

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOCRYL AQUA 2935-20 - All variants

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : TEKNOCRYL AQUA 2935-20 - All variants

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product description : Paint.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

TEKNOS Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

#### National contact

Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Telephone number : TEKNOS UK Limited; TEL: +44 1608 683 494; Opening hours: MON-FRI, 7am – 6pm.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements : Contains 2,4,7,9-tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol, adipohydrazide and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles :

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification :  None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	<2.5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤1	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
2,4,7,9-tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol	REACH #: 01-2119954390-39 EC: 204-809-1 CAS: 126-86-3	<1	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
adipohydrazide	EC: 213-999-5 CAS: 1071-93-8	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
2-Dimethylaminoethanol	REACH #: 01-2119492298-24 EC: 203-542-8 CAS: 108-01-0 Index: 603-047-00-0	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) EUH071	[1]
			<b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy
- [\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$  not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Hazardous combustion products** : In a fire, decomposition may produce toxic gases/fumes.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : Specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

##### Danger criteria

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

2-Butoxyethanol

**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.**

STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

TWA: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

2-Dimethylaminoethanol

**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).**

STEL: 22 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 7.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects	
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26.7 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	59 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	75 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	89 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	89 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	147 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1091 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
titanium dioxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	700 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
2,4,7,9-tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.25 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.25 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.43 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.29 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.76 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	5.28 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	adipohydrazide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
2-Dimethylaminoethanol	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.08 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.04 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Short term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic

### PNECs

No PNECs available

## 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** :  Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** :  Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** :  Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** :  Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.  
 > 8 hours (breakthrough time):  Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm  
 Not recommended  Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves

**Body protection** :  Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Refer to European Standard EN 14605 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

**Other skin protection** :  Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** :  Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type (spray application):  P

**Environmental exposure controls** :  Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
pH	: 8.6 - 9.2
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >100°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Lower: Not applicable. Upper: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.2 kg/l
Solubility(ies)	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.

### 9.2 Other information

VOC	: 65-75 g/l
Solubility in water	: Not available.

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.



## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Dimethylaminoethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	1641 ppm 2 g/kg	4 hours -
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.11 mg/l	4 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral Inhalation (gases) Inhalation (vapours)	30000 mg/kg 1641000 ppm 275 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
2,4,7,9-tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
2-Dimethylaminoethanol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 g	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	445 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	5 uL	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Sensitisation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-Dimethylaminoethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- Inhalation** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** :  No specific data.  
**Inhalation** :  No specific data.  
**Skin contact** :  No specific data.  
**Ingestion** :  No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** :  Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** :  Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** :  Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** :  Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary** :  Not available.  
**General** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Carcinogenicity** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Teratogenicity** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Developmental effects** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Fertility effects** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other information** :  Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
2,4,7,9-tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC50 91 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	LC50 42 mg/l	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** :  Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	high
2-Dimethylaminoethanol	-0.55	-	low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**PBT** : Not applicable.

**vPvB** : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)** : 080112

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1 UN number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>				
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>				
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>				

EkNOCRYL AQUA 2935-20 - All variants

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information				

**14.6 Special precautions for user** :  **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**  
**EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)**

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation**

**Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern**

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

**Other EU regulations**

**Europe inventory** :  Not determined.

**Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)**

Not listed.

**Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)**

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive**

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**International regulations**

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** :  This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
RRN = REACH Registration Number  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Version : 1.02

EKNOCRYL AQUA 2935-20

variants

EKNOCRYL AQUA 2935-20 - All variants

Label No : 28993

Date of issue/Date of revision

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13/14

## SECTION 16: Other information

### [Notice to reader](#)

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.