# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**INERTA 51 - All variants** 



## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

 $\square$ 

: 🕅 ERTA 51 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

reknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

#### responsible for this SDS National contact

▶ Feknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number

: In an emergency, call 112

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Mam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	<ul> <li>₽280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flar sources. No smoking.</li> </ul>	
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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Response	:	₱305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	:	₱403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	<b>P</b> 501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic iso-butanol Xylene
Supplemental label elements	:	$\overrightarrow{W}$ arning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No.	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

1907/2006, Annex XIII Other hazards which do : Mone known. not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[ (1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
iso-butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≤8.7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients					
	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9		Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	CAS: 68002-18-6	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
Methylisobutylketone	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 <b>See Section 16 for</b>	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
			the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first	aid measures
Eye contact	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Cet medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Ingestion	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Koverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

metal oxide/oxides

Notes to physician	: 🔽 case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	:
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: 🗹 not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Mammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with

Hazardous combustion products
 Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides

#### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

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Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fre-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pr	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	For specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a

licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. 6.4 Reference to other See Section 1 for emergency contact information. ŝ, See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

sections

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks,
	material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
₽5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

Not available.
Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

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#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient	name Exposure limit values
¥ylene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Methylisobutylketone	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Recommended monitoring : procedures	This product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace
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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
aromatic		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ		2
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DINCL	Inhalation	040 mg/m	population	Local
	DNEL		027 E mal	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Long term	837.5 mg/ m³	WOIKEIS	LUCAI
		Inhalation		\A/ a ml a ma	Lasal
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<b>a</b> .	
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
titanium dioxide	DNEL	Long term	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	J. J		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	700 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	- ,
iso-butanol	DNEL	Long term	55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	oo mg/m	population	Loodi
	DNEL		310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Long term	STO mg/m	WOIKEIS	LUCAI
	DUE	Inhalation		<b>a</b> 1	
Xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		U U	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		- )
	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	200 mg/m	WOINCIS	Local
	DNEL		289 mg/m³	Workoro	Svotomio
	DINEL		209 mg/m	WUIKEIS	Systemic
		Inhalation	05.0	0	1
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ū		
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
,		5	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	15 mg/m	population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL		r ing/m	VV UINEIS	Gysternic
		Inhalation	100	\\/ <b>a</b> w  < = ==	C. mata mata
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	1		1		
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	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Methylisobutylketone	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Vese only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Mitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): 🛛 🚧 / Silver Shield® gloves.
	$\overline{oldsymbol{\mathcal{W}}}$ ash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type:
	Filter type (spray application): 🛛 🕅 P
Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.</li> </ul>

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: 🗾 Iquid.
Colour	: 📈 arious
Odour	: <mark>S</mark> light
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	iso-butanol	108	226.4	OECD 103
	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	
F	lammability : Not ava	ilable.		

Lower and upper explosion imit : Kower: 0.8% Upper: 7.6%

: 🗭 Osed cup: 25°C (77°F)

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#### Auto-ignition temperature

**Flash point** 

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aro	matic	280 to 470	536 to 878		
iso-butanol		415	779		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Н	:	Not applicable.			
/iscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	20.5 mm²/s		
Solubility(ies)	:				
Not available.					
olubility in water	:	Not available.			
		<b>—</b>			

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable. water

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

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#### Vapour pressure

	Va	apour Press	ure at 20°C	Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	j kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
<b>is</b> o-butanol	<12	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			
Ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
Relative density	: Not	available.		•		
Density	: 1.5	g/cm³				
/apour density	: Not	available.				
Explosive properties	: Not	available.				
Dxidising properties	: Not	available.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.				

