazar In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, we the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incider there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection f chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

contractor.

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	СС	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an

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appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

- : Not available.
- : Not available.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
R-Butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]
	Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational
	exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
nitroethane	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 312 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 62 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Methylisobutylketone	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 83 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 208 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m ³	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Kylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic	
		5	kg bw/day	population	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	5 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 83 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic	
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	bw/day 6.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	bw/day 26.7 mg/	population General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 59 mg/m³	population General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	98 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	147 mg/m³	General	Local	
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	246 mg/m ³	population Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Inhalation	240 mg/m-	vvorkers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	426 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term	1091 mg/	Workers	Systemic	
atty acids, C14-18 and	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	m³ 1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic	
C16-18-unsatd., maleated	DINLL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
itroethane	DNEL	Long term	2 mg/m³	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	5 mg/m³	population General	Local	
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	5 mg/m³	population General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	8.4 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	15 mg/m³	General	Local	
		Inhalation	47	population	Quatantia	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	17 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m³	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	50 mg/m³	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	210 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	350 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1250 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2100 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
Methylisobutylketone	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m³	General	Systemic	
		minalation		population		

	DNEL	Long term	83 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DITLE	Inhalation	oo mg/m	Workere	Local
	DNEL	Long term	83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	51122	Inhalation	oo mg/m	TT OF ROLD	oyeterme
	DNEL	Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	m ³	population	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Systemic
	DITLE	Inhalation	m ³	population	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DITE	Inhalation	200 mg/m	Workere	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	,		e yetonino
Maleic anhydride	DNEL	Long term	0.081 mg/	Workers	Local
······································		Inhalation	m ³		
	DNEL	Long term	0.081 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³		,
	DNEL	Short term	0.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ŭ		
	DNEL	Short term	0.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ		,
	DNEL	Long term	0.05 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.06 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	0.08 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type: A
Environmental exposure controls	 Filter type (spray application): A P Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:
boiling range	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
p-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103	
Xylene	136.16	277.1		
lammability	: Not available.		1	
ower and upper explosion mit	: Cower: 0.8% Upper: 7.6%			
lash point	: Closed cup: 25°C	(77°F)		
uto-ignition temperature				

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
24 Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		333	631.4	DIN 51794	
n-Butyl acetate		415	779	EU A.15	
ecomposition temperature	: No	ot available.	·		
н	: No	ot applicable.			
/iscosity	: No	ot available.			
olubility(ies)	:				
Not available.					
olubility in water	: No	ot available.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	: No	ot applicable.			

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	1	Not applicab
water		

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			V	apour pres	essure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
p-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Xylene	6.7	0.89				
Relative density	: Not	available.	•			
Density	: 1.5	g/cm³				
Vapour density	: Not	available.				
Explosive properties	: Not	available.				
Oxidising properties	: Not	available.				
Particle characteristics						

: Not applicable.

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SECTION 10: Stabilit	and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 <u>Acute toxicity</u>

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
nitroethane	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	-
Methylisobutylketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (evennumbered) - alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	528 mg/kg	-
Maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	24867.54 mg/kg 172.75 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
R-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
		_ <i>(</i>		mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	mg 72 hours 300	-
		Tuman	-	ug l	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
2 Batoxyothanol		1 (d) Dit		mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Methylisobutylketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		5		mg	
Maleic anhydride	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic skin re	action.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Carcinogenicity					
	carcinogenic hazard of this produent of particle clearance mechanis			le dust is inhale	ed in quantities

Reproductive toxicity

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Xylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Methylisobutylketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

of exposure <u>Potential acute health effects</u>

Information on likely routes : Not available.

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
p -Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Methylisobutylketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	33 days
Maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
P -Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	Low
acetate			
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
nitroethane	0.18	-	Low
Methylisobutylketone	1.9	-	Low
Maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)				3
14.4 Packing group				
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SECTION 14: T	ransp	ort infor	mation			
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.		Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	
Additional informati	ion					
ADR/RID		sizes of	ironmentally haza ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>code</u> (D/E)	rdous substance mark is	not required when transported in	
ADN			: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.			
IMDG		: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 l			nsported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	
ΙΑΤΑ			ironmentally haza tation regulations		ay appear if required by other	
14.6 Special precaut user	ions for	upright a		re that persons transportin	ort in closed containers that are ig the product know what to do in	
14.7 Maritime transp bulk according to IM instruments		: Not rele	vant/applicable du	ue to nature of the product		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

2

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
FEKNODUR PRIMER 3411	≥90	3

Labelling

Other EU regulations		
Industrial emissions	:	Not listed
(integrated pollution		
prevention and control) - Air		
Industrial emissions	:	Not listed
(integrated pollution		
prevention and control) -		
Water		
Explosive precursors	1	Not applicable.
Ozone depleting substance	ces	(1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.		
Prior Informed Consent (F	PIC)	<u>(649/2012/EU)</u>
Not listed.		
Persistent Organic Polluta	ants	2
Not listed.		

Seveso Directive

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category P5c

E2

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment	required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

o i j
: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.				
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.				
H302	Harmful if swallowed.				
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.				
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.				
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.				
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.				
H315	Causes skin irritation.				
H317	317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
H318	Causes serious eye damage.				
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.				
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SECTION 16: Other information		
H331	Toxic if inhaled.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.	

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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