Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

SAFETY DATA SHEET



INERTA PRIMER 5 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Product name

: INERTA PRIMER 5 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

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National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number

 Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.
 Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166 Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements





Signal word

: Danger

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
	H315 - Causes skin irritation.
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
	H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	: P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Contains: reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin; Xylene and iso-butanol
Supplemental label elements	: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
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SECTION 3: Compo	sition/informat	ion on in	gredients		
iso-butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤2.3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤1.4	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion	: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
products	carbon dioxide
	carbon monoxide
	sulfur oxides
	phosphorus oxides
	halogenated compounds
	metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available. : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
Xylene	 NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [xylene] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 		
iso-butanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV 8 hours: 150 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 700 mg/m ³ .		
Ethylbenzene	 NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 100 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 442 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³. 		

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredien	t name	Exposure indices
Xylene		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]
		BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
Ethylbenzene		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air] Sampling time: not critical. BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.
Recommended monitoring procedures	European Stand assessment of e values and mea atmospheres - O of exposure to c (Workplace atm for the measure	Id be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: lard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit surement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment hemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 ospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure ment of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance hethods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
DNELs/DMELs		
Product/ingredient name Xylene		Result DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 5 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
		DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 65.3 mg/m ³ Effects: Local
		DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 65.3 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
		DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
		DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 212 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
		DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 221 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
		DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 221 mg/m ³

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- · · · ·	personal protection DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation
	260 mg/m ³ Effects: Local
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 260 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 442 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 442 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
itanium dioxide	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 28 µg/m ³ Effects: Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 170 μg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
so-butanol	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 55 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 310 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
Ethylbenzene	DMEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 442 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DMEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 884 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 1.6 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 15 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 77 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 180 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 293 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 0.41 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 1.9 mg/m ³

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 178.57 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 640 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 837.5 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 1066.67 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 1152 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 1286.4 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:
boiling range	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
iso-butanol	108	226.4	OECD 103	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410		
Flammability : Not available.				

Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 0.8% (xylene) Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

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Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aroma	itic	280 to 470	536 to 878				
iso-butanol		415	779				
Decomposition temperature	: Not ava	ilable.					
Н	: Not app	licable.					
/iscosity	: Kinema	tic (40°C): >20).5 mm²/s				
Solubility(ies)	:						
Not available.							
Solubility in water	: Not ava	ilable.					
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not app	licable.					
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vanour pressure

Vapour pressure	:					
		Vapour Pres	sure at 20°C	V	apour pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm H	lg kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
iso-butanol	<12.00	102 <1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			
Ethylbenzene	9.3007	5 1.2				
Relative density	:	Not available.				
Density	:	1.7 g/cm³				
Vapour density	:	Not available.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.				
9.2 Other information						
9.2.1 Information with rega	rd to ph	vsical hazard	classes			
Explosive properties		Not available.				
Oxidising properties		Not available.				
9.2.2 Other safety characte	ristics					
Not applicable.						
SECTION 10: Stabili	tv and	l reactivity	1			
10.1 Reactivity	-		ta related to reactivi	w available fo	r this produ	ict or its ingredients
	. 110	opeome test du		ly available to		
10.2 Chemical stability	: The	e product is stal	ble.			
10.3 Possibility of	: Uno	der normal con	ditions of storage an	d use, hazard	lous reactio	ons will not occur.
nazardous reactions						
	٨		6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
10.4 Conditions to avoid			sources of ignition (s grind or expose cor			
	510	, serger, arm,	ga er expecte cor			
0.5 Incompatible materials	: Rea	active or incom	patible with the follo	ving materials	S:	
		dising materials				
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products		der normal cono ould not be prod	ditions of storage an luced	d use, hazard	lous decom	position products
recomposition products	3110					

