SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1604-20

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1604-20 **Product name**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Dam. 1, H318 **STOT SE 3, H336**

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

: P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several Response

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 1/24 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version :1 **Label No: 51843**

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

Supplemental label elements

: Contains: n-Butyl acetate and Butan-1-ol

: Contains Formaldehyde. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	CAS: 68002-18-6	≤10	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
Butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	ATE [Oral] = 790 mg/kg	[1]
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	CAS: 68002-19-7	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
Ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Formaldehyde	REACH #: 01-2119488953-20 EC: 200-001-8 CAS: 50-00-0 Index: 605-001-00-5	<0.1	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 700 ppm	[1] [2]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Date of previous issue Version:1 2/24 : No previous validation **Label No:**51843

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients							
	Muta. 2, H341						
	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.						

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Version:1 Date of previous issue : No previous validation 3/24 **Label No:**51843

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with

the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Label No: 51843

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 4/24

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Date of issue/Date of revision • 24/01/2024 Version :1 5/24 Date of previous issue : No previous validation **Label No: 51843**

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butyl acetate (all isomers except tert-butyl acetate)] CEIL: 480 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Butan-1-ol	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butanol (all isomers except 2-methyl-2-propanol)] PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 600 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Ethyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 1468 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 400 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Formaldehyde	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.3 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 0.37 mg/m³ 8 hours. CEIL: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 712 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 238 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Butan-1-ol	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 62 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Ethyl acetate	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 24/01/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 16/24TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1604-20Label No :51843

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. **Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021).**

Limit value - M: 0.3 ppm Limit value - M: 0.38 mg/m³

n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021).

Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Butan-1-ol Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021).

Limit value 8 hours: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethyl acetate Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of

Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021).

Limit value 8 hours: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 400 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 200 ppm 8 hours.

Formaldehyde

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 10/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Skin

sensitiser.

Limit value 15 min: 0.5 ppm 15 minutes. Form: For the healthcare,

funeral and embalming sectors

Limit value 8 hours: 0.62 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: For the

healthcare, funeral and embalming sectors
Limit value 15 min: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Limit value 8 hours: 0.37 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Limit value 15 min: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes.
Limit value 8 hours: 0.3 ppm 8 hours.

n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/

STELV (Croatia, 1/2021).

STELV: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Butan-1-ol Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/

STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.

STELV: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

Ethyl acetate Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/

STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). STELV: 400 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 200 ppm 8 hours.

STELV: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

ELV: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Formaldehyde Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/

STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Skin sensitiser.

ELV: 0.62 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: health and funeral sector and embalming sector

Label No:51843

ELV: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. Form: health and funeral sector and embalming sector

STELV: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes.

n-Butyl acetate Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Ethyl acetate Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021).

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 7/24

Formaldehyde

TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours.

EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Skin sensitiser.

STEL: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 0.62 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

n-Butyl acetate

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

Republic, 10/2022).

TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 149.661 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 49.887 ppm 8 hours.

Butan-1-ol

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [Butanol (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 97.5 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 195 ppm 15 minutes.

Ethyl acetate

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022).

TWA: 700 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 191.1 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 245.7 ppm 15 minutes.

Formaldehyde

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [formaldehyd] Skin sensitiser.

TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: for health services, funeral services and embalming services

STEL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: for health services, funeral services and embalming services

STEL: 0.59274 ppm 15 minutes. Form: for health services, funeral services and embalming services

TWA: 0.4005 ppm 8 hours. Form: for health services, funeral services and embalming services

TWA: 0.37 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: outside the field of health services, funeral services and embalming services

TWA: 0.29637 ppm 8 hours. Form: outside the field of health services, funeral services and embalming services

STEL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: outside the field of health services, funeral services and embalming services

STEL: 0.59274 ppm 15 minutes. Form: outside the field of health services, funeral services and embalming services

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ethyl acetate

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Formaldehyde

EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Skin sensitiser.

STEL: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 0.62 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

No exposure limit value known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Version:1 Date of previous issue : No previous validation 8/24 **Label No:**51843

n-Butyl acetate

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Butan-1-ol

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars)

STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethyl acetate

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Binding regulatory

limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

Formaldehyde

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Skin sensitiser. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA: 0.3 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. Form: the healthcare, funeral directors

and embalming sectors

TWA: 0.62 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: the healthcare, funeral directors

and embalming sectors

STEL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 0.37 mg/m³ 8 hours.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate

Butan-1-ol

Ethyl acetate

Formaldehyde

No exposure limit value known. No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate

Butan-1-ol

No exposure limit value known.

NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational

Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes.

NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational

Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours.

NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational

Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 200 ppm 8 hours. OELV-15min: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OELV-8hr: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Sensitization potential. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values

OELV-8hr: 0.3 ppm 8 hours. OELV-15min: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 0.738 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OELV-8hr: 0.37 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).

TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).

Label No:51843

Absorbed through skin.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 9/24

TWA: 45 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 90 mg/m3

CEIL: 30 ppm Ethyl acetate

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).

TWA: 500 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 1100 mg/m³ CEIL: 300 ppm

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Skin Formaldehyde

2/2021).

sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA: 0.37 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.3 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate

Butan-1-ol

Ethyl acetate

Formaldehyde

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate

Butan-1-ol

Ethyl acetate

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,

TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 720 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021).

TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 0.37 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [Butyl acetates]

TWA: 241 mg/m³, (Butyl acetates) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).

[Butyl alkohols]

TWA: 310 mg/m³, (Butyl alkohols) 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, (Butyl alkohols) 8 hours.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).

TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Version: 1 10/24 Date of previous issue : No previous validation **Label No:**51843

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

Formaldehyde

Government regulation SR c. 356/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Skin

sensitiser.

Technical guidance value: 0.37 mg/m³ 8 hours. Technical guidance value: 0.3 ppm 8 hours.

No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,

4/2022).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Butan-1-ol

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,

4/2022). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 61 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Ethyl acetate

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,

4/2022).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

Formaldehyde

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,

4/2022). Skin sensitiser.

STEL: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

TWA: 0.37 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWA: 0.3 ppm 8 hours.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).

STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

Butan-1-ol

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed

through skin.

STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

Ethyl acetate

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Xylene

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,

p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed

through skin.

STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Formaldehyde

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).

STEL: 2.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.

Date of issue/Date of revision
TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1604-20

: 24/01/2024 Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version :1

11/24

Label No:51843

TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	
Butan-1-ol	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) BLV: 15.34 µmol/mmol creatinine, n-butyl alcohol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 10 mg/g creatinine, n-butyl alcohol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 3.13 µmol/mmol creatinine, n-butyl alcohol [in urine]. Sampling time: before the next work shift. BLV: 2 mg/g creatinine, n-butyl alcohol [in urine]. Sampling time: before the next work shift.
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Date of previous issue 12/24 : No previous validation Version :1 **Label No** :51843

procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 11 mg/kg bw/day	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Butan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5625 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.125 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55.357 mg/		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	155 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
Ethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	General population	Systemic

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 24/01/2024 Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

13/24 Version :1

Label No: 51843

	DNEL	Long term	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	3		
	DNEL	Long term	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
Formaldehyde	DNEL	Long term	0.375 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	0.75 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	5.151	Inhalation	40 / 0		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12 µg/cm²	General	Local
	DAIE	D	07/	population	1 1
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 µg/cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term	0.1 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DNIEL	Inhalation	0.0/3	population	0
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.2 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNE		4.1 mg/kg	population	Cuatamia
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 9 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemis
	DINEL	Inhalation	9 mg/m	VVOIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLE	Long term Dermai	bw/day	population	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	240 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term berman	bw/day	VVOINGIS	Cysternic
			~		

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Label No: 51843

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 14/24

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type:

Filter type (spray application):

Environmental exposure

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour Various Odour : Slight **Odour threshold** : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and

Ingredient name

boiling range

Ethyl acetate

Butan-1-ol

°C °F Method 77.1 170.8

OECD 103

246.2

Flammability : Not available. Lower and upper explosion Lower: 1.4% Upper: 11.5%

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Butan-1-ol	355	671	EU A.15
n-Butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15

119

Decomposition temperature : Not available. Ha : Not applicable.

Not available. **Viscosity**

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

: Not available. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Version :1 15/24 Date of previous issue : No previous validation **TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1604-20 Label No: 51843**

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Ethyl acetate	81.59163	10.9				
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			

Relative density: Not available.Density: 1.3 g/cm³Vapour density: Not available.Explosive properties: Not available.Oxidising properties: Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
_	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Formaldehyde	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	250 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
Oral	19268.29 mg/kg		

Irritation/Corrosion

Date of issue/Date of revision: 24/01/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 116/24TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1604-20Label No :51843

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
Butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
		5 11.7		mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
Farma aldaharda	Free Milelimiters	11		mg	
Formaldehyde	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	6 minutes 1	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		ppm 24 hours 750	
	Lyes - Severe irritarit	Nabbit	-		-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		ug 750 ug	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 150	_
	OKIT WING ITTEATE	liaman		ug I	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	540 mg	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 %	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.8 %	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Severe irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit Human Rabbit	- - -	24 hours 50 mg 0.01 % 0.8 % 24 hours 2	- - -

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Formaldehyde	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes: Not available. of exposure

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Date of previous issue Version :1 17/24 : No previous validation **Label No: 51843**

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eye contact**

> watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatique dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

: Not available. Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Version:1 18/24 Date of previous issue : No previous validation **Label No: 51843**

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	32 days
Formaldehyde	Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.788 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12.98 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 5800 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.41 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.005 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Isochrysis galbana</i> - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 953.9 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - Egg	43 days

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name Log	ogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate 2.3 Butan-1-ol 1 Ethyl acetate 0.6	•	- - 30	Low Low Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 24/01/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 119/24TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1604-20Label No :51843

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC) : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

: 08.01.11

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, butan-1-ol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, butan-1-ol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl acetate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN

The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Version:1 20/24 Date of previous issue : No previous validation **Label No: 51843**

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1604-20	≥90	3
Formaldehyde	<0.1	72

Labelling

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category P₅c

National regulations

Austria

VbF class : A II

Very dangerous flammable liquid.

Limitation of the use of

organic solvents

: Permitted.

Czech Republic

Storage code : 11

Denmark Finland France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : n-Butyl acetate **RG 84** Butan-1-ol **RG 84**

Ethyl acetate **RG 84**

Formaldehyde RG 43, RG 43bis, RG 84

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Version :1 21/24 Date of previous issue : No previous validation **Label No:**51843

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced

medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Hazardous incident ordinance

<u>Italy</u>

Netherlands

Norway

Sweden

Switzerland

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24/01/2024 Version :1 22/24 Date of previous issue : No previous validation **Label No: 51843**

SECTION 16: Other information

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aguto Toy 2	ACLITE TOVICITY Cotogony 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Carc. 1B	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of : 24/01/2024

revision

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Version : 1

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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