

SAFETY DATA SHEET



SILOKSAN SAND - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SILOKSAN SAND - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

National contact

Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Skin Sens. 1, H317

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements :

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Type |
|--|--|--------|---|---------|
| crystalobalite | EC: 238-455-4 CAS: 14464-46-1 | ≤10 | Not classified. | [2] |
| Propylene glycol | REACH #: 01-2119456809-23 EC: 200-338-0 CAS: 57-55-6 | ≤3 | Not classified. | [2] |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8 | ≤0.3 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | [1] [2] |
| Sodium nitrite | REACH #: 01-2119471836-27 EC: 231-555-9 CAS: 7632-00-0 Index: 007-010-00-4 | ≤0.3 | Ox. Sol. 2, H272 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) | [1] |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7 | ≤0.11 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) | [1] |
| Ammonia | REACH #: 01-2119488876-14 EC: 215-647-6 CAS: 1336-21-6 Index: 007-001-01-2 | <0.1 | Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) | [1] [2] |
| crystalobalite | EC: 238-455-4 CAS: 14464-46-1 | ≤0.1 | STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation) | [1] [2] |
| 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8 | ≤0.021 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) | [1] |

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 08/05/2025

Date of previous issue

: 07/09/2022

Version : 2

2/22

SILOKSAN SAND - All variants

Label No : 17723

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | | |
|---|--|---------|--|---------|
| Kaolin | EC: 310-194-1 CAS: 1332-58-7 | ≤0.1 | EUH071 Not classified. | [2] |
| magnesium oxide | UK (GB) REACH #: Annex V REACH #: Annex V EC: 215-171-9 CAS: 1309-48-4 | ≤0.1 | Not classified. | [2] |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | EC: 911-418-6 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5 | ≤0.0018 | Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) EUH071 STOT RE 2, H373 | [1] |
| Quartz (SiO ₂) | EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7 | ≤0.1 | STOT RE 2, H373 | [1] [2] |
| Formaldehyde | REACH #: 01-2119488953-20 EC: 200-001-8 CAS: 50-00-0 Index: 605-001-00-5 | <0.1 | Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | [1] [2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures



6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** :  Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** :  Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.


SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

 Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| ☑ cristobalite | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [silica, respirable crystalline] Carc. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. |
| Propylene glycol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) TWA 8 hours: 474 mg/m ³ . Form: total vapour and particulates. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. Form: total vapour and particulates. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Particulate. |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 67.5 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 101.2 mg/m ³ . |
| Ammonia | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [ammonia] STEL 15 minutes: 25 mg/m ³ . Form: anhydrous. STEL 15 minutes: 35 ppm. Form: anhydrous. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. Form: anhydrous. TWA 8 hours: 18 mg/m ³ . Form: anhydrous. |
| cristobalite | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [silica, respirable crystalline] Carc. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. |
| Kaolin | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable dust. |
| magnesium oxide | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ (as Mg). Form: inhalable dust fume. TWA 8 hours: 4 mg/m ³ (as Mg). Form: respirable dust. |
| Quartz (SiO ₂) | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [silica, respirable crystalline] Carc. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. |
| Formaldehyde | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Carc. STEL 15 minutes: 2.5 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . |

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|---|
| ☑ Propylene glycol | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 10 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 10 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | |
|---|--|
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 50 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic |
| | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 168 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic |
| | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 6.25 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic |
| | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 67.5 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local |
| Sodium nitrite | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 101.2 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local |
| | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 2 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic |
| | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 2 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic |
| | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 0.023 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 0.07 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic |
| | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 1.16 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local |
| | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 1.16 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local |
| | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 2 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 0.02 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local |
| | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 0.02 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local |
| | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 0.04 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local |
| | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 0.04 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local |
| | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

0.09 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

0.11 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

Formaldehyde

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

12 µg/cm²

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

37 µg/cm²

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.1 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.375 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.75 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

3.2 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

4.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

9 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

102 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

240 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
- > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
- Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Filter type (spray application): A P
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Various
- Odour** : Slight
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| Water | 100 | 212 | |
| Propylene glycol | 188.2 | 370.8 | |

- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : Lower: 2.6% (propane-1,2-diol)
Upper: 12.6% (propane-1,2-diol)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|------------------------------|-----|-------|---------|
| Propyleneglycol-n-butylether | 194 | 381.2 | EU A.15 |
| Propylene glycol | 371 | 699.8 | |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature : Not available.
pH : 8.5 to 9.2 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

Solubility(ies) :
Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

| Ingredient name | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|------|--------|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| Water | 17.5 | 2.3 | | | | |
| Propylene glycol | 0.15 | 0.02 | EU A.4 | | | |

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 1.5 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Propylene glycol

Result

Rat - Oral - LD50
20 g/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
20800 mg/kg

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

Date of issue/Date of revision : 08/05/2025 **Date of previous issue** : 07/09/2022

Version : 2 **10/22**

SILOKSAN SAND - All variants

Label No : 17723

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

2700 mg/kg

Rat - Oral - LD50

4500 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Tetany Lung, Thorax, or Respiration
- Dyspnea Liver - Other changes

Sodium nitrite

Rat - Oral - LD50

180 mg/kg

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Rat - Oral - LD50

400 mg/kg

Rat - Dermal - LD50

>2000 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

0.763 mg/l [4 hours]

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

0.67 g/m³ [4 hours]

Ammonia

Rat - Oral - LD50

350 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Gastrointestinal - Other changes Liver - Other
changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes

4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Rat - Oral - LD50

1585 mg/kg

OECD [Acute Oral Toxicity]

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>652 mg/kg

OECD [Acute Dermal Toxicity]

Rat - Male, Female - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

0.26 mg/l [4 hours]

OECD [Acute Inhalation Toxicity]

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-
4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no.
220-239-6] (3:1)

Rat - Oral - LD50

53 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
activity) Behavioral - Ataxia Lung, Thorax, or Respiration -
Respiratory depression

Formaldehyde

Rat - Oral - LD50

100 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

270 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

250 ppm [4 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| SILOKSAN SAND | 175278.0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 656.9 |
| Propylene glycol | 20000 | 20800 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | 4500 | 2700 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Sodium nitrite | 180 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | 400 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0.67 |
| 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | 567 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0.16 |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 53 | 50 | N/A | 0.5 | N/A |
| Formaldehyde | 100 | 270 | 250 | N/A | N/A |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

Propylene glycol

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

Formaldehyde

Result

Child - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 96 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 30 % C

Human - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 168 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Human - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 104 mg l

Woman - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 96 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 30 %

Human - Skin - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 0.01 %

Human - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 150 ug l

Human - Skin - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 0.01 %

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 540 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 50 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 2 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 0.8 %

Mouse - Skin - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 7 %

Rat - Skin - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 7 %

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

Propylene glycol

Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Sodium nitrite

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Ammonia

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 250 ug

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 44 ug

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 0.5 minutes

Amount/concentration applied: 1 mg

Formaldehyde

Human - Eyes - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 6 minutes

Amount/concentration applied: 1 ppm

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 750 ug

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 750 ug

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 37 %

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 10 mg

Mouse - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 3 %

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Result

Guinea pig - skin

Result: Not sensitizing

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Result

In vitro - Bacteria

Result: Negative

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

Result

Rabbit - Female - Oral

50 mg/kg [7 days per week] [13 days]

Maternal toxicity: Positive

Developmental: Negative

Rabbit - Female - Oral

20 mg/kg [7 days per week] [13 days]

Maternal toxicity: Negative

Developmental: Negative

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

Ammonia

Formaldehyde

Result

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate

cristobalite

Quartz (SiO₂)

Result

STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx)

STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation)

STOT RE 2, H373

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

| | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |

Long term exposure

| | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| General | : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Propylene glycol

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

EU

Fish - Trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*
40613 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

EU

Algae - Algae
19300 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Water flea - *Ceriodaphnia dubia*

Age: <24 hours

18340000 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Bluegill - *Lepomis macrochirus*