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard clas Acute toxicity	ses as defin	ed in Regulation (EC) N	lo 1272/2008			
Product/ingredient name Xylene		Result Rat - Oral - LD 4300 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects</u> : L Bladder - Other	iver - Other changes	Kidney, Urete	er, anc	t
		Rat - Inhalatio 21.7 mg/l [4 ho	n - LC50 Vapour urs]			
iso-butanol		Rat - Oral - LD 2460 mg/kg	50			
		Rabbit - Derm a 3400 mg/kg	al - LD50			
		Rat - Inhalatio 19200 mg/m³ [4	n - LC50 Vapour I hours]			
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Ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50 3500 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 15400 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists 29000 mg/l [4 hours]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Rat - Oral - LD50 8400 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
INERTA PRIMER 5	N/A	7551.7	N/A	62.0	N/A
Xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
iso-butanol	2460	3400	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	15400	N/A	11	29000
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Result Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 uL
	Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 2 mg
Xylene	Rat - Skin - Mild irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 8 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 60 uL
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 %
titanium dioxide	Human - Skin - Mild irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 72 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 300 ug l
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information	ion
Product/ingredient name	Result
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
Xylene	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	9.
Respiratory corrosion/irritation Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	ð.
Respiratory or skin sensitization Not available.	
Skin Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	θ.
Respiratory Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	9.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u> Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	e.
Carcinogenicity	
It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of leading to significant impairment of particle clearance Not available.	this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities e mechanisms in the lung.
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	Э.
Reproductive toxicity Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	Э.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u> Product/ingredient name	Result

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Xylene iso-butanol		STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)
150-DULATION		STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory fract initiation) STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
Specific target organ toxicity Product/ingredient name	y (repeated expos	sure) Result
Xylene		STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation)
Ethylbenzene		STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation)
Aspiration hazard		Deput
Product/ingredient name Xylene		Result ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on likely routes Not available.	<u>of exposure</u>	
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes seriou	s eye damage.
Inhalation	-	piratory irritation.
Skin contact		ritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	-	ificant effects or critical hazards.
		nd toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symp pain watering redness	toms may include the following:
Inhalation	: Adverse symp respiratory trac coughing	toms may include the following: ct irritation
Skin contact	: Adverse symp pain or irritatio redness blistering may	
Ingestion	• •	toms may include the following:
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chr	onic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure Potential immediate	: Not available.	
effects	. Nictorialista	
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe	: Not available.	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary [Pro	duct] : Not avai	lable.
General		mage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once evere allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed t .
Carcinogenicity		ificant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	-	ificant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	•	ificant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity	
Product/ingredient name titanium dioxide	Result Acute - LC50 - Marine water Fish - Mummichog - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i> >1000000 μg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate <u>Age</u> : <24 hours 3 mg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
iso-butanol	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> <u>Weight</u> : 1.67 g 1330000 μg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
	Acute - LC50 - Marine water Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - <i>Artemia salina</i> 600 mg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute - EC50 Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> 0.96 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50 Algae - <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> 0.32 mg/l [72 hours]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute - LC50 Fish 9.2 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50 Daphnia 3.2 mg/l [48 hours]
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available	ð.
12.2 Persistence and degradability Product/ingredient name iso-butanol	Result 74% [28 days] - Readily

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
iso-butanol -	-	-	Readily
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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	2.64 to 3.78	31	Low
Xylene iso-butanol	3.12 1	8.1 to 25.9 -	Low Low
Ethylbenzene Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	3.6 -	- 60960	Low High
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос
iso-butanol	1.08	12.0246
Ethylbenzene	2.23	170.406

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	Р	М	Т	vPvM	vP	٧M
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
iso-butanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Mobility	: Not ava	ilable.			1		

Conclusion/Summary

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	т	vPvB	vP	vB
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
iso-butanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleuḿ), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	т	vPvB	vP	vB	
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
iso-butanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
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light aromatic		
Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	:	The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.
12.6 Endocrine disrupting propertie Not available.	S	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	:	The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment method	S
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information					
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA	
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	Paint	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	111	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	

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SECTION 14: Transport information **Additional information ADR/RID** : Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. Tunnel code (D/E) **ADN** : Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. IMDG Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in ÷. packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. 14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in user the event of an accident or spillage. 14.7 Maritime transport in : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. bulk according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]		
INERTA PRIMER 5		≥90	3		
Labelling	:	•			
Other EU regulations					
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed				
Explosive precursors	: Not applicab	ole.			
Ozone depleting substance	es (EU 2024/59	<u>0)</u>			
Not listed.					
Prior Informed Consent (PI	IC) (649/2012/E	<u>U)</u>			
Not listed.					
Persistent Organic Polluta	<u>nts</u>				
Not listed.					
Seveso Directive					
This product is controlled une	der the Seveso l	Directive.			
Danger criteria					
Category					
P5c					
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety : Complete. assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbroviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
Abbreviations and	
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposur	e.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
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SECTION 16: Other information

SECTION 10. OL	
EUH066 Repe	ated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Full text of classificati	ons [CLP/GHS]
Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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