SAFETY DATA SHEET



Label No : 115868

TEKNODUR 0130 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : TEKNODUR 0130 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazardous ingredients

: Contains: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic; 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate and n-Butyl acetate

Supplemental label elements

Contains Maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Manium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥25 - ≤50	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤9.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	1		1	1	
	EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4		STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
Styrene	REACH #: 01-2119457861-32 EC: 202-851-5 CAS: 100-42-5	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 2770 ppm	[1]
Maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	<0.001	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data. Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
₱ 5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values				
Kylene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) [Xylol (alle Isomeren, rein)] PEAK 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ 4 times per shift. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.				
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. CEIL 5 minutes: 100 ppm 8 times per shift. CEIL 5 minutes: 550 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.				
n-Butyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) [Butylacetat alle Isomeren außer tert-Butylacet] CEIL: 480 mg/m³. CEIL: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.				
Ethylbenzene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 440 mg/m³. CEIL 5 minutes: 200 ppm 8 times per shift. CEIL 5 minutes: 880 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.				
Styrene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) d. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 85 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 80 ppm 4 times per shift. PEAK 15 minutes: 340 mg/m³ 4 times per shift.				
Maleic anhydride	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) Inhalation sensitiser, Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm.				

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TWA 8 hours: 0.4 mg/m³.

CEIL 5 minutes: 0.2 ppm 8 times per shift. CEIL 5 minutes: 0.8 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.

Xylene

Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) [Xyleen] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

n-Butyl acetate

Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) [butylacetaat]

STEL 15 minutes: 712 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 238 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 87 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 551 mg/m³.

Styrene

Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 108 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 216 mg/m³.

Maleic anhydride

Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 0.0025 ppm. Form: vapour and aerosol. TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m³. Form: vapour and aerosol.

Xylene

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) [Xylene]

Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed

through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024)

Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed

through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³.

Styrene

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024)

Limit value 15 minutes: 215 mg/m³. Limit value 8 hours: 85 mg/m³.

Maleic anhydride

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024)

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Limit value 8 hours: 1 mg/m³.

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia)

ELV: 100 ppm. ELV: 400 mg/m³.

Xylene

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) [ksilen] Absorbed through skin.

STELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

STELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023)

STELV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

STELV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Styrene

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

STELV 15 minutes: 1080 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 250 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 430 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Maleic anhydride

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Skin sensitiser, Inhalation sensitiser.

STELV 15 minutes: 0.2 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 0.41 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 0.8 mg/m³.

ELV 8 hours: 0.1 ppm.

Xylene

Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) [Ξυλένιο, μικτά ισομερή, καθαρά] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed

through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.

n-Butyl acetate

Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

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STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed

through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) [nafta solventní]

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 mg/m³.

Xylene Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) [xylen] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 45.33 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 90.66 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 45.33 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 113.32 ppm.

Styrene

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 23 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 92 ppm.

Maleic anhydride

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 2 mg/m³.

Xylene

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) [xylen, alle

isomere] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 109 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) [2-methoxy-

1-methylethylacetat] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024)

[butylacetat, alle isomerer] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

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TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Ethylbenzene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) K. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 217 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 434 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Styrene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) K. Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 25 ppm. CEIL: 105 mg/m³. Maleic anhydride Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.4 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 0.8 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 ppm. **X**ylene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) [ksüleen] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 450 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, n-Butyl acetate 4/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, Ethylbenzene 4/2024) Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. Styrene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 90 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Maleic anhydride Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 1.2 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.3 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 2.5 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 0.6 ppm. Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

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TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

TWA 8 hours: 275 ma/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Xylene

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

n-Butyl acetate

Ethylbenzene

Styrene

Maleic anhydride

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Xylene

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020)

TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) [Ksyleeni] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

(Finland, 10/2021) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 720 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 960 mg/m³.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

(Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 880 mg/m³.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

(Finland, 10/2021) Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 86 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 430 mg/m³.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

(Finland, 10/2021)

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.41 mg/m³.

CEIL: 0.2 ppm. CEIL: 0.81 mg/m³.

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [hydrocarbures en C6-C12]

TWA 8 hours: 1000 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars)

STEL 15 minutes: 1500 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes:

Permissible limit values (circulars)

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [xylènes, isomères mixtes,

purs] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit

values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

n-Butyl acetate

Ethylbenzene

Styrene

Maleic anhydride

Xylene

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 88.4 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Repr 2. Absorbed through skin, Ototoxicant.

TWA 8 hours: 23.3 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 46.6 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Sensitiser.

