# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Label No : 115867

TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

**National contact** 

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
 Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 28/04/2025Date of previous issue: 06/03/2025Version: 181/41

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Hazardous ingredients** 

: Contains: n-Butyl acetate; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic and 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Supplemental label elements

Contains 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥25 - ≤50	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤9.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version :18 Label No : 17 5867

SECTION 3: Compo	SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients					
	EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4		STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	I		
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	REACH #: 01-2119987993-12 EC: 224-518-3 CAS: 4394-85-8	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.			

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue . 06/03/2025 Version : 18 3/41 TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants Label No : 115867

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatique dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data. Ingestion : No specific data.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

: No specific treatment. Specific treatments

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the** substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Date of issue/Date of revision . 06/03/2025 Version: 18 4/41 : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue Label No : 115867

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# **6.2 Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

## **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

#### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Date of issue/Date of revision: 28/04/2025Date of previous issue: 06/03/2025Version: 185/41TEKNODUR 0050 - All variantsLabel No : ₹ 5867

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

## 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational exposure limits**

Exposure limit values
Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) [Butylacetat alle Isomeren außer tert-Butylacet] CEIL: 480 mg/m³. CEIL: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) [Xylol (alle Isomeren, rein)]  PEAK 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ 4 times per shift.  TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.  PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift.  TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.
Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) Absorbed through skin.  TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.  CEIL 5 minutes: 100 ppm 8 times per shift.  CEIL 5 minutes: 550 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.
Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) Absorbed through skin.  TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 440 mg/m³.  CEIL 5 minutes: 200 ppm 8 times per shift.  CEIL 5 minutes: 880 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.
Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) [butylacetaat] STEL 15 minutes: 712 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 238 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) [Xyleen] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.
Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 87 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 551 mg/m³.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 28/04/2025Date of previous issue: 06/03/2025Version: 186/41TEKNODUR 0050 - All variantsLabel No : 15867

n-Butyl acetate

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024)

Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Xylene

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) [Xylene]

Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³.

n-Butyl acetate

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023)

STELV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Xylene

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) [ksilen] Absorbed through skin.

STELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia)

ELV: 100 ppm. ELV: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

STELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

Label No : 115867

STELV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 7/41

n-Butyl acetate Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.

Xylene Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) [Ξυλένιο,

μικτά ισομερή, καθαρά] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed

through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed

through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Xylene Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) [xylen] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 45.33 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 90.66 ppm.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) [nafta solventní]

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

Ethylbenzene Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 45.33 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 113.32 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate | Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

[butylacetat, alle isomerer]

Xylene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) [xylen, alle

isomere] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 109 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

Label No : 115867

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 8/41

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

Working Environment Author

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) [2-methoxy-1-methylethylacetat] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

Ethylbenzene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) K. Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 217 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 434 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

4/2024)

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.

Xylene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

4/2024) [ksüleen] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 450 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

**4/2024)** Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

4/2024) Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate **EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)** Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Label No : 115867

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 9/41

n-Butyl acetate Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 720 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 960 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. **Xylene** Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) [Ksyleeni] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 440 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020) TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs Ethylbenzene (Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 880 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) **Xylene** Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [xylènes, isomères mixtes, purs] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [hydrocarbures en C6-C12] TWA 8 hours: 1000 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) STEL 15 minutes: 1500 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) Ethylbenzene Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

Date of issue/Date of revision: 28/04/2025Date of previous issue: 06/03/2025Version: 1810/41TEKNODUR 0050 - All variantsLabel No : 1/15867

TWA 8 hours: 88.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Notes: Binding regulatory limit

values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

n-Butyl acetate

**Xylene** 

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 62 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. PEAK 15 minutes: 124 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Develop C.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 200 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 480 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

PEAK 15 minutes: 960 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) [Xylol] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. PEAK 15 minutes: 440 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) [Xylene] Develop D.

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

PEAK 15 minutes: 440 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Develop C.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 88 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. PEAK 15 minutes: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Carc 4, Develop C.

Absorbed through skin.

PEAK 15 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. PEAK 15 minutes: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].

TWA 8 hours: 88 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate

Ethylbenzene

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**Xylene** Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021) [ξυλόλια (όλα τα ισομερή)] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 650 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 11/41 : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue Label No : 115867

values (Greece, 9/2021) Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021)

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) Sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Xylene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) [xilol izomerek

keveréke] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) Absorbed through

skin.

TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023)

[bútýlasetat, allir ísómerar] TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

Xylene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023)

[Xýlen, allir ísómerar] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 109 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023)

Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethylbenzene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023)

Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Label No : 17 5867

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 12/41

NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: EU derived Occupational n-Butyl acetate **Exposure Limit Values** OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 241 mg/m3. OELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. **Xylene** NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [xylene] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m3. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU Ethylbenzene derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 100 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 442 mg/m3. OELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. **Xylene** Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020) [Xilene, isomeri misti, puro] Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from Ethylbenzene chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Short Term 15 minutes: 200 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. n-Butyl acetate Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. **Xylene** Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) [Ksilols] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Date of issue/Date of revision . 06/03/2025 Version : 18 13/41 : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue Label No : 17 5867

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Ethylbenzene

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

n-Butyl acetate

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

**Xylene** 

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024)

[ksilenas, mišrūs izomerai, grynas] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 250 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate

Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**Xylene** 

Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) [xylène Isomères mixtes, pures]

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I

(Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Ethylbenzene

Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I

(Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

: 06/03/2025 Version : 18 14/41 Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue Label No : 115867

n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. **Xylene** 

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

> TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values

(Netherlands, 5/2024) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

**Xylene** Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024) [xyleen, o-, m-, p-isomeren] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 47.5 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values

> (Netherlands, 5/2024) TWA 8 hours: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Ethylbenzene Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values

(Netherlands, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 215 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 430 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 97.3 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 48.6 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022)

> STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

**Xylene** FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) [xylen] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 108 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) Absorbed through skin.

> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) Carc. Absorbed through Ethylbenzene

TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Label No : 115867

Version: 18 15/41 Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 . 06/03/2025 Date of previous issue

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection n-Butyl acetate Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 720 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy **Xylene** of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) [xylene - mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 260 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 520 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Ethylbenzene Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. n-Butyl acetate Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [xileno **Xylene** (isómeros o, m & p)] A4. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A3. Ethylbenzene TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and n-Butyl acetate additions (Romania, 3/2024) VLA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Short term 15 minutes: 150 ppm. **Xylene** HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [xilen] Absorbed through skin. VLA 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [Solvent nafta] Absorbed through skin.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin.

VLA 8 hours: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Short term 15 minutes: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 16/41 : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue Label No : 115867

VLA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Short term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin.

VLA 8 hours: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. VLA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Short term 15 minutes: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Short term 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024)

[butylacetáty] Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³ (Butyl acetates). TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm (Butyl acetates). STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³ (Butyl acetates). STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm (Butyl acetates).

**Xylene** 

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024) [xylén, zmiešané izoméry] Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ (xylene, mixed isomers). TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm (xylene, mixed isomers). STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ (xylene, mixed isomers). STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm (xylene, mixed isomers).

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024)

Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

Ethylbenzene

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024)

Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

n-Butyl acetate

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 150 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

**Xylene** 

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) [ksilen] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to

Ethylbenzene

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 17/41 : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue Label No : 115867

exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

KTV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 200 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

n-Butyl acetate

**Xylene** 

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [xileno, mezcla isómeros] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,

1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,

1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

n-Butyl acetate

Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,

11/2022) [butyl acetate]
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

**Xylene** 

Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,

11/2022) [xylene] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,

11/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

Ethylbenzene

Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,

Label No : 115867

11/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 18/41

n-Butyl acetate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024)
-	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 720 mg/m³.
Xylene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) [Xylol] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 275 mg/m³.
Ethylbenzene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin, Ototoxicant.
·	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 220 mg/m³.
n-Butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)
•	STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [xylene, o-,m-,
	p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL 15 minutes: 441 mg/m³.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL 15 minutes: 548 mg/m³.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 274 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL 15 minutes: 552 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m³.

## **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices	
Xylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes]  BEI Fitness: 1000 μg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one ye BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time one year.	
No exposure indices known.		
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Notes: significant skin resorption possible BLV: 2000 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid – in total [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the exposure or at the end of the work shift.	

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 28/04/2025
 Date of previous issue
 : 06/03/2025
 Version
 : 18
 19/41

 TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants
 Label No : 1 5867

**Xylene** 

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, biological limit values (Annex IV) (Croatia, 12/2023) [xylene]

BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Ethylbenzene

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, biological limit values (Annex IV) (Croatia, 12/2023)

BEI: 1.5 mg/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure.

BEI: 14.1 µmol/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure.

BEI: 1.12 mol/mol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.

No exposure indices known.

**Xylene** 

Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene]

Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Ethylbenzene

Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015)

Biological limit values: 1100 µmol/mmol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Biological limit values: 1500 mg/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

**Xylene** 

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene]

BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Ethylbenzene

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020)

BEI: 5.2 mmol/l, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after work shift at the end of the working week or exposure period.

No exposure indices known.

**Xylene** 

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2023) [Xylene (all isomers)]

Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2024) [Xylene (all isomers)] BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

20/41

Ethylbenzene

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Notes: danger from . 06/03/2025

Date of issue/Date of revision Version: 18 Date of previous issue TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants Label No : 17 5867

: 28/04/2025

percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenyl glyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2024)

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

No exposure indices known.

