## SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNODUR 0095 METALLIC - All variants

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : FEKNODUR 0095 METALLIC - All variants

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

**National contact** 

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**National advisory body/Poison Centre** 

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336

STOT RE 2, H373

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response : P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

**Storage** : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : Contains: Xylene; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic; 2-Methoxy-

1-methylethyl acetate and Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)

sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Supplemental label

elements

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture. placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

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2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers			Limits, M-factor		Limits, M-factors	
<b>K</b> ylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≥10 - ≤18	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]		
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]		
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]		

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#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients EUH066 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1 Ethylbenzene REACH #: ≤5 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 ATE [Inhalation] [1] [2] 01-2119489370-35 Acute Tox. 4, H332 (vapours)] = 11 mg/ EC: 202-849-4 STOT RE 2, H373 CAS: 100-41-4 (hearing organs) (oral, Index: 601-023-00-4 inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Reaction mass of Bis REACH #: ≤0.66 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 M [Acute] = 1 [1]

EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat

(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-

1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-

4-piperidyl sebacate

Methyl

4-piperidyl) sebacate and

REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2

Index: 607-176-00-3

01-2119491304-40

CAS: 1065336-91-5

EC: 915-687-0

Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Repr. 2, H361f

Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

See Section 16 for the full text of the H

statements declared above.

M [Chronic] = 1

[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Type

<1

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### **Protection of first-aiders**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Kylene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes
•	(all isomers)]
	PEAK: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	CEIL: 100 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
	CEIL: 550 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butyl
	acetate (all isomers except tert-butyl acetate)]
	CEIL: 480 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	CEIL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 440 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	CEIL: 200 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
	CEIL: 880 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
<b>X</b> ylene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

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Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [butyl acetate, all isomers] n-Butyl acetate STEL: 712 ma/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 238 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Ethylbenzene TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 87 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 551 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Xylene Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003, (Bulgaria, 6/2021), [Xylene (mixture of isomers), pure] Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. **X**ylene Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. STELV: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic STELV (Croatia). **ELV: 100 ppm** ELV: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours. n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). STELV: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STELV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours.

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Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). [Xylene, **Xylene** mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate through skin. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. n-Butyl acetate Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed Ethylbenzene through skin. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [xylene, technical mixture of isomers and all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [Nafta solvents] TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 49.14 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100.1 ppm 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 149.661 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 49.887 ppm 8 hours. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Ethylbenzene Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 113.5 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 109 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

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Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Butyl n-Butyl acetate acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed Ethylbenzene through skin. Carcinogen. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 217 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 434 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, **X**ylene 12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 450 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. n-Butyl acetate Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative n-Butyl acetate occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

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**X**ylene Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 440 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (Finland, 10/2020). TWA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m3 15 minutes. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs n-Butyl acetate (Finland, 10/2021). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 720 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 960 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs Ethylbenzene (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 880 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. **X**ylene Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [hydrocarbons C6-C12] Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) TWA: 1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Vapour STEL: 1500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Vapour 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Binding regulatory n-Butyl acetate limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Ethylbenzene Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 88.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

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Xvlene TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). TWA: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 480 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 960 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 62 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 124 ppm 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 88 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 176 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 88 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Xylene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 650 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit n-Butyl acetate values (Greece, 9/2021). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2023 Version: 6 11/36 : 05/02/2024 Date of previous issue

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TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. **Xylene** 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Skin sensitiser. n-Butyl acetate Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Xylene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 109 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Absorbed through skin. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). n-Butyl acetate [butyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. **Xylene** NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational n-Butyl acetate Date of issue/Date of revision . 05/12/2023 Version: 6 12/36 . 05/02/2024

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**Exposure Limit Values** OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 884 mg/m3 15 minutes. Xylene Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). [Xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Short Term: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Xylene Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). n-Butyl acetate TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Ethylbenzene Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

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**X**ylene Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Absorbed through skin. TWA: 250 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 ma/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I n-Butyl acetate (Luxembourg, 3/2021). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. **X**ylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Version : 6 : 05/02/2024 : 05/12/2023 14/36

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STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

**X**ylene

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.

OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022).

OEL, 8-h TWA: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022).

OEL, 8-h TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene

n-Butyl acetate

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.

OEL, 8-h TWA: 215 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 430 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 97.3 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 48.6 ppm 8 hours.

Xylene

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Xylene, all isomers]

Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 108 mg/m³ 8 hours.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through

skin. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours.

n-Butyl acetate FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022).

STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through

skin. Carcinogen. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 20 mg/m³ 8 hours.

**X**ylene

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [xylene – mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

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n-Butyl acetate

Ethylbenzene

TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 520 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021).

TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 720 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene]

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin.

VLA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Short term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Solvent naphtha] Absorbed through skin.

VLA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Short term: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.

VLA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Short term: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021).

VLA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Short term: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.

VLA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Short term: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

**X**ylene

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

n-Butyl acetate

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

n-Butyl acetate

Ethylbenzene

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Xvlene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [Butyl acetates] TWA: 241 mg/m³, (Butyl acetates) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [xylene (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 550 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 723 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 150 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Xylene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2023 Version : 6 17/36 : 05/02/2024

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4/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. **X**vlene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, n-Butyl acetate 9/2021). [butyl acetate] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Xylene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 440 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). n-Butyl acetate TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 720 mg/m3 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Xylene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m3 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate through skin.

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STEL: 548 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 274 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 966 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 724 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed Ethylbenzene through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m3 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed cumene through skin. STEL: 250 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Formaldehyde STEL: 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices				
Kylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 µg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.				
No exposure indices known.					
<b>E</b> thylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021) Notes: significant skin resorption possible  BLV: 2000 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid – in total [in urine]. Sampling time: after the end of the exposure or the end of the work shift.				
▼ylene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene]  BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.  BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.  BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.  BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.				
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018)  BEI: 1.5 mg/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure.  BEI: 14.1 µmol/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure.  BEI: 1.12 mol/mol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.  BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.				

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No exposure indices known. Xylene Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene] Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Ethylbenzene Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 1100 µmol/mmol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1500 mg/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known. Xylene Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene] BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. Ethylbenzene Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) BEI: 5,2 mmol/l, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after work shift at the end of the working week or exposure period. No exposure indices known. **X**ylene DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. Ethylbenzene DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenyl glyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. No exposure indices known. 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) [xylene] **Xylene** BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift. BEI: 860 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift. Ethylbenzene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift. BEI: 1110 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift. No exposure indices known.

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**Xylene** 

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

**X**ylene

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

### NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]

BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

### NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.

BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

### Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes]

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

### Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

## HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene]

OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of

## HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020)

OBLV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.

## Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [xylene, all isomers]

BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 10355 µmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

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BLV: 2000 mg/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

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# Ethylbenzene Governmen: BLV: 799 µi

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020)

BLV: 799 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts

BLV: 7.44 µmol/mmol creatinine, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1067 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 8.03 mg/g creatinine, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 10590  $\mu$ mol/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 98.6 µmol/l, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1600 mg/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 12 mg/l, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) [xylene (all isomers)]

BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)

BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [Xylenes]

VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022)

VLB: 700 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Xylene, all isomers]

BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023)

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers]

BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

**X**ylene

Ethylbenzene

**X**ylene

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

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procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
<b>X</b> ylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	51151	Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	5.151	Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
	DATE		kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
	51151	Inhalation	405 "	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DATE		bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DATE	Inhalation	440 / 2	\A/ I	
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
0.1	DAIE	Inhalation	0.44	0	0
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
aromatic	DAIEI	Inhalation	4.0/3	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNIEL	Inhalation	170 F7 mag/	Camaral	Land
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	178.57 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DINCE	Inhalation	040 mg/m	population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	DINCE	Inhalation	m³	WOIKEIS	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
	DIVLE	Inhalation	mg/m³	WORKOIS	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/		Systemic
	D. \L_	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	***************************************	- Cyclenno
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	J	population	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	J	population	1
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	_
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	1		I		1
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 ma/ka	Workers	Svstemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

