

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNODUR COMBI 3560-90 - All variants

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : TEKNODUR COMBI 3560-90 - All variants

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

TEKNOS Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

#### National contact

TEKNOS Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226  
Skin Corr. 1C, H314  
Eye Dam. 1, H318  
Skin Sens. 1, H317  
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Response</b>   | : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> P391 - Collect spillage.<br>P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  |
| <b>Storage</b>  | : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable.  |
| <b>Disposal</b>   | : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.   |
| <b>Hazardous ingredients</b>  | : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl)bis-dl-aspartate<br>1,3,3-trimethyl-N-(2-methylpropylidene)-5-[(2-methylpropylidene)amino]-cyclohexanemethylamine<br>EO bis(benzotriazolyl)phenylpropionat<br>Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate |
| <b>Supplemental label elements</b>  | : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.   |
| <b>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</b> | :  |

### 2.3 Other hazards

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII</b> | : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
| <b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b>   | : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None known.   |

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name  | Identifiers  | %         | Classification   | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Type    |
|--|--|-----------|--|---|---------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl)bis-dl-aspartate | REACH #:<br>01-0000017556-64<br>EC: 429-270-1<br>CAS: 136210-30-5<br>Index: 607-521-00-8 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 3, H412                  | -   | [1]     |
| n-Butyl acetate  | REACH #:<br>01-2119485493-29<br>EC: 204-658-1<br>CAS: 123-86-4<br>Index: 607-025-00-1    | ≤10       | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>EUH066                | -   | [1] [2] |
| Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)  | REACH #:<br>01-2119485044-40<br>EC: 231-944-3<br>CAS: 7779-90-0<br>Index: 030-011-00-6   | ≤10       | Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410               | M [Acute] = 1<br>M [Chronic] = 1          | [1]     |
| 1,3,3-trimethyl-N-(2-methylpropylidene)-5-[(2-methylpropylidene)amino]-cyclohexanemethylamine        | REACH #:<br>01-2119978283-28<br>EC: 259-393-4<br>CAS: 54914-37-3                         | ≤10       | Skin Corr. 1C, H314<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1A, H317 | -   | [1]     |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate  | REACH #:<br>01-2119475791-29<br>EC: 203-603-9<br>CAS: 108-65-6                           | ≤5        | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H336                          | -   | [1] [2] |

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Label No :  1928

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

|  |   |      |  |   |         |
|--|---|------|--|---|---------|
| Xylene   | Index: 607-195-00-7<br>REACH #:<br>01-2119488216-32<br>EC: 215-535-7<br>CAS: 1330-20-7<br>Index: 601-022-00-9 | ≤5   | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>(oral, inhalation)<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | ATE [Dermal] =<br>1100 mg/kg<br>ATE [Inhalation<br>(vapours)] = 11 mg/<br>l | [1] [2] |
| titanium dioxide   | REACH #:<br>01-2119489379-17<br>EC: 236-675-5<br>CAS: 13463-67-7  | ≤1   | Carc. 2, H351<br>(inhalation)  | -   | [1] [*] |
| EO bis(benztriazolyl)<br>phenylpropionat   | REACH #:<br>01-0000015075-76<br>EC: 400-830-7<br>CAS: 104810-48-2<br>Index: 607-176-00-3                      | <1   | Skin Sens. 1A, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 2,<br>H411  | -   | [1]     |
| Reaction mass of Bis<br>(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-<br>4-piperidyl) sebacate and<br>Methyl<br>1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-<br>4-piperidyl sebacate | REACH #:<br>01-2119491304-40  | ≤1   | Skin Sens. 1A, H317<br>Repr. 2, H361f<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1,<br>H410   | M [Acute] = 1<br>M [Chronic] = 1  | [1]     |
| Zinc oxide   | REACH #:<br>01-2119463881-32<br>EC: 215-222-5<br>CAS: 1314-13-2<br>Index: 030-013-00-7                        | ≤0.3 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1,<br>H410<br><br><b>See Section 16 for<br/>the full text of the H<br/>statements declared<br/>above.</b>   | M [Acute] = 1<br>M [Chronic] = 1  | [1]     |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Contains: > 1 % TiO<sub>2</sub>

### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### Eye contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

#### Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

- Skin contact** :  Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** :  Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** :  No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** :  No specific data.
- Skin contact** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** :  In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** :  No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** :  Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** :  Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** :  Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides  
phosphorus oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : Specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

##### Danger criteria

| Category  | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold  |
|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| P5c<br>E2 | 5000 tonne<br>200 tonne         | 50000 tonne<br>500 tonne |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name         | Exposure limit values  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| n-Butyl acetate                 | <b>EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 723 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 241 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | <b>EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b><br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.                     |

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Xylene

STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values**

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name  | Type                  | Exposure              | Value                  | Population         | Effects            |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| TetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl)bis-dl-aspartate | DNEL                  | Short term Oral       | 1.4 mg/kg bw/day       | General population | Systemic           |
|  | DNEL                  | Long term Oral        | 1.4 mg/kg bw/day       | General population | Systemic           |
|  | DNEL                  | Short term Dermal     | 1.4 mg/kg bw/day       | General population | Systemic           |
|  | DNEL                  | Long term Dermal      | 1.4 mg/kg bw/day       | General population | Systemic           |
|  | DNEL                  | Long term Dermal      | 4 mg/kg bw/day         | Workers            | Systemic           |
|  | DNEL                  | Short term Inhalation | 4.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population | Systemic           |
|  | DNEL                  | Long term Inhalation  | 4.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population | Systemic           |
|  | DNEL                  | Long term Inhalation  | 28 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Workers            | Systemic           |
|  | DNEL                  | Short term Inhalation | 112 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers            | Systemic           |
|  | n-Butyl acetate       | DNEL                  | Long term Dermal       | 3.4 mg/kg bw/day   | General population |
| DNEL   |                       | Long term Dermal      | 7 mg/kg bw/day         | Workers            | Systemic           |
| DNEL   |                       | Long term Inhalation  | 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | General population | Systemic           |
| DNEL   |                       | Long term Inhalation  | 48 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Workers            | Systemic           |
| DNEL   |                       | Short term Oral       | 2 mg/kg bw/day         | General population | Systemic           |
| DNEL   |                       | Long term Oral        | 2 mg/kg bw/day         | General population | Systemic           |
| DNEL   |                       | Short term Dermal     | 6 mg/kg bw/day         | General population | Systemic           |
| DNEL   |                       | Short term Dermal     | 11 mg/kg bw/day        | Workers            | Systemic           |
| DNEL   |                       | Long term Inhalation  | 35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population | Local              |
| DNEL   |                       | Short term Inhalation | 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population | Local              |
| DNEL   | Short term Inhalation | 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population     | Systemic           |                    |

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|   |                  |                       |                        |                       |                    |          |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Local              |          |
|   | DNEL             | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Local              |          |
|   | DNEL             | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Oral        | 0.83 mg/kg bw/day      | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    | Workers               | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Dermal      | 83 mg/kg bw/day        | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Dermal      | 83 mg/kg bw/day        | Workers               | Systemic           |          |
| 1,3,3-trimethyl-N-(2-methylpropylidene)-5-[(2-methylpropylidene)amino]-cyclohexanemethylamine | DNEL             | Long term Oral        | 0.526 mg/kg bw/day     | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Systemic           |          |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate   | DNEL             | Long term Oral        | 1.67 mg/kg bw/day      | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | General population    | Local              |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Dermal      | 54.8 mg/kg bw/day      | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Dermal      | 153.5 mg/kg bw/day     | Workers               | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Short term Inhalation | 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Local              |          |
| Xylene  | DNEL             | Long term Oral        | 1.6 mg/kg bw/day       | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Workers               | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Dermal      | 108 mg/kg bw/day       | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Dermal      | 180 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers               | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Short term Inhalation | 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Local              |          |
|   | DNEL             | Short term Inhalation | 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population    | Local              |          |
|   | DNEL             | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population    | Local              |          |
|   | DNEL             | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population    | Systemic           |          |
|   | DNEL             | Long term Inhalation  | 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Local              |          |
|   | titanium dioxide | DNEL                  | Long term Inhalation   | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers            | Local    |
|   |                  | DNEL                  | Long term Oral         | 700 mg/kg bw/day      | General population | Systemic |
|   | Zinc oxide       | DNEL                  | Long term Inhalation   | 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers            | Local    |
| DNEL  |                  | Long term Oral        | 0.83 mg/kg bw/day      | General population    | Systemic           |          |



