# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



PUUPOHJA

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name :

: PUUPOHJA

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

#### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Warning</li> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		
General	: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, ope sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> </ul>	n flames and other ignition
Response	: P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and was	h it before reuse.
Storage	: Not applicable.	
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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

	Incluincation
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Contains: 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate; Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) and 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one
Supplemental label elements	: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for dry film and in-can preservation: IPBC and DCOIT. Risk of skin sensitisation.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Aphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 50%	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	≤0.2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.67 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	<0.1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	M [Acute] = 1	[1]
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8	≤0.022	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 567 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.16 mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314:	[1]
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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	$C \ge 5\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: $0.025\% \le C < 5\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 3\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.025\% \le C < 3\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

<u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>			
Eye contact	: No specific data.		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		

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Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefight	ing measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, w the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection fo chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

# Danger criteriaCategoryNotification and MAPP<br/>thresholdSafety report thresholdP5c5000 tonne50000 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values (Austria, 4/2021). [Cobalt and its compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Co) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Co), 4 times per shift, 15
No exposure limit value known.	minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds (as cobalt)] Limit value 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as cobalt) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [cobalt and compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. ELV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [Cobalt and its compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction. STEL: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 15 minutes. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Inorganic compounds of cobalt] Carcinogen. TWA: 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020). TWA: 500 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	<b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitiser.</b> PEAK: 0.116 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 0.01 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 0.058 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

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	TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.
	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Skin sensitiser. PEAK: 0.116 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 0.01 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.058 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds (inhalable fraction)] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Compounds of cobalt] TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<b>5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.</b> TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: Dust and fumes
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds as C Sensitization potential. Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Inorganic cobalt compounds (except Co(II))] Skin sensitiser. Reproductive toxin. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [benzin to varnish] TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [cobalt an inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (expressed as Co) 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [Cobalt and its compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (Cobalt and its compounds, as Co) 8 hours.

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3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021).KTV: 0.01 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.KTV: 0.116 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.TWA: 0.058 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Inorganic compounds of cobalt, except those expressly stated] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2020). NGV: 50 ppm 8 hours. NGV: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. KTV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. KTV: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [cobalt and inorganic compounds inhalable fraction, (as Co)] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). STEL: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	SUVA (Sold fight a final structure) SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Skin sensitiser. STEL: 0.24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 0.02 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 0.12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Cobalt and its compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust and aerosol
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co] Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	TWA: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices	
Product/ingredient na	ame Exposure indices
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<b>VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [cobalt or its compounds]</b> BEI Fitness: 10 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] BEI: 130 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of each work shift work step or a week or exposure period.
No exposure indices known.	
∕obalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Cobalt and its compounds] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BGV: 35 $\mu$ g/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts. BEI: 1.5 $\mu$ g/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.
No exposure indices known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Cobalt compounds] OBLV: 1 μg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of the week. OBLV: 15 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [cobalt and its compounds] BLV: 38.45 nmol/mmol creatinine, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time no limitation. BLV: 20.03 μg/g creatinine, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation. BLV: 509.8 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.
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	BLV: 30 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.
No exposure indices known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [cobalt and inorganic compouns of cobalt, except oxides] VLB: 1 μg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of workweek. VLB: 15 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.
No exposure indices known.	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Cobalt and its compounds]</b> BEI: 30 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. BEI: 509 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.
₩ylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
procedures Europ assess values	ence should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: ean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the sment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace pheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment

of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
heavy		Inhalation	_	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Lange tawa Dawa al	bw/day	population	Cuatanaia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	040 mg/m	population	LUCAI
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	WOINCIS	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
	DITE	Inhalation	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	T officie	2000
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	5
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	DNEL	Long term	0.023 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	0		Questancia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic

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			1		
			bw/day		
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term	37 µg/m³	General	Local
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	175 µg/kg	General	Systemic
		Ŭ	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	235.1 µg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.</li> <li>Filter type: A</li> </ul>
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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
	In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
	equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

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The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	155 to 217	311 to 422.6	

Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Kower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6%
Flash point	: Ølosed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	

Decomposition temperature	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	
Not available.	
Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not applicable.

## Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3					
Relative density	: Not	available.		·			
Density	: 1.4	g/cm³					
/apour density	: Not	available.					
Explosive properties	: Not	available.					
Dxidising properties	: Not	available.					
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.					