**Xylene** 

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

**Xylene** 

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

**Xylene** 

No exposure indices known.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) [xylene]

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine].

Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 860 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine].

Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023)

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

BEI: 1110 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]

BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.

BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

Minister Cabinet Regulations No.325 - BEI (Latvia, 3/2024) [xylenes (all isomers)]

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric (toluric) acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the exposure or at the end of the shift.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 21/41

TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants

**Xylene** 

Ethylbenzene

**Xylene** 

Ethylbenzene

**Xylene** 

Ethylbenzene

## Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes]

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

## Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

# HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [Xylene]

OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

# HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024)

OBLV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.

# Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 5/2024) [xylene, all isomers]

BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 10355 µmol/l, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, as xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 2000 mg/l, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.5 mg/l, as xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

## Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 5/2024)

BLV: 799 µmol/mmol creatinine, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 7.44 µmol/mmol creatinine, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1067 mg/g creatinine, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 8.03 mg/g creatinine, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 10590 µmol/l, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 98.6 µmol/l, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1600 mg/l, as mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 12 mg/l, as 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

Label No : 115867

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 22/41

**Xylene** 

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) [xylene (all isomers)]

BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Ethylbenzene

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024)

BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Xylene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [Xylenes]

VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Ethylbenzene

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024)

VLB: 700 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) [Xylene, all isomers]

BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

Ethylbenzene

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024)

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

**Xylene** 

EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers]

BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

titanium dioxide

Product/ingredient name

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

28 μg/m³ Effects: Local

Result

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

170 μg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local

n-Butyl acetate

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

Label No : 17 5867

3.4 mg/kg bw/day

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 23/41

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

6 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 

7 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal** 

11 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 

12 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

35.7 mg/m³ Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

48 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³ Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

600 mg/m³ Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

600 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

65.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

65.3 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 

125 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 

212 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

Xylene

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 24/41

TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

221 mg/m³ Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

221 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

260 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

260 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

442 mg/m³ Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

442 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.41 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

1.9 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

178.57 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

640 mg/m³ Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

837.5 mg/m³ Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

1066.67 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

1152 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

1286.4 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

33 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

33 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

36 mg/kg bw/day

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 25/41

TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants

Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

275 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 

320 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

550 mg/m³ Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 

796 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

**DMEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

442 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DMEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

884 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

1.6 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

77 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 

180 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 

293 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

4.17 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 

4.17 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

8.93 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 

11.7 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

13.3 mg/m³ Effects: Local

Ethylbenzene

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 28/04/2025

Date of previous issue

: 06/03/2025

Version : 18

26/41

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

13.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Effects: Local

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

50.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Effects: Systemic

#### **PNECs**

Not available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering** controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

## **Skin protection Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm < 1 hour (breakthrough time):

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or

4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

## **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type:

Date of issue/Date of revision . 06/03/2025 Version: 18 27/41 : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue Label No : 115867

Filter type (spray application):

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour : Various **Odour** Slight

: Not available. **Odour threshold** Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
n-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	

**Flammability** : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.8% (xylene)

Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate) limit Flash point Closed cup: 32°C (89.6°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available. Not applicable.

Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s **Viscosity** 

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Va	our pressu	re at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				

**Relative density** : Not available. 1.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> **Density** Vapour density : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 : 06/03/2025 Version: 18 28/41 Date of previous issue TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants Label No : 115867

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Acute toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name Result

n-Butyl acetate Rat - Oral - LD50

10760 mg/kg

EU

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

14112 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

0.74 mg/l [4 hours]

Xylene Rat - Oral - LD50

4300 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and

Bladder - Other changes

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

21.7 mg/l [4 hours]

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Rat - Oral - LD50

8400 mg/kg

<u>Toxic effects</u>: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration -

Other changes

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Rat - Oral - LD50

8532 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Ethylbenzene Rat - Oral - LD50

3500 mg/kg

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 29/41

TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants

**Label No** : 1715867

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

15400 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

29000 mg/l [4 hours]

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
TEKNODUR 0050	N/A	15044.4	N/A	123.4	N/A
n-Butyl acetate	10760	14112	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	15400	N/A	11	29000

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

titanium dioxide Human - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 72 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 300 ug I

n-Butyl acetate Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg

Xylene Rat - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 8 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 60 uL

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 %

Ethylbenzene Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

n-Butyl acetate Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Xylene Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours

Label No : 17 5867

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version : 18 30/41

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Ethylbenzene Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

> **Duration of treatment/exposure**: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

#### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

#### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

## **Carcinogenicity**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung. Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

## Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**Product/ingredient name** Result

n-Butyl acetate STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

**Xylene** STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

**Product/ingredient name** Result

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue . 06/03/2025 Version : 18 31/41 Label No : 115867

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Xylene** STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation)