STEL 15 minutes: 1 mg/m³. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars)

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) [Xylol] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) [Xylene] Develop D.

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³.

PEAK 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Develop C.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

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PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. n-Butyl acetate TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 62 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 600 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 124 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Develop C. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 200 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 480 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 960 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. Ethylbenzene TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 88 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 176 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Carc 4, Develop C. Absorbed through skin. PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. PEAK 15 minutes: 176 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 88 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Styrene TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) TWA 8 hours: 86 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 172 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Carc 5, Develop C. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 86 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 172 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. Maleic anhydride TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) Inhalation sensitiser, Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.081 mg/m³. CEIL: 0.2025 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 ppm. CEIL: 0.05 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.081 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.02 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Develop C. Inhalation sensitiser, Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 ppm. CEIL: 0.05 ml/m3. TWA 8 hours: 0.081 mg/m³. CEIL: 0.2 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.081 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.02 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. Xylene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021) [ξυλόλια (όλα τα ισομερή)] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 650 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

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TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

n-Butyl acetate Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021)

> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021)

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³.

Styrene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

> values (Greece, 9/2021) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 425 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1050 mg/m³.

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit Maleic anhydride

> values (Greece, 9/2021) TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³.

Xylene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) [xilol izomerek

> keveréke] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023)

> TWA 8 hours: 275 ma/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) Sensitiser.

> TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) Absorbed through Ethylbenzene

skin.

TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Styrene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 86 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 172 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

Maleic anhydride 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) Sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 0.08 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.08 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.2 ppm.

Xylene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023)

[Xýlen, allir ísómerar] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 109 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.

Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

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Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate

Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023)

[bútýlasetat, allir ísómerar] TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023)

Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Styrene

Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023)

Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 105 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 25 ppm.

Maleic anhydride

Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023)

Sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 0.4 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm.

Xylene

NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [xylene] Absorbed through skin. Notes:

EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values

OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
OELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.
OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
OELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU

derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values

OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

n-Butyl acetate

NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: EU derived Occupational

Exposure Limit Values
OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
OELV 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.
OELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
OELV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene

NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU

derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values

OELV 8 hours: 100 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Styrene

NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure

Limit Values (OELVs)
OELV 8 hours: 20 ppm.
OELV 8 hours: 85 mg/m³.
OELV 15 minutes: 40 ppm.
OELV 15 minutes: 170 mg/m³.

Maleic anhydride

NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Sensitiser. Notes: Advisory Occupational

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Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)

OELV 8 hours: 0.01 ppm. Form: The Inhalable Fraction and Vapour note is used when a material exerts sufficient vapour pressure such that it may be present in both particle and vapour phases..

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Vylene Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020) [Xilene, isomeri misti, puro] Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from Ethylbenzene chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. Short Term 15 minutes: 200 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. **X**ylene Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) [Ksilols] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) n-Butyl acetate TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) Ethylbenzene Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. Styrene Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 30 mg/m³. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) Maleic anhydride TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. Xylene Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) [ksilenas, mišrūs izomerai, grynas] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Absorbed through skin.

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TWA 8 hours: 250 ma/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. n-Butyl acetate Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) Ethylbenzene Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) Styrene Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 90 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Maleic anhydride Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 1.2 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.3 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 2.5 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 0.6 ppm. Xylene Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) [xylène Isomères mixtes, pures] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I n-Butyl acetate (Luxembourg, 3/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. Ethylbenzene Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

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n-Butyl acetate

STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024) [xyleen, o-, m-, p-isomeren] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 47.5 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values

(Netherlands, 5/2024) TWA 8 hours: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values

(Netherlands, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 215 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 430 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 97.3 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 48.6 ppm.

Kylene FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) [xylen] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 108 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³.

n-Butyl acetate FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022)

STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) Carc. Absorbed through

skin.

TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 mg/m³.

Styrene FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) Muta.

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 105 mg/m³.

Maleic anhydride FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) Sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 0.2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.8 mg/m³.

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Xylene

Vylene

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) [xylene - mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 260 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 520 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 720 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1 mg/m³.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [xileno (isómeros o, m & p)] A4.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A3.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A4.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A4.

TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

n-Butyl acetate

Ethylbenzene

Styrene

Maleic anhydride

Xylene

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

n-Butyl acetate

Ethylbenzene

Styrene

Maleic anhydride

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [Solvent nafta] Absorbed through VLA 8 hours: 100 mg/m3. Short term 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³. Xylene HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [xilen] Absorbed through skin. VLA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin. VLA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. n-Butyl acetate HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) VLA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 150 ppm. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and Ethylbenzene additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin. VLA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 100 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 200 ppm. Styrene HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) VLA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 12 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 150 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 35 ppm. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and Maleic anhydride additions (Romania, 3/2024) VLA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 3 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 0.75 ppm. Xylene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024) [xylén, zmiešané izoméry] Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ (xylene, mixed isomers). TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm (xylene, mixed isomers). STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ (xylene, mixed isomers). STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm (xylene, mixed isomers). Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024) n-Butyl acetate [butylacetáty] Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³ (Butyl acetates). TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm (Butyl acetates). STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³ (Butyl acetates). STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm (Butyl acetates).

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024) Ethylbenzene

Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser.

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TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

Styrene

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024)

Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 90 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

Maleic anhydride

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024)

Sensitiser, Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.41 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm.

Xylene

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) [ksilen] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

n-Butyl acetate

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 150 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

Ethylbenzene

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 200 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

Styrene

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

Repr Dev 2.

TWA 8 hours: 86 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 172 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

Maleic anhydride

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 0.41 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 0.41 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two

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exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 0.1 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. Xylene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [xileno, mezcla isómeros] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. n-Butyl acetate National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Ethylbenzene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. Styrene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 86 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 172 mg/m³. Maleic anhydride National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Inhalation sensitiser, Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.4 mg/m³. Xylene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m3. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, n-Butyl acetate 11/2022) [butyl acetate] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Ethylbenzene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³.

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STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Styrene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin, Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 43 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 86 mg/m³. Maleic anhydride Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.05 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.2 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 0.1 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 0.4 mg/m³. Xylene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) [Xylol] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 275 mg/m³. n-Butyl acetate SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 720 mg/m³. Ethylbenzene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin, Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 220 mg/m3. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) Ototoxicant. Styrene TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 85 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 170 mg/m³. Maleic anhydride SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm. Form: vapour and aerosols. TWA 8 hours: 0.4 mg/m³. Form: vapour and aerosols. STEL 15 minutes: 0.1 ppm. Form: vapour and aerosols. STEL 15 minutes: 0.4 mg/m³. Form: vapour and aerosols. **X**ylene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 441 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 548 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 274 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)

> STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.

Ethylbenzene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed

through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 552 mg/m³.

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STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m³.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)
STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 430 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 1080 mg/m³.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Inhalation
sensitiser.
STEL 15 minutes: 3 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Kylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 µg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
E thylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Notes: significant skin resorption possible BLV: 2000 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid – in total [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the exposure or at the end of the work shift.
Styrene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) BLV: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid – in total [in urine]. Sampling time: in case of prolonged exposure – after several work shifts after the end of the exposure or the end of the work shift.
Kylene	Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, biological limit values (Annex IV) (Croatia, 12/2023) [xylene] BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene	Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, biological limit values (Annex IV) (Croatia, 12/2023) BEI: 1.5 mg/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 14.1 µmol/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 1.12 mol/mol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.
Styrene	Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, biological limit values (Annex IV) (Croatia, 12/2023) BEI: 20 µg/I, styrene [in blood]. Sampling time: about 16 hours

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after the end of the work shift.

BEI: 0.19 µmol/l, styrene [in blood]. Sampling time: about 16 hours after the end of the work shift.

BEI: 0.18 mol/mol creatinine, phenyl glyoxylic [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 240 mg/g creatinine, phenyl glyoxylic [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 0.74 mol/mol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 1 g/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenyglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift (in case of chronic exposure in the middle of the working week).

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene]

Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015)

Biological limit values: 1100 µmol/mmol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Biological limit values: 1500 mg/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015)

Biological limit values: 600 mg/g creatinine, almond + phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Biological limit values: 300 µmol/mmol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Biological limit values: 400 mg/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Ethylbenzene

Styrene

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene]

BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020)

BEI: 5.2 mmol/l, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after work shift at the end of the working week or exposure period.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020)

BEI: 1.2 mmol/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxyilic acid in urine [in urine]. Sampling time: the morning after the working day.

Biological limit values (BLV) - Labour Code / ANSES (France, 4/2023)

BLV: 600 mg/g Cr, phenyl glyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift (preferably at the end of the week).

BLV: 40 µg/l, styrene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift (regardless of the day of the week).

BLV: 600 mg/g Cr, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the

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Ethylbenzene

Styrene

Styrene

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Xylene

end of the shift (preferably at the end of the week).

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2023) [Xylene (all isomers)]

Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228)

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2024) [Xylene (all isomers)]

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenyl glyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2024)

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2023)

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenyl glyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift / for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2024)

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift; for long-term exposures: at the end of shift after several shifts.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) [xylene]

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 860 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023)

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

BEI: 1110 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023)

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

BEI: 450 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]

BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.

