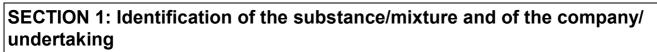
Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET

TEKNODUR 0150 TX - All variants



1.1 Product identifier Product name

: FEKNODUR 0150 TX - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Peknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

reknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Mam. Liq. 3, H226 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements	 Warning F226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	Not applicable.
Storage	Not applicable.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.



SECTION 2: Hazards		
Supplemental label elements	•	Contains Maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures Product/ingredient name	: Mixture	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
<mark>u</mark> tanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥25 - ≤50	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤9.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤3.9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation)	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Comp	oosition/informat	ion on i	ngredients		
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
Styrene	REACH #: 01-2119457861-32 EC: 202-851-5 CAS: 100-42-5	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 2770 ppm	[1]
propylidynetrimethanol	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361d	-	[1]
Maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	<0.001	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Туре</u>

[7] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower Eye contact eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. **Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. **Protection of first-aiders**

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/s	Over-exposure signs/symptoms					
Eye contact	: No specific data.					
Inhalation	: No specific data.					
Skin contact	: No specific data.					
Ingestion	: No specific data.					

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures					
Specific treatments : No specific treatment.					
Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Cont quantities have been ingeste	act poison treatment specialist immediately if large d or inhaled.				

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	☑se dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	fron	n the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Ammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: F specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

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contractor.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Fating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
₱5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

- : Not available.
- : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
X ylene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure
	limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative
-	occupational exposure limit values
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

procedures

atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
titanium dioxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	700 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	178.57 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m ³		Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
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		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m³ 1286.4 mg/	population Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	m ³	Workers	Gysternie
Kylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	14.8 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	77 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	65.3 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	J	population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	221 mg/m³	population Workers	Local
		Inhalation		. .	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.67 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m^3	General	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	oo mg/m	population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	<u>-</u>	population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	54.8 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	153.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 275 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m³	Workers	Local
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 12 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	bw/day 2 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 6 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 11 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	300 mg/m ³	population General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population Workers	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local

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	DNE	Inhalation	600 m m/m 3	\\/ a #k a #a	Customia
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 15 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	77 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 293 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Inhalation Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Inhalation Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Styrene	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	7.7 µg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 1 mg/m³	population General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	General	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	85 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	100 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term	100 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	100 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	343 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 406 mg/kg bw/day	population Workers	Systemic
propylidynetrimethanol	DNEL	Short term Oral	50 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	83.3 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	138.8 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	925 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Inhalation	3037.3 mg/ m³	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.34 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day 0.34 mg/	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 0.58 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	0.94 mg/	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 3.3 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Maleic anhydride	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	0.05 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	0.06 mg/	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	kg bw/day 0.08 mg/m³	population General	Local
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.1 mg/kg	population General	Systemic

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controls/poreonal protoction CTION 0

SECTION 8: Exposure con	rols/p	ersonal prote	ction		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 0.1 mg/kg bw/day	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.081 mg/ m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.081 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations :Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Mitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): $\sqrt[6]{n}$ thickness > 0.3 mm gloves
	$\overline{oldsymbol{\mathcal{W}}}$ ash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

•	
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: 🛛 📈
	Filter type (spray application): 🛛 📈 P
Environmental exposure controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: 🗾 quid.
Colour	: <mark>V</mark> arious
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:
boiling range	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
p-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	

Flammability

Flash point

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit

: Cower: 0.8% Upper: 7.6%

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: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom	olvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		536 to 878		
Ethene, homopolymer		330 to 410	626 to 770		
Decomposition temperature	: Not ava	ilable.			
рН	: Not app	licable.			
Viscosity	: K inematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s				
Solubility(ies) Not available.	:				
Solubility in water	: Not available.				
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not app	blicable.			

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
p-Butyl acetate	11.25	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				

Relative density

: Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Density	: <mark>1∕.</mark> 4 g/cm³
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	and reactivity	
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredient	s.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Inder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, we braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	ld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
(petroleum), light aromatic				
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Styrene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2770 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11800 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2650 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-
Maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
	13051.45 mg/kg 106.96 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

-	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
li tanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic				uL	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
Champan a	Europ Milel inside st	11		mg	
Styrene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	50 ppm	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	Even Severe irritent	Dabbit		mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	100 mg 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
Maleic anhydride	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-
•		Tabbit	-	1 70	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, t	he classification o	riteria are	not met.	
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, t				

Conclusion/Summary

Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

: **B**ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Conclusion/Summary	: B ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate n-Butyl acetate Styrene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<mark>∕</mark> ylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	hearing organs
Styrene	Category 1	-	-
Maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Styrene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: 📈 specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: 📈 specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties
Not available.
11.2.2 Other information
Mot available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Styrene	Acute EC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 720 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4700 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 52 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4020 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 63 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water		48 hours
· · · ·	Acute LC50 14400000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
Maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	high
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	low
acetate			
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
Styrene	0.35	13.49	low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	low
Maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: 10/10/2022 Date of previous issue

:05/11/2020

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment method	S
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: Ø 80111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	₩N1263	<mark>₩</mark> N1263	₩N1263	<mark>Ø</mark> N1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name		AINT		PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	5	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	ĮIT.	M	M	M
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	N o.	N o.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID	:	Viscous liquid exception This class packagings up to 450 L according to Tunnel code (D/E)		ot subject to regula	ition in
ADN	:	Viscous liquid exception This class packagings up to 450 L according to	•	ot subject to regula	ition in
IMDG	:	Viscous liquid exception This class packagings up to 450 L according to	•	ot subject to regula	ition in
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Fransport within user's premises: upright and secure. Ensure that pers the event of an accident or spillage.	,		
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature	e of the product.		
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 10/10/2022 Date of previous issue	: 05/11/2020	Version : 8	15/19
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV
None of the components are listed.
Substances of very high concern
None of the components are listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions :
on the manufacture,
placing on the market and use of certain
dangerous substances,
mixtures and articles
Other EU regulations
Industrial emissions : Not listed
(integrated pollution prevention and control) -
Air
Industrial emissions : Not listed
(integrated pollution
prevention and control) - Water
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed.
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.
Seveso Directive
This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.
Danger criteria
Category
₽5c
National regulations
International regulations
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.
Montreal Protocol
Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.
15.2 Chemical safety : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/10/2022 Date of previous issue : 05/11/2020 Version : 8 16/19

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SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
acronyms	
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
ram. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
L	

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

SECTION 16: Other information			
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Notice to reader			

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision **₽**EKNODUR 0150 TX - All variants