Ethylbenzene STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation)

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name Result

**Xylene** ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Ethylbenzene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data. Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

## 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine

disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC)

No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision . 06/03/2025 Version: 18 32/41 : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue Label No : 115867

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

titanium dioxide Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus

>1000000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate

Age: <24 hours 3 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

n-Butyl acetate Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*Age: 31 to 32 days; <u>Size</u>: 21.6 mm; <u>Weight</u>: 0.175 g

18000 μg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina

32 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Acute - LC50

Fish

9.2 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC50

Daphnia

3.2 mg/l [48 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	High
light aromatic			
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	Low
acetate			
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	-	<1.9	Low

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

## Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос
n-Butyl acetate	1.52	33.2139
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.36	2.31363
Ethylbenzene	2.23	170.406
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	1.6	39.587

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 28/04/2025
 Date of previous issue
 : 06/03/2025
 Version
 : 18
 33/41

 TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants
 Label No : 15867

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	Т	vPvM	vP	vM
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

**Mobility** : Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB	
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	

## Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

**Conclusion/Summary** Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** 

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025 Version :18 34/41 Label No : 115867

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**European waste** catalogue (EWC) : 080111\*, 200127\*

## **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **Special precautions**

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

## **Additional information**

ADR/RID

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

Tunnel code (D/E)

**ADN** 

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

**IMDG** 

**Emergency schedules** 

Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

# user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Label No : 115867

## 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Date of issue/Date of revision Version :18 · 28/04/2025 . 06/03/2025 35/41 Date of previous issue

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

## Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

## Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
TEKNODUR 0050	≥90	3

Labelling

Other EU regulations

**Industrial emissions** : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

**Industrial emissions** : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

**Explosive precursors** : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Danger criteria** 

Category

P<sub>5</sub>c

## **National regulations**

**Austria** 

Limitation of the use of

: Permitted.

organic solvents

**Belgium** 

## Book VI carcinogenic agents annex VI.2-1 - VI.2-3

Ingredient name	Status
Silice	Listed
Styrène	Listed
Silice	Listed

**Czech Republic** 

Storage code : 11

**Denmark** 

Fire class : II-1 Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/03/2025 Version: 18 36/41 : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue Label No : 17 5867

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
titanium dioxide	Listed	-
Ethylbenzene	Listed	-

## **MAL-code**

4-3

#### **Protection based on MAL**

According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

**General:** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 4-3

**Application:** When spraying in new\* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing\* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask, coveralls and eye protection must be worn.

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask and coveralls must be worn.

When spraying in existing\* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask, arm protectors and apron must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, coveralls and hood must be worn.

**Drying:** Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

**Polishing:** When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

**Caution** The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 28/04/2025Date of previous issue: 06/03/2025Version: 1837/41TEKNODUR 0050 - All variantsLabel No : 1/15867

\*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National

Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable

substances

: Not listed

Carcinogenic waste : Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated

by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

**Finland France** 

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7

**RG 84** : n-Butyl acetate

RG 4bis, RG 84 **Xylene** 

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic **RG 84** 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate **RG 84** Ethylbenzene **RG 84** 

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced

medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3 **Hazardous incident ordinance** 

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water : 2

Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

Number [Class]	Description	%
5.2.1	Total dust	69.2
5.2.2 [III]	Dusty inorganic substances	0.011
5.2.5	Organic substances	30.8
5.2.5 [I]	Organic substances	24.3
5.2.7.1.3	Reproductive toxic substances	0.01

**AOX** The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX

value in waste water.

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

**Netherlands** 

## Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	•	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
xylene	-	-	-	Development 2	-
Solvent naphtha	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
(petroleum), light					
arom.					

**Water Discharge Policy** 

(ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/

. 06/03/2025

Version: 18

38/41

toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

Date of previous issue

Norway

**Product registration** 

number

: 671235

: 28/04/2025

Sweden

Flammable liquid class

(SRVFS 2005:10) Date of issue/Date of revision

: 2b

TEKNODUR 0050 - All variants Label No : 115867

**Switzerland** 

**VOC content** : VOC (w/w): 30.7%

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** 

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

## Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Date of issue/Date of revision: 28/04/2025Date of previous issue: 06/03/2025Version: 1839/41TEKNODUR 0050 - All variantsLabel No : 11/15867

## SECTION 16: Other information

**ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4** Acute Tox. 4

Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** Carc. 2

Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 STOT SE 3

Date of issue/ Date of : 28/04/2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 06/03/2025

: 18 Version

#### **Notice to reader**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 18 : 28/04/2025 . 06/03/2025 40/41 Date of previous issue Label No : 17 5867

: 06/03/2025 Date of issue/Date of revision : 28/04/2025 Date of previous issue **Version** :18 41/41 **Label No** : **1** 5867