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BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous.

Ethylbenzene

Styrene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Styrene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

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Styrene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Styrene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Styrene

These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: 0.2 mg/l [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], styrene [in venous blood]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

BMGV: 400 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

Minister Cabinet Regulations No.325 - BEI (Latvia, 3/2024) [xylenes (all isomers)]

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric (toluric) acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the exposure or at the end of the shift.

Minister Cabinet Regulations No.325 - BEI (Latvia, 3/2024)

BEI: 0.55 mg/l, styrene [in blood]. Sampling time: end of the shift. BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid together with phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the exposure or at the end of the shift.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes]

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 0.2 mg/l [The biological indicator is a bio marker of exposure to the chemical agent, but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These biological indicators should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practicable or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the biological indicator is in question], styrene [in venous blood]. Sampling time: end of shift.

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BEI: 400 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

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Ethylbenzene

Styrene

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [Xylene]

OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of

HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024)

OBLV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024)

OBLV: 0.02 mg/l, styrene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the beginning of the next shift.

OBLV: 0.55 mg/l, styrene [in blood]. Sampling time: end of shift. OBLV: 100 mg/g creatinine, phenylglyoxalic acid [in urine].

Sampling time: end of shift.

OBLV: 300 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the beginning of the next shift.

OBLV: 800 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 5/2024) [xylene, all isomers]

BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 10355 µmol/l, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, as xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 2000 mg/l, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.5 mg/l, as xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 5/2024)

BLV: 799 µmol/mmol creatinine, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work

BLV: 7.44 µmol/mmol creatinine, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1067 mg/g creatinine, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 8.03 mg/g creatinine, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 10590 µmol/l, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; longterm exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 98.6 µmol/l, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1600 mg/l, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid fin urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; longterm exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 12 mg/l, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

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Styrene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 5/2024) BLV: 449 µmol/mmol creatinine, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work BLV: 600 mg/g creatinine, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 5960 µmol/l, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; longterm exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 901 mg/l, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; longterm exposure: after several work shifts. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to **X**ylene exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) [xylene (all isomers)] BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. Ethylbenzene Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. Styrene Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) BAT: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift, at long-term exposure: at the end of the work shift after several consecutive workdays. Xylene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [Xylenes] VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. Ethylbenzene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) VLB: 700 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek. Styrene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) VLB: 0.2 mg/l, styrene [in venous blood]. Sampling time: end of VLB: 400 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxilic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. No exposure indices known.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) [Xylene, all isomers]

BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024)

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024)

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

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Xylene

Styrene

Ethylbenzene

Xvlene

EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers]

BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

titanium dioxide

Result

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

28 μg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

170 µg/m³ Effects: Local

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.41 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.9 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

178.57 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

640 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

837.5 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1066.67 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

1152 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1286.4 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

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65.3 mg/m³ Effects: Local

Xylene

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DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

65.3 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

125 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

212 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

221 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

221 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

260 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

260 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

442 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

442 mg/m³
<u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

33 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

33 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

36 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

275 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

320 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

550 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

796 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

n-Butyl acetate

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

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2 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

3.4 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

6 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

7 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

11 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

12 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

35.7 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

48 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

600 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

600 mg/m³
<u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DMEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

442 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DMEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

884 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

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1.6 mg/kg bw/day

Ethylbenzene

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Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

15 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

77 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

180 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

293 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

7.7 µg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

1 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

1 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

10 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

10 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

85 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

100 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

100 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

100 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

343 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

406 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

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0.05 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

Maleic anhydride

Styrene

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DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.06 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.08 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.081 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.081 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

0.1 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

0.1 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.1 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

0.2 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.2 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.2 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.2 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or

4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Various
Odour : Slight
Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Ingredient name

°C

°F

Method

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
p-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	

Flammability : Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.8% (xylene)

Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.) limit

Flash point Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature : Not available. pН : Not applicable.

Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s **Viscosity**

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

water

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
p -Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				

Relative density : Not available. : 1.4 g/cm³ **Density** Vapour density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced. decomposition products

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11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Rat - Oral - LD50

8400 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration -

Other changes

Xylene Rat - Oral - LD50

4300 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and

Bladder - Other changes

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

21.7 mg/l [4 hours]

Rat - Oral - LD50 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

8532 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Rat - Oral - LD50 n-Butyl acetate

10760 mg/kg

EU

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

14112 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

0.74 mg/l [4 hours]

Ethylbenzene Rat - Oral - LD50

3500 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

15400 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

29000 mg/l [4 hours]

Styrene Rat - Oral - LD50

2650 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed

activity) Liver - Other changes

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

11800 mg/m³ [4 hours]

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

2770 ppm [4 hours]

Rat - Oral - LD50 Maleic anhydride

400 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

2620 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

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Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
₹KNODUR 0130	N/A	12383.4	N/A	101.5	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-Butyl acetate	10760	14112	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	15400	N/A	11	29000
Styrene	2650	N/A	2770	11.8	N/A
Maleic anhydride	400	2620	N/A	N/A	N/A

Result

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

tranium dioxide Human - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 72 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 300 ug I

Xylene Rat - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 8 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 60 uL

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 %

n-Butyl acetate Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg

Ethylbenzene Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 15 mg

Styrene Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 %

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Xylene Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 5 mg

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n-Butyl acetate Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

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Ethylbenzene Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Styrene **Human - Eyes - Mild irritant**

Amount/concentration applied: 50 ppm

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Maleic anhydride Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 1 %

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung. Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) **Xylene**

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) n-Butyl acetate STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) Styrene

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Xylene

Ethylbenzene STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation)

Styrene **STOT RE 1, H372**

STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) Maleic anhydride

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name Result

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 **Xylene** Ethylbenzene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Styrene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eve contact : No specific data.

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness : No specific data.

Skin contact Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

titanium dioxide

Result

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus

>1000000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate

Age: <24 hours 3 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Acute - LC50

Fish

9.2 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC50 Daphnia

3.2 mg/l [48 hours]

n-Butyl acetate

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas* Age: 31 to 32 days; <u>Size</u>: 21.6 mm; <u>Weight</u>: 0.175 g

18000 μg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina

32 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Styrene

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas* Age: 30 days; <u>Size</u>: 19 mm; <u>Weight</u>: 0.101 g

4020 μg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna

<u>Age</u>: ≤24 hours 4700 μg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u>: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

720 µg/l [96 hours] Effect: Population

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

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63 μg/l [96 hours] Effect: Population

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Maleic anhydride

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Western mosquitofish - Gambusia affinis - Adult

230000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
Styrene	2.96	13.49	Low
Maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
✓ Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.36	2.31363
n-Butyl acetate	1.52	33.2139
Ethylbenzene	2.23	170.406
Styrene	2.95	896.322
Maleic anhydride	1.06	11.4841

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	Р	M	Т	vPvM	vP	vM
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Styrene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Maleic anhydride	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

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Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	В	Т	vPvB	νP	vB	
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Styrene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Maleic anhydride	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	В	T	vPvB	νP	vB	
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Styrene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Maleic anhydride	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Conclusion/Summary **Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008** [CLP]

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*, 200127*

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

IMDG

<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

14.6 Special precautions for

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

<u>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</u>

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
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Labelling

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

₽5c

National regulations

Austria

Limitation of the use of

: Permitted.

organic solvents

Belgium

Book VI carcinogenic agents annex VI.2-1 - VI.2-3

Ingredient name	Status
S tyrène	Listed
Silice	Listed

Czech Republic

Storage code : II

Denmark

Fire class : 17-1 Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
Manium dioxide	Listed	-
Ethylbenzene	Listed	-
Styrene	Listed	-

MAL-code : 4-3

Protection based on MAL

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as

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appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 4-3

Application: When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask, coveralls and eye protection must be worn.

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask and coveralls must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask, arm protectors and apron must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, coveralls and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

List of undesirable substances

Restrictions on use

Carcinogenic waste

Finland France

- : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.
- : Not listed
- : Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

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Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic RG 84 Xylene RG 4bis, RG 84

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate RG 84 n-Butyl acetate RG 84 Ethylbenzene RG 84 Styrene RG 84 Maleic anhydride RG 66

Reinforced medical surveillance

Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced

medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3 Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
P 5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water : 2

Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

Number [Class]	Description	%
5 .2.1	Total dust	68.2
5.2.5	Organic substances	31.8
5.2.5 [I]	Organic substances	22.5
5.2.7.1.3	Reproductive toxic substances	0.021

AOX : The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX

value in waste water.

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
xylene styreen	-	-	-	Development 2 Development 2	-

Water Discharge Policy

(ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/

toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

Norway

Product registration

92755

number Sweden

Flammable liquid class

: 2a

(SRVFS 2005:10)

Switzerland

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 31.3%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

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Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data	
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2
FlamMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2
Resp. Sens. 1
Skin Corr. 1B
Skin Irrit. 2
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A

STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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