Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNODUR 3510-23 - TS 0002 HVID BASE 2

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: FEKNODUR 3510-23 - TS 0002 HVID BASE 2 **Product name**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against : Paint. **Product use**

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Peknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

knos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number

: Mational Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

: Mixture Product definition

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fíam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word **Hazard statements**

: Warning

- : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention	-	 Vear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	:	♥314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage		₱403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	1	P 501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Kylene 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Butanone
Supplemental label elements	1	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according	1	In the provide the provide the provided and the provided at the provided a

1907/2006, Annex XIII Other hazards which do : Mone known. not result in classification

to Regulation (EC) No.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
₩ylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475116-39 EC: 259-370-9 CAS: 54839-24-6 Index: 603-177-00-8	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
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SECTION 3: Comp	osition/informat	ion on ir	ngredients		
			EUH066		
Butanone	REACH #: 01-2119457290-43 EC: 201-159-0 CAS: 78-93-3 Index: 606-002-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
propylidynetrimethanol	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361fd	-	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Fush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	■ No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/	<u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments : No specific treatment.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: <mark>I</mark> /se dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Mammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5	5
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pr	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: F specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth

combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.sections: See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Fating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
₱5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

- Industrial sector specific
- solutions
- : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Vlene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Butanone	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 600 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 900 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

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Product/ingredient name		Exposure indices		
X ylene		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.		
Butanone		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 70 μmol/l, butan-2- one [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.		
Ethylbenzene		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical. BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.		
Recommended monitoring procedures	European Sta assessment of values and m atmospheres of exposure to (Workplace a for the measu	ould be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: indard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit easurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment o chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 tmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure irement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance r methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be		

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	152 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
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ECTION 8: Exposure cor	trols/p	personal prote	ction		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	13.1 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population General	Quatamia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	103 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	181 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	1420 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2366 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
aromatic		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m ³	population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
Butanone	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	m³ 31 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Long toni ora	bw/day	population	e yetenne
	DNEL	Long term	106 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	412 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DIVEL	Long term Derma	bw/day	population	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	1161 ma/	Workers	Systemic
	5.122	Long tom Domai	kg bw/day	T on or	e yetenne
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 15 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
		Inhalation	i o mg/m	population	e yeternie
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL		bw/day	WOINCI3	Gysternie
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Inhalation Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DIVICE	Inhalation	442 mg/m	Workers	Loodi
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVEL		bw/day	population	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 6 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DINCE	Short term Derman	bw/day	population	Oysternic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 35.7 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	55.7 mg/m	population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m³	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	300 mg/m ³	population General	Systemic
			500 mg/m	General	Systemic
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		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
propylidynetrimethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.34 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.34 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.58 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.94 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.3 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls					
Appropriate engineering controls	Se only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.				
Individual protection measure	<u>S</u>				
Hygiene measures	\overline{W} ash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.				
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.				
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.				
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Mitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm				
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.				
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): $\sqrt[7]{i}$ ton \otimes thickness > 0.3 mm gloves				
	\overline{M} ash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.				

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type:
	Filter type (spray application): 🛛 🕅 P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: 🗾 🗹 quid.
Colour	: 🕅 hite.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	Butanone	79.59	175.3	
	n-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103
Flammability : Not ava		ailable.		

Lower and upper explosion	: 🔽 wer: 0.8%
limit	Upper: 11.5%

Flash point : Closed cup:

: **Ø**losed cup: 25°C (77°F)

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Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aroma	atic	280 to 470	536 to 878				
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		325	617				
Decomposition temperature	: Not ava	ilable.					
рН	: Not app	licable.					
Viscosity	: Not ava	ilable.					
Solubility(ies)							
Not available.							
Solubility in water	: Not ava	ilable.					
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not app	licable.					
Vapour pressure	:						
Date of issue/Date of revision	:06/06/2023	Date of previo	us issue : 06	6/05/2019	Version	:1.01	10/19
ÉKNODUR 3510-23 - TS 0002 HV	ID BASE 2	2			Label No	4 6522	2

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Butanone	78.76	10.5					
n-Butyl acetate	11.25	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2				
elative density	: Not	available.				·	
ensity	: 1.1	g/cm³					
apour density : Not available.							
xplosive properties : Not available.							
xidising properties	: Not	available.					
article characteristics							
ledian particle size	: Not	applicable.					

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity						
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.					
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.					
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Vinder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.					
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.					
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials					
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Vinder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.					

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
X ylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	5282.54 mg/kg 43.33 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion							
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation		
X ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-		
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-		
				mg			
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-		
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-		
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-		
				mg			
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-		
		5		ug l			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-		
light aromatic	Skin Mild irritant	Dabbit		uL			
Butanone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-		
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg 24 hours 500			
		Rabbit	-	mg	-		
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-		
				mg			
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-		
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-		
				mg			
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.						
<u>Sensitisation</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, th	e classification c	riteria are	e not met.			
Mutagenicity							
Conclusion/Summary							
Carcinogenicity							
It has been observed that the	carcinogenic hazard of this pro	duct arises wher	n respirab	le dust is inhale	d in quantities		

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)					

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
X ylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Butanone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<mark>X</mark> ylene	0,	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene		oral, inhalation	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Kylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: 🖉 auses serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: 🖉 auses skin irritation.
Ingestion	: 🗭 an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to t	he physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness

Ingestion	: No specific data.
	· ·

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: \mathbf{M} ay cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties Not available. 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
itanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Butanone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14400000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Farmful to aquatic life with long lasting	g effects.	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
X ylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl	0.76	-	low
acetate			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	high
light aromatic			
Butanone	0.3	-	low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment metho	ds
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 🛛 🕅 80111*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	<mark>₩</mark> N1263	₩ N1263	<mark>₩</mark> N1263	<mark>Ø</mark> N1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	8		8
14.4 Packing group	III.	M	M	W
14.5 Environmental hazards	N o.	N o.	No.	N o.

Additional information

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ADR/RID
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: **Tunnel code** (D/E)

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Fransport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV Name of the components are listed
None of the components are listed.
Substances of very high concern
None of the components are listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions : on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain
dangerous substances, mixtures and articles
Other EU regulations
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) Not listed.
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed.
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.
Seveso Directive This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive. Danger criteria
Category
₽5c
International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.
Montreal Protocol Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	hat has changed non previously loaded version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Procedure used to deriv	a the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CL R/GHS]

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

<mark>₩</mark> 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of issue/ Date of	: 06/06/2023
revision	
Date of previous issue	e : 06/05/2019
Version	: 1.01
	KNODUR 3510-23_TS 0002 HVID BASE 2

Notice to reader

SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.