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n Butul contato	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
n-Butyl acetate	DINEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DATE	Inhalation	000 / 3	347 1	
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNIEL	Inhalation	COO / 3	\\/ = w  < = w=	Customaio
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term Dermai	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINCE	Long term Dermai	bw/day	WOIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	<b>g</b>	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	J		
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	5.15		bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DME:	Inhalation	440/ 3	\\/	1 1
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	ראבו	Inhalation	001 ma/m3	Markoro	Systemic
	DMEL	Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		แแลเลแบบ			

### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

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### **Skin protection**

### **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or

4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Respiratory protection**

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type:

Filter type (spray application):

### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour : Various Odour : Slight : Not available. **Odour threshold** Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Not available.

°C Ingredient name °F Method **OECD 103** Butyl acetate 126 258 8 275 to 410 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 135 to 210

**Flammability** : Not available. ower: 0.8% Lower and upper explosion limit Upper: 7.6%

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available.

pН

: Not applicable.

**Viscosity** 

Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Va	pour pressu	re at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
p-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				

**Relative density** : Not available. **Density** : 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Vapour density : Not available. **Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 **Acute toxicity** 

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	21.7 mg/l 4300 mg/kg	4 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3230 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
	6404.5 mg/kg 52.52 mg/l

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	_	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	_
,	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Causes skin irritation.

**Sensitisation** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate n-Butyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene Ethylbenzene	- 5 )	oral, inhalation oral, inhalation	- hearing organs

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** : Not available.

effects

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 96 hours
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	EC50 1.68 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Desmodesmodus subspicatus	72 hours
4-piperidyl sebacate			
	Acute LC50 0.9 mg/l Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l	Fish - <i>Brachydanio rerio</i> Daphnia	96 hours 21 days

**Conclusion/Summary**: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Kylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
n-Butyl acetate Ethylbenzene	2.3 3.6	- -	Low Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

: 080111\*, 200127\*

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

**European waste** catalogue (EWC) The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. Tunnel code (D/E)

**ADN** 

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**IMDG** 

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern** 

None of the components are listed.

### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
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Labelling

Other EU regulations

**Industrial emissions** : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

**Industrial emissions** : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

**Explosive precursors** : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Danger criteria** 

Category

P<sub>5</sub>c

**National regulations** 

**Austria** 

**VbF** class ΑII

Very dangerous flammable liquid.

Limitation of the use of

organic solvents

: Permitted.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Czech Republic** 

Storage code : 11

**Denmark** 

**Danish fire class** : II-1 **Executive Order No. 1795/2015** 

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
<b>E</b> thylbenzene	Listed	-

**MAL-code** 

: 4-3

**Protection based on MAL** 

According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 4-3

**Application:** When spraying in new\* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing\* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask, coveralls and eye protection must be worn.

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask and coveralls must be worn.

When spraying in existing\* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask, arm protectors and apron must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, coveralls and hood must be worn.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

**Polishing:** When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be

**Caution** The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

\*See Regulations.

: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National **Restrictions on use** 

Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances

Not listed

Carcinogenic waste

: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated

RG 4bis, RG 84

by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

**Finland** 

**France** 

: Xylene Social Security Code,

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 **RG 84** 

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate **RG 84** n-Butyl acetate **RG 84** Ethylbenzene **RG 84** 

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced

medical surveillance: not applicable

**Germany** 

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3 **Hazardous incident ordinance** 

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

### **Danger criteria**

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water : 2

**Technical instruction on** 

: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 51.1%

TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 3.8% air quality control

**AOX** : The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX

value in waste water.

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

**Netherlands** 

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
kylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	- Listed	- Listed	-	Development 2	-
arom. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**Water Discharge Policy** 

(ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/

toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

**Norway** 

**Sweden** 

Flammable liquid class : 2a

(SRVFS 2005:10)

**Switzerland** 

**VOC** content : VOC (w/w): 53.5%

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/20081

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method	
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method	
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
111373 Illiay cause damage to organis infought profotiged of repeated exposure.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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### **Notice to reader**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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