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 08/05/2025

Date of previous issue

: 07/09/2022

Version : 2

15/22

SILOKSAN SAND - All variants

Label No : 17723

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| | |
|--|---|
| Sodium nitrite | <u>Size</u> : 33 to 75 mm 1300000 µg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality |
| | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Channel catfish - <i>Ictalurus punctatus</i> - Fingerling <u>Size</u> : 50 to 76 mm 0.16 µg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality |
| | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Crustaceans - Australian redclaw crayfish - <i>Cherax quadricarinatus</i> <u>Weight</u> : 0.1 to 0.14 g 1100 µg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality |
| | Acute - EC50 - Marine water Algae - Prasinophyte - <i>Tetraselmis chuii</i> 159000 µg/l [72 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Population |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | Chronic - NOEC - Marine water Fish - Large Seahorse - <i>Hippocampus abdominalis</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) <u>Age</u> : 14 weeks 0.912 mg/l [35 days] <u>Effect</u> : Physiology |
| | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water EU Fish - Trout - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> 0.067 mg/l [96 hours] |
| | Acute - NOEC - Fresh water EU Fish - Trout - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> 0.049 mg/l [96 hours] |
| | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water EU Daphnia - Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> 0.16 mg/l [48 hours] |
| | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water EU Daphnia - Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i> 0.05 mg/l [21 days] |
| | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water EU Algae - Algae - <i>Scenedemus subspicatus</i> 0.022 mg/l [72 hours] |
| Ammonia | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Western mosquitofish - <i>Gambusia affinis</i> - Adult 37 ppm [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality |
| 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Algae - Green algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> 0.003 mg/l [72 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Population |
| | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*

0.001 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Intoxication

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

US EPA

Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*

Weight: 1.2 g

2.7 ppb [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC

US EPA

Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*

0.56 ppb [97 days]

Effect: Growth

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

OECD

Algae - Diatom - *Nitzschia pungens*

19.789 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Population

Formaldehyde

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia pulex* - Neonate

Age: <24 hours

5800 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Intoxication

Acute - EC50 - Marine water

Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa*

0.788 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Reproduction

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

US EPA

Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*

1.41 ppm [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Fish - Chinook salmon - *Oncorhynchus tshawytscha* - Egg

953.9 ppm [43 days]

Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

Algae - Haptophyte - *Isochrysis galbana* - Exponential growth phase

Age: 4 to 5 days

0.005 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Population

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Propylene glycol | - | - | Readily |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | - | - | Not readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Propylene glycol | -1.07 | - | Low |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | 1 | - | Low |
| Sodium nitrite | -3.7 | - | Low |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | >1 | - | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P | B | T | vPvB | vP | vB |
|---|-----|----|----|-----|------|----|----|
| Cristobalite | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Propylene glycol | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Sodium nitrite | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate | No | No | No | Yes | No | No | No |
| Ammonia | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| cristobalite | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | No | No | No | Yes | No | No | No |
| Kaolin | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| magnesium oxide | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Quartz (SiO ₂) | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Formaldehyde | No | No | No | Yes | No | No | No |

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*, 200127*

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Packaging

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 14.1 UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | - | - | - | - |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - | - |
| 14.4 Packing group | - | - | - | - |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |

- 14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)


Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles


SECTION 15: Regulatory information

| Product/ingredient name | % | Designation [Usage] |
|--|---------------------|--------------------------------|
|  SILOKSAN SAND 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol Formaldehyde | ≥90 ≤0.3 <0.1 | 3 55 [Consumer paint] 72 |

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

| Product/ingredient name | List name | Name on list | Classification | Notes |
|--|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-------|
|  cristobalite | EH40/2005 WELs | silica, respirable crystalline | Carc | - |
| cristobalite | EH40/2005 WELs | silica, respirable crystalline | Carc | - |
| Quartz (SiO ₂) | EH40/2005 WELs | silica, respirable crystalline | Carc | - |
| Formaldehyde | EH40/2005 WELs | - | Carc | - |

EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)


Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
- N/A = Not available
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

SECTION 16: Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| | |
|--------|--|
| H272 | May intensify fire; oxidiser. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H310 | Fatal in contact with skin. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H330 | Fatal if inhaled. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H341 | Suspected of causing genetic defects. |
| H350 | May cause cancer. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |

Full text of classifications

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 2 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Acute Tox. 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Carc. 1B | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Muta. 2 | GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Ox. Sol. 2 | OXIDISING SOLIDS - Category 2 |
| Skin Corr. 1 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Corr. 1B | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B |
| Skin Corr. 1C | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1A | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A |
| STOT RE 1 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 |
| STOT RE 2 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 08/05/2025

Date of previous issue : 07/09/2022

Version : 2

SILOKSAN SAND

All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