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SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and reactivity	
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients	
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, welc braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	I,
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.67 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.763 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Male,	0.26 mg/l	4 hours
isothiazol-3-one	mists	Female	J J	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>652 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1585 mg/kg	-

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Conclusion/Summary** 

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
halation (dusts and mists)	373.42 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl	Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant	Human Rabbit	-	72 hours 300 ug l -	-
carbamate Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the		iteria are	not met.	

**Sensitisation** 

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species		Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	]
Conclusion/Summary Mutagenicity	: May cause an a	allergic skin reaction.		
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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	•		
Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 20 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
	Positive	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 50 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative - Oral	Rabbit - Female	50 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Category 1	-	larynx

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

#### Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

orexposure

Potential acute health effects		
Eve contact	÷	No kno

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

	irritation redness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Eye contact	: No specific data.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Ingestion

: No specific data.

<b>Delayed and immediate</b>	effects as well as	s chronic effects f	from short and long	<u>a-term exposure</u>

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

- 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties
- Not available.
- **11.2.2 Other information**

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedemus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.049 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	21 days
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 18 ppb Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.001 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.7 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.56 ppb	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	97 days

Conclusion/Summary

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary :	This product has not been tested for biodegradation.
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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	-	Not readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	>1	-	Low
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	15600	High

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.</li> <li>Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.</li> </ul>
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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	ADR/I	RID ADN	IMDG	i IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional informa ADR/RID ADN IMDG	: <u>}</u> : <u>}</u> : <u>}</u>	backagings up to 450 L ac F <u>unnel code</u> (D/E) /iscous liquid exception backagings up to 450 L ac /iscous liquid exception	cording to 2.2.3.1.5.1. This class 3 viscous liqu cording to 2.2.3.1.5.1. This class 3 viscous liqu	uid is not subject to regulation in uid is not subject to regulation in uid is not subject to regulation in
14.6 Special precau user	Itions for : ີ ເ		oremises: always transp e that persons transportir	ort in closed containers that are ng the product know what to do in
14.7 Maritime trans bulk according to I instruments	•	Not relevant/applicable du	e to nature of the produc	t.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

## Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]
PUUPOHJA		≥90	3
Labelling	:		·
Other EU regulations			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed		

