SAFETY DATA SHEET



INERTA 50 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: INERTA 50 - All variants **Product name**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

: National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566 Telephone number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 **STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373**

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response

: P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage Disposal : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

: Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis

(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane

Xylene

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

iso-butanol

Supplemental label elements

: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and

use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients REACH #: ≤8.1 Flam. Lig. 3, H226 Solvent naphtha [1] (petroleum), light aromatic 01-2119455851-35 **STOT SE 3, H335** EC: 265-199-0 **STOT SE 3, H336** CAS: 64742-95-6 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Index: 649-356-00-4 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 **EUH066** iso-butanol REACH #: ≤5 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 [1] [2] 01-2119484609-23 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 EC: 201-148-0 Eye Dam. 1, H318 CAS: 78-83-1 **STOT SE 3, H335** Index: 603-108-00-1 **STOT SE 3, H336** Methylisobutylketone REACH #: ≤3 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 ATE [Inhalation [1] [2] Acute Tox. 4, H332 (vapours)] = 11 mg/ 01-2119473980-30 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Carc. 2, H351 Index: 606-004-00-4 **STOT SE 3, H336** EUH066 Ethylbenzene REACH #: ≤3 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 ATE [Inhalation [1] [2] 01-2119489370-35 Acute Tox. 4, H332 (vapours)] = 11 mg/ EC: 202-849-4 STOT RE 2, H373 CAS: 100-41-4 (hearing organs) (oral, Index: 601-023-00-4 inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl REACH #: ≤2.6 [1] [2] Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 acetate 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7 Aquatic Chronic 4, Urea-formaldehyde-polymer CAS: 68002-18-6 ≤3 [1] H413 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Cyclohexanone REACH #: ≤3 ATE [Oral] = 1620 [1] [2] 01-2119453616-35 Acute Tox. 4, H302 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = EC: 203-631-1 Acute Tox. 4, H312 CAS: 108-94-1 Acute Tox. 4. H332 1100 ma/ka Index: 606-010-00-7 Skin Irrit. 2. H315 ATE [Inhalation] (vapours)] = 11 mg/ Eye Dam. 1, H318 **STOT SE 3, H335** Octadecanoic acid, REACH #: ≤0.3 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 [1] 12-hydroxy-, reaction 01-2119979085-27 Aquatic Chronic 3, products with H412 EC: 309-629-8 ethylenediamine CAS: 100545-48-0 Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. < 0.1 Eye Dam. 1, H318 [1] REACH #: 01-2119974148-28 with oleylamine Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 EC: 288-315-1 CAS: 85711-55-3 See Section 16 for

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

the full text of the H statements declared

above.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.
Industrial sector specific : Not available.
solutions

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The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
√ylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed
	through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
iso-butanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Methylisobutylketone	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
•	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 208 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
•	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Cyclohexanone	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
-	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 40.8 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 81.6 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices		
Vylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.		
Methylisobutylketone	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 1 mg/l, MIBK [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.		
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air].		

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Sampling time: not critical.

BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

Cyclohexanone

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: 80 mg/l, 1,2-cyclohexanediol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 8 mg/l, cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

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Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
▼ylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³		Systemic
aromatic		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	

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	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
See Joseph and J	DNE	Inhalation	m ³	0	1 1
iso-butanol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	310 Hig/III	VVOIKEIS	LUCAI
Methylisobutylketone	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
Wettylloodatylketorie	DIVLE	Long term oral	bw/day	population	Cystonio
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		3	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	14.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
	D	Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	14.7 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	83 mg/m³	population Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	os mg/m	VVOIKEIS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Long term	83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	oo mg/m	Workoro	Cycloniio
	DNEL	Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation	200/3	Mankana	Cuetamia
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
Lutyiberizerie	DINLL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Oysternic
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNE	Ole and the same	bw/day	147	1 1
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DMEI	Inhalation Long term	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DIVILL	Inhalation	442 mg/m	VVOIKCIS	Local
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5 5 7 111 3 ,111		- ,
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 275 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Inhalation	ZI J IIIg/III	44 OLVOLO	Cystellille
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	·		bw/day	population	2,010.1110
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	J		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	- · · - ·		bw/day		
Cyclohexanone	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNE	Long torm Dormal	bw/day	population General	Systemia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DI NEE	Chort tollil Olai	bw/day	population	Cystollilo
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
]	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
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	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	10 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	20 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	20 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	-
	DNEL	Short term	40 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	40 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	80 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	3		
	DNEL	Short term	80 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	3		
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-,	DNEL	Long term	0.055 mg/	General	Local
reaction products with		Inhalation	m³	population	
ethylenediamine				p o p and and a	
ouryron outaining	DNEL	Long term	0.308 mg/	Workers	Local
	J. 122	Inhalation	m ³	- TOTALOTO	20041
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.012 mg/	General	Systemic
oleylamine	DIVLE	Long tomi oral	kg bw/day	population	Systemio
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.012 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Demia	kg bw/day	population	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.024 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Demial		VVOIKEIS	Systemic
			kg bw/day		

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

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< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Various

Odour : Slight

Odour threshold : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

Melting point/freezing point

boiling range

Not available.

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
<mark>is</mark> o-butanol	108	226.4	OECD 103
Methylisobutylketone	116.5	241.7	

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : ✓ wer: 0.8%

Upper: 7.6%

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
lyent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature : Not available.pH : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		V	apour pres	ssure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Methylisobutylketone	15.75	2.1				
iso-butanol	<12	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			

Relative density : Not available.

Density :

✓ 4 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
(petroleum), light aromatic				
iso-butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
Methylisobutylketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours

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ILDSU Ofai IRat 17800 mg/kg 1-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	=
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Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Dermal	141378.51 mg/kg 8355.88 mg/kg 59.02 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	ug I 87 mg	_
3,5	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic				uL	
Methylisobutylketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
Cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
,	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
				ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	_	48 hours 50	_
				%	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Sensitisation

: Causes skin irritation.

Conclusion/Summary

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary

: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Kylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
iso-butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methylisobutylketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Cyclohexanone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene Ethylbenzene Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2	oral, inhalation oral, inhalation -	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: Inhalation

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

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Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

General

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels

Carcinogenicity

: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity
Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
iso-butanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1030000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Methylisobutylketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
Cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 527000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 3.56 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours

Conclusion/Summary: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
iso-butanol	-	74 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
iso-butanol	-	-	Readily

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
X ylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	high
light aromatic			
iso-butanol	1	-	low
Methylisobutylketone	1.9	-	low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	low
acetate			
Cyclohexanone	0.86	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC) : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

: 080111*. 200127*

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

Vicesus liquid exception This also 2 vicesus

IMDG

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air : Not listed

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial emissions

: Not listed (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

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SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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