SAFETY DATA SHEET



Label No :51947

TEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : FEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 1/32

EKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection,

or hearing protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

Response : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Contains: n-Butyl acetate; Methylisobutylketone; EO bis(benztriazolyl)

phenylpropionat and Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)

sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Supplemental label

elements

ents

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles .

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Methylisobutylketone	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1]

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 23/10/2023
 Date of previous issue
 : 10/08/2022
 Version
 : 6
 2/32

 ▼EKNODUR 295-900 - All variants
 Label No : 51947

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

L ₁		•	•		
	Index: 649-356-00-4		Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066		
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2 Index: 607-176-00-3	≤3	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤1	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0] undec-7-ene	EC: 229-713-7 CAS: 6674-22-2	<1	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Label No :51947

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 3/32

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 4/32

▼ÉKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue · 10/08/2022 Version: 6 5/32 FÉKNODUR 295-900 - All variants Label No :51947

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
r-Butyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butyl acetate (all isomers except tert-butyl acetate)] CEIL: 480 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Methylisobutylketone	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Ethyl-3-ethoxypropionate	PEAK: 208 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 610 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	TWA: 610 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] PEAK: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [] STEL: 712 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Methylisobutylketone	TWA: 238 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Xylene	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 23/10/2023Date of previous issue: 10/08/2022Version: 66/32▶ EKNODUR 295-900 - All variantsLabel No : 51947

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021).

Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Methylisobutylketone Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021).

Limit value 8 hours: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Xylene Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene]

Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/STELV (Croatia, 1/2021).

STELV: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Methylisobutylketone Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/

STELV (Croatia, 1/2021).
STELV: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STELV: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

ELV: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Xylene Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed

through skin.

STELV: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/

STELV (Croatia).

ELV: 100 ppm ELV: 400 mg/m³

n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative

occupational exposure limit values

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Methylisobutylketone EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative

occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure

limit values

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Label No :51947

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 7/32

Butyl acetate Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 5/2021). TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 149.661 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 49.887 ppm 8 hours. Methylisobutylketone Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 80 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 19.2 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 48 ppm 15 minutes. Ethyl-3-ethoxypropionate Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 5/2021). TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 24.75 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 82.5 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 5/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 5/2021). [] TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Butyl acetate, all isomers1 TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed Methylisobutylketone through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, Methylisobutylketone 12/2022). TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 23/10/2023Date of previous issue: 10/08/2022Version: 68/32▼EKNODUR 295-900 - All variantsLabel No : 51947

n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative Methylisobutylketone occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **Xylene** EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 720 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 960 mg/m3 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 80 ma/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 210 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **Xylene** Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 440 mg/m3 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020). TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes. Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Binding regulatory Methylisobutylketone limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [hydrocarbons C6-C12] Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapour STEL: 1500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Vapour

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 : 10/08/2022 Version: 6 9/32 Date of previous issue FEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants Label No :51947

n-Butyl acetate DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 480 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 960 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 62 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 124 ppm 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 166 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 166 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Ethyl-3-ethoxypropionate DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 610 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 8 hours. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 610 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed through TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit n-Butyl acetate values (Greece, 9/2021). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 410 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **Xylene** Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 650 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 23/10/2023Date of previous issue: 10/08/2022Version: 610/32▼EKNODUR 295-900 - All variantsLabel No : ₹1947

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Skin sensitiser. n-Butvl acetate Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Methylisobutylketone TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. **Xylene** 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [] n-Butyl acetate TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [] **Xylene** Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. n-Butyl acetate NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes. NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU Methylisobutylketone derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **Xylene** NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from Methylisobutylketone chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). 8 hours: 20 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

: 10/08/2022 Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Version: 6 11/32 Date of previous issue FEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants Label No :51947

Short Term: 208 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from **Xylene** chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). [] Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Methylisobutylketone TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). [] **Xylene** Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Methylisobutylketone TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. n-Butyl acetate Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I Methylisobutylketone (Luxembourg, 3/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **Xylene** Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative n-Butyl acetate

occupational exposure limit values

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative Methylisobutylketone

: 23/10/2023 : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 12/32 Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue **I**EKNODUR 295-900 - All variants Label No : 51947

occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022).

OEL, 8-h TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022).

OEL, 8-h TWA: 104 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.

OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021).

STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Notes: indicative limit

TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Absorbed through

skin. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 108 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021).

TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 720 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021).

TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

n-Butyl acetate

Methylisobutylketone

Xylene

n-Butyl acetate

Methylisobutylketone

Xylene

n-Butyl acetate

Methylisobutylketone

Date of issue/Date of revision

FEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

: 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue

: 10/08/2022

Version : 6

13/32

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy **Xylene** of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [xylene - mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). []

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021).

VLA: 241 ma/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Short term: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021).

VLA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Short term: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin.

VLA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Short term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Solvent naphtha] Absorbed through skin.

VLA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Short term: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [Butyl acetates]

TWA: 241 mg/m³, (Butyl acetates) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 83 mg/m3 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 166 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 221 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.

STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.

Methylisobutylketone

n-Butyl acetate

Xylene

n-Butyl acetate

Methylisobutylketone

Xylene

n-Butyl acetate

Methylisobutylketone

Xylene

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 · 10/08/2022 Version: 6 14/32 Date of previous issue

FEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

n-Butyl acetate Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 723 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 150 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 208 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Ethyl-3-ethoxypropionate Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 610 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 8 hours. **Xylene** Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [xylene (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 724 mg/m3 15 minutes. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, Methylisobutylketone 4/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, **Xylene** 4/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [butyl acetate] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, **Xylene** 9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 15/32 Date of previous issue

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

<mark>ଜ</mark> -Butyl acetate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 720 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Methylisobutylketone	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 82 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 164 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Ethyl-3-ethoxypropionate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 610 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 610 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Xylene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). [] Absorbed through skin.
•	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 870 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
Vi Batyl acotato	STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Methylisobutylketone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
mourymodulymotorio	through skin.
	STEL: 416 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 208 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,
Aylene	p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	
Luiyiberizerie	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm o nodis. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours.
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
acetone	STEL: 3620 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Kylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 µg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version: 6 16/32 **Label No** :51947

FEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

Methylisobutylketone

Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018)

BEI: 3.5 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: not

BEI: 35 nmol/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: not critical.

Xylene

Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene]

BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene]

BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

No exposure indices known.

Methylisobutylketone

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 0.7 mg/l, hexone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)

BEI: 0.7 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

Xylene

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

No exposure indices known.

Methylisobutylketone

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022)

BEI: 35 µmol/l, methyl-iso-butyl-ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 3.5 mg/l, methyl-iso-butyl-ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

Xylene

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) [xylene]

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 860 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 17/32

KNODUR 295-900 - All variants

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection No exposure indices known. Xylene HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene] OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of Methylisobutylketone Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) BLV: 2.67 µmol/mmol creatinine, hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 2.36 mg/g creatinine, hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 35.4 µmol/l, hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 3.5 mg/l, hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. **Xylene** Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [xylene, all isomers] BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 10355 µmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 2000 mg/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. Methylisobutylketone Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 0.7 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. **Xylene** Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) [xylene (all isomers)] BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures

Label No :51947

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 18/32

for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
<mark>ਯ</mark> -Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 6 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DIVLE	Chort term Dermai	bw/day	population	Cystonno
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³		Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	300 mg/m ³	population General	Local
	DIVLE	Inhalation	ooo mg/m	population	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	600 mg/m	VVOIKEIS	Local
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	_	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 7 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term Dermai	bw/day	VVOIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Methylisobutylketone	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
Wettryllsobutylketorie	DINEL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		_	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 14.7 mg/m³	General	Local
	DINCE	Inhalation	14.7 mg/m	population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	14.7 mg/m³		Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term	83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		= , =
	DNEL	Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Local
	ראובי	Inhalation	m ³	population	Cyatania
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Vulono	חאובי	Inhalation	65 2 m = 1== 3	Coporal	Local
Xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	חאבו	Inhalation	221 malm3	population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	_

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 23/10/2023

Date of previous issue

: 10/08/2022

Version : 6

19/32

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	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	,		bw/day	population	-,0.0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Long tom Domia	bw/day		5,5(5)1115
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
aromatic		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	- · · · · .		,
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
	,	Inhalation	5 .5g,	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	m³	TTOINGIO	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	mg/m³	VVOINCIS	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
	J. 1	Inhalation	m ³	population	2,5.011110
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	m ³	TTOINGIO	- Jotolillo
1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
1,0 414245109010[0.4.0]411400-7-0110	DIVLL	Long tolli olal	bw/day	population	- Jotolillo
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Dermai	bw/day	population	Cyclonic
	DNEL	Long term	2.6 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	2.0 mg/m	population	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day	AAOIVOIS	Oystellile
	DNEL	Long term	10.6 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			=
	l				

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 20/32

FÉKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or

4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type:

Filter type (spray application):

