# SAFETY DATA SHEET



INERTA PRIMER 5 A - All variants

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : MERTA PRIMER 5 A - All variants

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

**National contact** 

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**National advisory body/Poison Centre** 

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









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Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : F226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Prevention** 

: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response

: P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage

: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** 

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** 

: Contains: Xylene; reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin and

iso-butanol

Supplemental label elements

: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Kylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
iso-butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]

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#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients CAS: 100-41-4 (hearing organs) (oral, Index: 601-023-00-4 inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 REACH #: Trizinc bis(orthophosphate) ≤2.3 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M [Acute] = 1 [1] M [Chronic] = 1 01-2119485044-40 Aquatic Chronic 1, EC: 231-944-3 H410 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6 Solvent naphtha REACH #: ≤1 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 [1] (petroleum), light aromatic 01-2119455851-35 STOT SE 3, H335 EC: 265-199-0 STOT SE 3, H336 CAS: 64742-95-6 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Index: 649-356-00-4 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 **EUH066** See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

above.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms** 

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

#### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<b>⋉</b> ylene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes
•	(all isomers)]
	PEAK: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
iso-butanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butanol
	(all isomers except 2-methyl-2-propanol)]
	PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 600 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 440 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CEIL: 200 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
	CEIL: 880 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
<b>⋉</b> ylene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
iso-butanol	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 154 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 87 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 551 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

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**X**ylene Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene (mixture of isomers), pure] Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Xylene Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. STELV: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ iso-butanol STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 231 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STELV: 75 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 154 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ Ethylbenzene STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 884 mg/m3 15 minutes. STELV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia). **ELV: 100 ppm** ELV: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Xylene Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). [Xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. **X**ylene Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [xylene, technical mixture of isomers and all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech iso-butanol Republic, 10/2022). [Butanol (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 97.5 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 195 ppm 15 minutes. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Ethylbenzene

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TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 113.5 ppm 15 minutes. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [Nafta solvents] TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Xylene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 109 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Butanol, iso-butanol all isomers] Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed Ethylbenzene through skin. Carcinogen. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 217 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. **X**ylene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 450 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. iso-butanol Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). TWA: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, Ethylbenzene 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. **X**ylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. **X**ylene Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.

iso-butanol

STEL: 440 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Butanols] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 230 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

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Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs Ethylbenzene (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 880 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (Finland, 10/2020). TWA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Xylene Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 442 mg/m3 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. iso-butanol Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Ethylbenzene Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 88.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [hydrocarbons C6-C12] Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) TWA: 1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Vapour STEL: 1500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Vapour Xylene TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed through TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. iso-butanol TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). TWA: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 88 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through

PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 88 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

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**X**ylene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 650 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. iso-butanol Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m3 15 minutes. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit Ethylbenzene values (Greece, 9/2021). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Xylene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. **X**ylene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 109 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. iso-butanol Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [butanol, all isomers, except n-butanol] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Xylene NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit **Values** OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. iso-butanol NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 150 mg/m3 8 hours. OELV-15min: 75 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 225 mg/m3 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. : 10/08/2022 Version : 3 10/32 : 23/02/2024

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Ethylbenzene

Xylene

iso-butanol

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

iso-butanol

Ethylbenzene

**X**ylene

Ethylbenzene

OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours.
OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
OELV-15min: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Vylene

Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title

Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). [Xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin.

8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin.

8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).

[Butylalcohol]

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).

Absorbed through skin.
TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure]

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

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**X**ylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m3 15 minutes. **X**ylene Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m3 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 215 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 430 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 97.3 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 48.6 ppm 8 hours. **X**ylene Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Xylene, all isomers]

TWA: 108 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.

CEIL: 75 mg/m3 CEIL: 25 ppm

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through

skin. Carcinogen. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [xylene - mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

iso-butanol

Ethylbenzene

**X**ylene

iso-butanol

Ethylbenzene

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Xylene Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. iso-butanol Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). Ethylbenzene TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. **X**ylene HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin. VLA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. iso-butanol HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). VLA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 33 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 66 ppm 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 200 ppm 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Solvent naphtha] Absorbed through skin. VLA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Short term: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Xylene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. iso-butanol Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [Butyl alkohols] TWA: 310 mg/m³, (Butyl alkohols) 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, (Butyl alkohols) 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [xylene (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. iso-butanol Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). TWA: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 310 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

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KTV: 884 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
KTV: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 154 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,

4/2022). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Wylene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,

9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

iso-butanol Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,

9/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 250 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,

9/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Kylene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 220 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Kylene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,

p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.

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STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

iso-butanol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).

STEL: 231 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 154 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed

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iso-butanol

	through skin.			
	STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
	TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours.			
Toluene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed			
	through skin.			
	STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 191 mg/m³ 8 hours.			
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
Formaldehyde	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).			
	STEL: 2.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.			
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			

### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices		
<b>⋉</b> ylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 μg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.		
No exposure indices known.			
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021) Notes: significant skin resorption possible  BLV: 2000 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid – in total [in urine]. Sampling time: after the end of the exposure or the end of the work shift.		
Kylene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene]  BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.  BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.  BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine].  Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.  BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.		
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018)  BEI: 1.5 mg/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure.  BEI: 14.1 µmol/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure.  BEI: 1.12 mol/mol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.  BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.		
No exposure indices known.			
Kylene	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene] Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.		
Ethylbenzene	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015)		

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Biological limit values: 1100 µmol/mmol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Biological limit values: 1500 mg/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

# Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene]

BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

# Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020)

BEI: 5.2 mmol/l, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after work shift at the end of the working week or exposure period.

# DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

# DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenyl glyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

#### TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

#### 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) [xylene]

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 860 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

#### 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022)

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

BEI: 1110 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

#### NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]

BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

#### NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.

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BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

#### Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes]

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

#### Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

# HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene]

OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

# HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020)

OBLV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.

# Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [xylene, all isomers]

BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 10355 µmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 2000 mg/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

#### Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020)

BLV: 799 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 7.44 µmol/mmol creatinine, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1067 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

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BLV: 8.03 mg/g creatinine, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure:

after several work shifts.

BLV: 10590 µmol/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 98.6 µmol/l, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1600 mg/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 12 mg/l, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

▼ylene

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) [xylene (all isomers)]

BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Ethylbenzene

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)

BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Xylene

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [Xylenes]

VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Ethylbenzene

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022)

VLB: 700 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.

No exposure indices known.

**X**vlene

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Xylene, all isomers]

BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

Ethylbenzene

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023)

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours

Xylene

EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers]

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BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

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Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
<b>⋉</b> ylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DAIEI	Inhalation	000	population	0
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	2211119/111	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	105 mg/kg	population General	Cuatamia
	DIVEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
iso-butanol	DNEL	Long term	55 mg/m³	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population Workers	Local
	DINLL	Inhalation	3 to mg/m	WOIKEIS	Local
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	77 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	/ / mg/m	WOIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Inhalation Long term	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	Divide	Inhalation	<u> </u>	W GINGIO	20041
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 2.5 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DAIE:	Inhalation	00	0	Ota
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
aromatic	ראבי	Inhalation	10 3	population	Cyptorsis
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	ראבי	Inhalation	007 5	population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
<u>'</u>	•	•	•	•	

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection | DNEL | Short term | 1286.4 mg/ | Workers | Systemic | Inhalation | Systemic | Sy

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

# **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state: Liquid.Colour: VariousOdour: Slight

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
js∕o-butanol	108	226.4	OECD 103
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : www. 0.8% Upper: 7.6%

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	
iso-butanol	415	779	

Decomposition temperature : Not available.pH : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Vaj	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			pour pressu	re at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
iso-butanol	<12.00102	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 

√.6 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
iso-butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
	6920.5 mg/kg 56.8 mg/l

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>X</b> ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
•	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 uL	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug I	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

				mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic				uL	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Sensitisation** 

: Causes skin irritation.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
▼ylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
iso-butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene Ethylbenzene	- 5 )	oral, inhalation oral, inhalation	- hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene Ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes

: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Skin contact** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Inhalation

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** : Not available.

effects

: Not available. Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

General May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
tranium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
iso-butanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1030000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
iso-butanol	-	74 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
iso-butanol	-	-	Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
▼ylene reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	3.12 2.64 to 3.78	8.1 to 25.9 31	Low Low
iso-butanol Ethylbenzene Trizinc bis(orthophosphate) Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		- - 60960 10 to 2500	Low Low High High

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**European waste** catalogue (EWC) : 080111\*, 200127\*

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

**ADR/RID** 

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

Tunnel code (D/E)

**ADN** 

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

**IMDG** 

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

14.6 Special precautions for

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

<u>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</u>

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
MERTA PRIMER 5 A	≥90	3

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# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Labelling

Other EU regulations

**Industrial emissions** : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

**Industrial emissions** : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

**Explosive precursors** : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Danger criteria** 

**Category** 

P<sub>5</sub>c

**National regulations** 

**Austria** 

**VbF** class : A II

Very dangerous flammable liquid.

Limitation of the use of

organic solvents

: Permitted.

**Czech Republic** 

: 11 **Storage code** 

**Denmark** 

**Danish fire class** : II-1 **Executive Order No. 1795/2015** 

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
Itanium dioxide	Listed	-
Ethylbenzene	Listed	-

**MAL-code** : 4-5

**Protection based on MAL** 

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

**General:** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

MAL-code: 4-5

**Application:** When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and post-treatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new\* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing\* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new\* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing\* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

**Drying:** Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

**Polishing:** When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

**Caution** The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

\*See Regulations.

**Restrictions on use** 

: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances

: Not listed

Carcinogenic waste

: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

Finland France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : Kylene RG 4bis, RG 84 iso-butanol RG 84

Ethylbenzene RG 84
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic RG 84

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

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**Germany** 

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3 **Hazardous incident ordinance** 

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category	Reference number
<b>₱</b> 5c	1.2.5.3

2 **Hazard class for water** 

**Technical instruction on** air quality control

: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 38.5%

TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 3.5%

**AOX** : The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX

value in waste water.

<u>Italy</u>

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

**Netherlands** 

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	•	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	•	Harmful via breastfeeding
xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	- Listed	- Listed	-	Development 2 -	-
arom. silica, crystalline (NL- carcinogen specific)	Listed	-	-	-	-

**Water Discharge Policy** 

(ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/

toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

**Norway** 

**Sweden** 

Flammable liquid class

(SRVFS 2005:10)

**Switzerland** 

**VOC** content : VOC (w/w): 26.4%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

: 2a

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Fam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Version : 3

INERTA PRIMER 5 A

All variants

#### **Notice to reader**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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MERTA PRIMER 5 A - All variants

**Label No** : **7**7665

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