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|  |      |                      |                       |                    |          |
|--|------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Workers            | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal     | 83 mg/kg bw/day       | General population | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal     | 83 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers            | Systemic |

### PNECs

No PNECs available

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

- Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

- Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

- Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

#### Hand protection

- Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time):  Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time):  polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time):  Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### Body protection

- Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

#### Other skin protection

- Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

- Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Filter type:  A

Filter type (spray application):  P

### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

**Physical state** :  Liquid.  
**Colour** :  Various  
**Odour** :  Slight  
**Odour threshold** :  Not available.  
**Melting point/freezing point** :  Not available.  
**Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

| Ingredient name                                   | °C     | °F    | Method   |
|---|--------|-------|----------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Butyl acetate | 126    | 258.8 | OECD 103 |
| Xylene  | 136.16 | 277.1 |          |

**Flammability** :  Not available.  
**Lower and upper explosion limit** :  Lower: 0.8%  
Upper: 7.6%  
**Flash point** :  Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)  
**Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name  | °C  | °F  | Method   |
|--|-----|-----|----------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> [(2-methoxy-4-nitrophenyl)azo]-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxobutyramide | 180 | 356 | VDI 2263 |
| 2-[[1-[[[(2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-benzimidazol-5-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-oxopropyl]azo]benzoic acid          | 320 | 608 |          |

**Decomposition temperature** :  Not available.  
**pH** :  Not applicable.  
**Viscosity** :  Not available.  
**Solubility(ies)** :  
Not available.

**Solubility in water** :  Not available.  
**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** :  Not applicable.  
**Vapour pressure** :

| Ingredient name                                   | Vapour Pressure at 20°C |      |                | Vapour pressure at 50°C |     |        |
|---|-------------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|-----|--------|
|   | mm Hg                   | kPa  | Method         | mm Hg                   | kPa | Method |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Butyl acetate | 11.25                   | 1.5  | DIN EN 13016-2 |                         |     |        |
| Xylene  | 6.7                     | 0.89 |                |                         |     |        |

**Relative density** :  Not available.  
**Density** :  1.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
**Vapour density** :  Not available.  
**Explosive properties** :  Not available.  
**Oxidising properties** :  Not available.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                 | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|---|------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Butyl acetate   | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 0.74 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 14112 mg/kg | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 10760 mg/kg | -        |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate   | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg     | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 8532 mg/kg  | -        |
| Xylene  | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 21.7 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg  | -        |
| Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | LD50 Dermal            | Rat     | >3170 mg/kg | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 3230 mg/kg  | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route                | ATE value      |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Dermal               | 27793.57 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 277.94 mg/l    |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Butyl acetate           | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg          | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |
| Xylene                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg           | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5 mg   | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 uL   | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 %           | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

|                  |                      |        |   |                      |   |
|------------------|----------------------|--------|---|----------------------|---|
| titanium dioxide | Skin - Mild irritant | Human  | - | mg<br>72 hours 300   | - |
| Zinc oxide       | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | ug l<br>24 hours 500 | - |
|                  | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | mg<br>24 hours 500   | - |
|                  |                      |        |   | mg                   |   |

**Conclusion/Summary** :  Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

### Sensitisation

**Conclusion/Summary** :  May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** :  Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** :  Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** :  Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** :  Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                           | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Butyl acetate | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate                   | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| Xylene  | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                    | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Xylene | Category 2 | oral, inhalation  | -             |

### Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name                    | Result                         |
|--|--------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on likely routes of exposure** :  Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** :  Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** :  Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** :  No specific data.

**Skin contact** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur

**Ingestion** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects :  Not available.

Potential delayed effects :  Not available.

#### Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects :  Not available.

Potential delayed effects :  Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary :  Not available.