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

: Liquid. Physical state Colour Various **Odour** Sliaht

Not available. **Odour threshold** Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Methylisobutylketone	116.5	241.7	
n-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103

Flammability : Not available. : Lower: 0.8% Lower and upper explosion limit Upper: 7.6%

: Closed cup: 14°C (57.2°F) Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature

Date of issue/Date of revision · 23/10/2023 · 10/08/2022 Version : 6 21/32 Date of previous issue Label No :51947

rÉKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Ethyl-3-ethoxypropionate	377	710.6	

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

: Not applicable. pН **Viscosity** : Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Va	apour pres	ssure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Methylisobutylketone	15.75128	2.1				
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			

Relative density : Not available. : 1 g/cm³ **Density** Vapour density : Not available. **Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 **Acute toxicity**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version: 6 22/32 Label No :51947

rÉKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<mark>ଜ</mark> -Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Methylisobutylketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
(petroleum), light aromatic				
Reaction mass of Bis	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3170 mg/kg	-
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-				
4-piperidyl) sebacate and				
Methyl				
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-				
4-piperidyl sebacate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3230 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Ø ral	29282.5 mg/kg
Dermal	24550.88 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	80.72 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<mark></mark> Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Methylisobutylketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic				uL	

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Version : 6 Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 23/32 Label No :51947

FEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methylisobutylketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version: 6 24/32 Label No :51947

FEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

General

: Not available.

: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity

: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<mark>ଜ-</mark> Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methylisobutylketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	33 days
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Reaction mass of Bis	EC50 1.68 mg/l	Aquatic plants -	72 hours
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-		Desmodesmodus subspicatus	
4-piperidyl) sebacate and			
Methyl			
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-			
4-piperidyl sebacate			
	Acute LC50 0.9 mg/l	Fish - <i>Brachydanio rerio</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

Conclusion/Summary

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<mark>ਯ</mark> -Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Methylisobutylketone	1.9	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	High
light aromatic			
1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-	1.38	<3.6	Low
7-ene			

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

: Not available. **Mobility**

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version: 6 25/32 FEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants Label No :51947

SECTION 12: Ecological information

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

: 080111*, 200127*

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC)

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	П	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID : <u>Hazard identification number</u> 33

Limited quantity LQ6

Special provisions 163 640C 650

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : <u>Special provisions</u> 640 (C)

Date of issue/Date of revision: 23/10/2023Date of previous issue: 10/08/2022Version: 626/32▶ EKNODUR 295-900 - All variantsLabel No : 51947

SECTION 14: Transport information

IMDG

: Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

Special provisions 163

IATA

: Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 305. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 307. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y305.

Special provisions A3, A72

14.6 Special precautions for

user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

bulk according to IMC instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

<u>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</u>

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
№ KNODUR 295-900	≥90	3

Labelling :

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Mot applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

National regulations

Austria

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 27/32

KNODUR 295-900 - All variants

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

VbF class : A

Very dangerous flammable liquid.

Limitation of the use of organic solvents

: Permitted.

Czech Republic

Storage code : I

Denmark

Danish fire class : I-1 Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
€ thylbenzene	Listed	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	Carc. 2, H351

MAL-code

: 3-5

Protection based on MAL

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 3-5

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and post-treatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 23/10/2023Date of previous issue: 10/08/2022Version: 628/32PEKNODUR 295-900 - All variantsLabel No : 51947

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use

: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances

Not listed

Carcinogenic waste

: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated

by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

<u>Finland</u>

France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : P-Butyl acetate RG 84
Methylisobutylketone RG 84

Xylene RG 4bis, RG 84

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic RG 84

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3 Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
P 5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water

: 2

Technical instruction on air quality control

: \(\overline{\bar{A}}\)-Luft Number 5.2.5: 53.6%
\(\overline{\bar{A}}\)-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 1%

<u>Italy</u>

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	_	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility		Harmful via breastfeeding
Kylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	- Listed	- Listed	-	Development 2	-

Water Discharge Policy (ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

Label No : 51947

Norway Sweden

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 29/32

IEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Flammable liquid class : 1

(SRVFS 2005:10)
Switzerland

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 42.2%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 23/10/2023Date of previous issue: 10/08/2022Version: 630/32▼EKNODUR 295-900 - All variantsLabel No : 51947

SECTION 16: Other information

H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Cute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of : 23/10/2023

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EKNODUR 295-900 All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 Version : 6 31/32

KNODUR 295-900 - All variants

Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 6 : 23/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/08/2022 32/32 **Label No :**51947

FEKNODUR 295-900 - All variants