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity **10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. : The product is stable. **10.2 Chemical stability 10.3 Possibility of** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. hazardous reactions 10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. **10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials **10.6 Hazardous** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. decomposition products

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
(petroleum), light aromatic				
iso-butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
-	mists		_	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Methylisobutylketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information** Route **ATE value** 15750.32 mg/kg 129.19 mg/l Dermal Inhalation (vapours)

Irritation/Corrosion
----------------------

Irritation/Corrosion					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
Methylisobutylketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Conclusion/Summary : Zauses skin irritation.					
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b> : May cause an allergic skin reaction.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
Carcinogenicity					
	carcinogenic hazard of this produent of particle clearance mechani			le dust is inhale	ed in quantities
Conclusion/Summary					
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	e not met.	
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
Specific target organ toxicit	v (cingle expecture)				

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
iso-butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Methylisobutylketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	- 3 3	oral, inhalation oral, inhalation	- hearing organs

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.			
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: 🖉auses serious eye damage.			
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.			
Skin contact	: 🖉 auses skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Ingestion	: 📈 known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Symptoms related to the physical	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics			
Eye contact	: Koverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains			
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure				

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.

 Conclusion/Summary
 : Mot available.

 General
 : Ønce sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

 Carcinogenicity
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

 Mutagenicity
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

 Reproductive toxicity
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **11.2 Information on other hazards**

# 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties Not available. 11.2.2 Other information Mot available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
Acute LC50 1030000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1030000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh waterdubia - NeonateAcute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine waterDaphnia - Daphnia pulex - NeonateAcute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine waterFish - Fundulus heteroclitusAcute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1030000 µg/l Fresh waterCrustaceans - Artemia salina Daphnia - Daphnia magna - NeonateAcute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh waterFish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Pimephales promelas Daphnia - Daphnia magna

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
so-butanol	-	74 % - Readily - 28	days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: This product ha	as not been tested for	r biodegrad	ation.	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	S	Biodegradability
so-butanol	-		-		Readily

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	high
light aromatic			_
iso-butanol	1	-	low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
Methylisobutylketone	1.9	-	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	S
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: <b>Ø</b> 80111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	<mark>₩</mark> N1263	₩N1263	<mark>₩</mark> N1263	<mark>Ø</mark> N1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name		PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	8	<b>S</b>
14.4 Packing group	<b>I</b> IT	M	M	M
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	<b>N</b> o.	No.	<b>N</b> o.

Additional information

ADR/RID	:	Viscous liquid exc packagings up to 45 Tunnel code (D/E)		3 viscous liquid is no 2.2.3.1.5.1.	ot subject to re	gulatio	on in
ADN	:	Viscous liquid exc packagings up to 48		3 viscous liquid is no 2.2.3.1.5.1.	ot subject to re	gulatio	on in
IMDG	:	Viscous liquid exc packagings up to 45		3 viscous liquid is no 2.3.2.5.	ot subject to re	gulatio	on in
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	•	Ensure that perso	always transport in cl ons transporting the p			
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not relevant/applica	ble due to nature o	of the product.			
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 10/08/2022 Date of	previous issue	: 28/01/2021	Version	:6	14/18
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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV None of the components are listed.
Substances of very high concern
None of the components are listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Other EU regulations Industrial emissions : Not listed
(integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) Not listed.
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)
Not listed.  Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.
Seveso Directive
Category
₽5c
National regulations
International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.
Montreal Protocol Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.
<b>15.2 Chemical safety</b> <b>assessment</b> : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.
Date of issue/Date of revision       : 10/08/2022       Date of previous issue       : 28/01/2021       Version       : 6       15/18         INERTA 51 - All variants       Label No: 38478

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	has changed norm previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number</li> </ul>
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Dreadure used to derive th	a classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CL D/CHS]

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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		ERTA 51		M variants			
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revision							
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STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC	TARGET O	RGAN TOXICITY - S	SINGLE EXPOSURE - (	Category 3		
STOT RE 2				REPEATED EXPOSUR	E - Category 2		
Skin Sens. 1			V - Category 1	y ∠			
Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2			S - Category 3 RRITATION - Categor	N 0			
Flam. Liq. 2			S - Category 2				
Eye Irrit. 2			GE/EYE IRRITATION	N - Category 2			
Eye Dam. 1			GE/EYE IRRITATION	N - Category 1			
Carc. 2		GENICITY -	0,				
Aquatic Chronic 4 Asp. Tox. 1			NIC) AQUATIC HAZA D - Category 1	KD - Calegory 4			
Aquatic Chronic 3							
Aquatic Chronic 2			NIC) AQUATIC HAZA				
		OXICITY - C					

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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