

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOCOAT AQUA PRIMER 1868-00 - TS 0100

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : TEKNOCOAT AQUA PRIMER 1868-00 - TS 0100

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Not classified.

The product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Not applicable.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Supplemental label elements : Contains adipohydrazide, 2-mercaptoethanol and 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction. Safety data sheet available on request. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for in-can preservation: BIT and Bronopol and C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) and DTBMA and MBIT.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles :

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
Titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤3	Not classified.	-	[2]
adipohydrazide	REACH #: 01-2119962900-36 EC: 213-999-5 CAS: 1071-93-8	<1	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
2-mercaptoethanol	EC: 200-464-6 CAS: 60-24-2	<0.1	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 244 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l M [Acute] = 1	[1]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 1020 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Dipropylene glycol methylether	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ethers (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 307 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CEIL: 100 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. CEIL: 614 mg/m ³ , 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
Dipropylene glycol methylether	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Dipropylene glycol monomethylether] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Dipropylene glycol methylether	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [2-(Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol] Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Dipropylene glycol methylether	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. ELV: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Dipropylene glycol methylether	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Dipropylene glycol methylether	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 5/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 43.74 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 89.1 ppm 15 minutes.
Dipropylene glycol methylether	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Dipropylene glycol methylether] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 309 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 618 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Dipropylene glycol methylether	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Dipropylene glycol methylether	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)-propanol] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Dipropylene glycol methylether	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	<p>Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-propanol] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)</p> <p>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	<p>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). []</p> <p>TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). [Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether]</p> <p>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</p> <p>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Skin sensitiser.</p>
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	<p>Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol] Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</p>
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	<p>5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether]</p> <p>TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p>
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	<p>Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [dipropylene glycol methyl ether] Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p>
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	<p>NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-1-propanol] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values</p> <p>OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	<p>Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	<p>Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). [Methoxy propoxy propanols] Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	<p>Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
2-mercaptoethanol	<p>Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).</p> <p>TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	<p>Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-propanol] Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)-propanol] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [dipropylene glycolmethylether] OEL, 8-h TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL, 8-h TWA: 48.7 ppm 8 hours.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Dipropylene glycol methyl ether] Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [dipropylene glycol methyl ether] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 480 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [2-methoxymetyl-ethoxypropanol] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ , (2-methoxymetyl-ethoxypropanol) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (2-methoxymetyl-ethoxypropanol) 8 hours.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 308 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Dipropylene glycol methyl ether] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 450 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Dipropylene glycol methyl ether (mixture of isomers)] STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether adipohydrazide 2-mercaptoethanol 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	37.2 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	121 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	283 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	308 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.025 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.025 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.05 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.05 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.17 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.17 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.81 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic	

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Filter type (spray application): A P
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : White.
- Odour** : Slight
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Water	100	212	
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	189.6	373.3	EU A.2

- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : Lower: 1.1%
Upper: 14%
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	207	404.6	EU A.15

- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- Solubility(ies)** :
Not available.
- Solubility in water** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Water	17.5	2.3				

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.3 g/cm ³
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
<u>Particle characteristics</u>	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-mercaptoethanol 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	244 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Not available.	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
2-mercaptoethanol 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	2 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 5 %	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-mercaptoethanol	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	96 hours	
	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.36 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema Costatum</i>	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i>	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 1.9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Onorhynchus Mykiss</i>	96 hours	
	Acute NOEC 0.15 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema Costatum</i>	72 hours	

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EU	24 % - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	Inherent

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	0.004	-	Low
2-mercaptoethanol	-0.056	-	Low
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	3.2	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080112, 200128

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Labelling :

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

Austria

VbF class : Not regulated.

Limitation of the use of organic solvents : Permitted.

Czech Republic

Storage code : IV

Denmark

Danish fire class : IV-1

Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
Titanium dioxide	Listed	-

MAL-code : 0-1

Protection based on MAL : **According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:**

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

MAL-code: 0-1

Application: When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Arm protectors must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Gas filter mask must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Full mask with combined filter, coveralls and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances : Not listed

Finland

France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : Dipropylenglycolmethylether RG 84

Reinforced medical surveillance : Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is not controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Hazard class for water : 1

Technical instruction on air quality control : TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 25%

AOX : The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

Water Discharge Policy (ABM) : A(3) Hazardous for aquatic organisms, may have long-term hazardous effects in aquatic environment. Decontamination effort: A

Norway

Sweden

Switzerland

VOC content : Exempt.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : Not applicable.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Not classified.

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2

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SECTION 16: Other information

Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