General :  Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                                | Species  | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|----------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl)bis-dl-aspartate                   | Acute EC50 113 mg/l                   | Algae  | 72 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 88.6 mg/l                  | Daphnia  | 48 hours |
| n-Butyl acetate  | Acute LC50 66 mg/l                    | Fish   | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water       | Crustaceans - Artemia salina                                       | 48 hours |
| Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)  | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l                  | Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum                                  | 72 hours |
| titanium dioxide   | Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l                  | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia                                   | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water         | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate                         | 48 hours |
| Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water       | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate                                  | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus                                       | 96 hours |
| Zinc oxide   | EC50 1.68 mg/l                        | Aquatic plants - Desmododesmodus subspicatus                       | 72 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 0.9 mg/l                   | Fish - Brachydanio rerio   | 96 hours |
| Zinc oxide   | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l                   | Daphnia  | 21 days  |
|  | Acute IC50 46 µg/l Fresh water        | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
|  | Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water     | Algae - Skeletonema costatum                                       | 96 hours |

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

|  |                                |                                   |          |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|
|  | Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss        | 96 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary** : ☑ Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : ☑ This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name  | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| ☑ TetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl)bis-dl-aspartate | 5.16               | 0.25        | low       |
| n-Butyl acetate  | 2.3                | -           | low       |
| Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)  | -                  | 60960       | high      |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate                                    | 1.2                | -           | low       |
| Xylene   | 3.12               | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| Zinc oxide   | -                  | 28960       | high      |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : ☑ Not available.

**Mobility** : ☑ Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

☑ No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : ☑ The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : ☑ The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)** : ☑ 080111\*, 200127\*

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : ☑ The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.



## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|                                 | ADR/RID                      | ADN                          | IMDG                         | IATA   |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number     | UN3469                       | UN3469                       | UN3469                       | UN3469   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name    | PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE  | PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE  | PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE  | PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE  |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 (8)<br><br>(F+), (C+), (N) | 3 (8)<br><br>(F+), (C+), (N) | 3 (8)<br><br>(F+), (C+), (N) | 3 (8)<br><br>(F+), (C+), (N)                                       |
| 14.4 Packing group              | III                          | III                          | III                          | III  |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards      | Yes.                         | Yes.                         | Yes.                         | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

### Additional information

**ADR/RID** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)

**ADN** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**  
**EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)**

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation**

**Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern**

None of the components are listed.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** :  
on the manufacture,  
placing on the market  
and use of certain  
dangerous substances,  
mixtures and articles

### Other EU regulations

**Industrial emissions** :  Not listed  
(integrated pollution  
prevention and control) -  
Air

**Industrial emissions** :  Not listed  
(integrated pollution  
prevention and control) -  
Water

### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### Danger criteria

#### Category

5c  
E2

### National regulations

### International regulations

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** :  This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
N/A = Not available  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
RRN = REACH Registration Number  
SGG = Segregation Group  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification   | Justification   |
|--|---|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Skin Corr. 1C, H314<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | On basis of test data<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| H226   | Flammable liquid and vapour.                                       |
| H304   | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                      |
| H312   | Harmful in contact with skin.                                      |
| H314   | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.                           |
| H315   | Causes skin irritation.  |
| H317   | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                               |
| H318   | Causes serious eye damage.   |
| H319   | Causes serious eye irritation.                                     |
| H332   | Harmful if inhaled.  |
| H335   | May cause respiratory irritation.                                  |
| H336   | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                                 |
| H351   | Suspected of causing cancer.                                       |
| H361f  | Suspected of damaging fertility.                                   |
| H373   | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400   | Very toxic to aquatic life.  |
| H410   | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.              |
| H411   | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                   |
| H412   | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                 |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.              |

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 4      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                                     |
| Aquatic Acute 1   | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1                  |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1                 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2                 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3                 |
| Asp. Tox. 1       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                                  |
| Carc. 2           | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2                                    |
| Eye Dam. 1        | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1                  |
| Eye Irrit. 2      | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2                  |
| Flam. Liq. 3      | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3                                  |
| Repr. 2           | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2                              |
| Skin Corr. 1C     | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C                         |
| Skin Irrit. 2     | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2                          |
| Skin Sens. 1      | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1                                 |
| Skin Sens. 1A     | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A                                |
| STOT RE 2         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3   |

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## SECTION 16: Other information

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### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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