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Industrial emissions	: Not listed		
(integrated pollution			
prevention and control) - Water			
Explosive precursors	: Not applicable.		
Ozone depleting substance			
Not listed.			
Prior Informed Consent (PI Not listed.	<u>C) (649/2012/EU)</u>		
Persistent Organic Pollutan Not listed.	<u>nts</u>		
Seveso Directive			
This product is controlled uno Danger criteria	der the Seveso Directive.		
Category			
P5c			
lational regulations			
<u>Austria</u>			
VbF class	: A II Very dangerous flammable liquid.		
Limitation of the use of organic solvents	: Permitted.		
Czech Republic			
Storage code	: 11		
<u>Denmark</u>			
Danish fire class	: II-1		
— // · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Executive Order No. 1795/2	<u>2015</u>		
Ingredient name	<u>2015</u>	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
	<u>2015</u>	Annex I Section A Listed	Annex I Section B
Ingredient name	: <b>2</b> -1		Annex I Section B
Ingredient name Iffanium dioxide MAL-code		Listed work involving coded p	- roducts, the following
Ingredient name	: 2-1 : According to the regulations on	Listed work involving coded p ersonal protective equi all work that may result in e worn when soiling is so kin against contact with th ng spattering if a full mas	- roducts, the following pment: n soiling. Apron/ great that regular work he product. A face k is not required. In this
Ingredient name Ittanium dioxide MAL-code	<ul> <li>2-1</li> <li>According to the regulations on stipulations apply to the use of p</li> <li>General: Gloves must be worn for coveralls/protective clothing must b clothes do not adequately protect s shield must be worn in work involving</li> </ul>	Listed work involving coded p ersonal protective equi all work that may result in e worn when soiling is so kin against contact with th ng spattering if a full mas ye protection is not requir here is return spray, the f	- roducts, the following pment: n soiling. Apron/ great that regular work ne product. A face k is not required. In this red. following must be worn:
Ingredient name Ittanium dioxide MAL-code	<ul> <li>2-1</li> <li>According to the regulations on stipulations apply to the use of p</li> <li>General: Gloves must be worn for coveralls/protective clothing must b clothes do not adequately protect s shield must be worn in work involvin case, other recommended use of e</li> <li>In all spraying operations in which t respiratory protection and arm protect</li> </ul>	Listed work involving coded p ersonal protective equi all work that may result in e worn when soiling is so kin against contact with th ng spattering if a full mas ye protection is not requir here is return spray, the f ectors/apron/coveralls/pro	- roducts, the following pment: n soiling. Apron/ great that regular work ne product. A face k is not required. In this red. following must be worn: otective clothing as , for pre- and post- the operator is inside etc. for pre- and post-
Ingredient name Ittanium dioxide MAL-code	<ul> <li>2-1</li> <li>According to the regulations on stipulations apply to the use of performance of the stipulations apply to the use of performance of the stipulations apply to the use of performance of the stipulations apply to the use of performance of the stipulation of the spiratory protection and the spiratory protection and the spiratory of the spirator of the sp</li></ul>	Listed work involving coded p ersonal protective equi all work that may result in e worn when soiling is so kin against contact with th ng spattering if a full mas ye protection is not requir here is return spray, the f ectors/apron/coveralls/pro	- roducts, the following pment: n soiling. Apron/ great that regular work ne product. A face k is not required. In this red. following must be worn: otective clothing as , for pre- and post- the operator is inside etc. for pre- and post-
Ingredient name Ingredient name MAL-code	<ul> <li>2-1</li> <li>According to the regulations on stipulations apply to the use of performance of the stipulations apply to the use of performance of the stipulations apply to the use of performance of the stipulation of the stip</li></ul>	Listed work involving coded p ersonal protective equi all work that may result in e worn when soiling is so kin against contact with th ng spattering if a full mas ye protection is not requir here is return spray, the f ectors/apron/coveralls/pro	- roducts, the following pment: n soiling. Apron/ great that regular work great that regular work the product. A face k is not required. In this red. following must be work btective clothing as , for pre- and post- the operator is inside etc. for pre- and post- bin.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

	- Air-supplied h	alf mask, arm protec	ctors and eye protection n	nust be worn.		
	cabin and spray During downtim	During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray- cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.				
	- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.					
			on occurs in cabins or spi nd during spraying outside			
	- Air-supplied h	alf mask, eye protec	tion, coveralls and hood r	nust be worn.		
	rack trolleys, et fumes from we	c, must be equipped t items from passing	ens that are temporarily pl d with a mechanical exhau through workers' inhalati	ist system to prevent on zone.		
		<ul> <li>Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn.</li> <li>When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.</li> <li>Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.</li> </ul>				
	Caution The re					
	*See Regulation	ns.				
Restrictions on use		Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.				
List of undesirable substances	: Not listed					
Carcinogenic waste	: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.					
Finland						
France						
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7		RG 84 RG 70 RG 70				
Reinforced medical surveillance		: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable				
<u>Germany</u> TRGS 905						
Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development		
Cobalt compounds	K2	M1A	RF1A	RD1A		
Storage class (TRGS 510)	: 3	I	I			
Hazardous incident ordina						
This product is controlled une	der the Germany H	azardous Incident C	ordinance.			
Danger criteria						
Category				Reference number		

Category		Reference number
P5c		1.2.5.3
Hazard class for water	: 3	i
Technical instruction on air quality control	: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 34.8% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.4%	
		10 10 10 10 10 10

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

AOX

: The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

#### <u>Italy</u>

- D.Lgs. 152/06
- : Not determined.

#### Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen		Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
silica, crystalline (NL- carcinogen specific)	Listed	-	-	-	-

 

 Water Discharge Policy (ABM)
 : Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

#### <u>Norway</u>

<u>Sweden</u>	
Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10)	: 2b
Switzerland	
VOC content	: VOC (w/w): 19.8%

#### International regulations

## Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	1	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Pace 1272/2008]</li> <li>DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard N/A = Not available</li> <li>PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentra RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group</li> </ul>	statement I Toxic	on [Regulation (EC) No.	
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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>⊮</b> 226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of issue/ Date of	f : 10/10/2023

revision	
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#### All variants

#### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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Date of issue/Date of revision
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Date of issue/Date of revision