SAFETY DATA SHEET



FUTURA 15 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: FUTURA 15 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



| Signal word | : Warning |
|--------------------------|---|
| Hazard statements | : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : P102 - Keep out of reach of children. |
| Prevention | : P280 - Wear protective gloves. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| Response | : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. |
| Storage | : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| Disposal | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
|---|--|
| Hazardous ingredients | : Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy and Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate) |
| Supplemental label elements | : Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : |
| 2.3 Other hazards | |
| Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII | : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| 3.2 Mixtures | : Mixture | | | | |
|--|---|------------------|--|---|---------|
| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Туре |
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | EUH066: C ≥ 50% | [1] |
| titanium dioxide | REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation) | - | [1] [*] |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6 | ≤3 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | EUH066: C ≥ 50% | [1] |
| propylidynetrimethanol | REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6 | ≤0.3 | Repr. 2, H361fd | - | [1] |
| Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate) | REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7 | <0.3 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | M [Acute] = 1 | [1] |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | REACH #: 01-2119979088-21 EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9 | <0.3 | Repr. 1B, H360D | - | [1] |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 09/10/2023 Dat | e of previous is | sue : 16/01/2023 | Version : 10 | 2/23 |
| FUTURA 15 - All variants | | | | Label No :509 | 04 |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

| .1 Description of first aid measures | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. | | |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. | | |
| Skin contact | : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. | | |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. | | |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. | | |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

.

| Over-exposure signs/sym | <u>ptoms</u> | |
|--|---|--|
| Eye contact | : No specific data. | |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision FUTURA 15 - All variants | : 09/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 16/01/2023 | Version : 10 3 Label No : 5 0904 |
| | | |

3/23

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
|---------------------|---|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| • | - |
|---|--|
| 5.1 Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| 5.2 Special hazards arising | om the substance or mixture |
| Hazards from the substance or mixture | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| Hazardous combustion products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection fo chemical incidents. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| 6.1 Personal precautions, pro | ote | ctive equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| 6.3 Methods and material for | со | ntainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and |

explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | : See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. | |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal. |
|--|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

| | | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Ī | P5c | 5000 tonne | 50000 tonne |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

- : Not available.
- : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values (Austria, 4/2021). [Cobalt and its compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (measured as Co) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.4 mg/m ³ , (measured as Co), 4 times per shift, 15 |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Compounds of zirconium] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (measured as Zr) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [] TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. |
| propylidynetrimethanol | Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Limit value 8 hours: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds (as cobalt)] Limit value 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as cobalt) 8 hours. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [cobalt and compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. ELV: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [zirconium compounds] STELV: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. ELV: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. |
| No exposure limit value known. | |
| obalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [Cobalt and its compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction. STEL: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 15 minutes. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Inorganic compounds of cobalt] Carcinogen. TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Co) 8 hours. |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Compounds of zirconium] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Zr) 15 minutes. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 10/2019). [] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (calculated as Co) 8 hours. |
| No exposure limit value known. | |
| | 3 Data of provious issue : 16/01/2023 Varsion : 10 6/23 |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| SECTION 8: Exposure controls/ | personal protection |
|---|---|
| Aphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020). |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020). TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | TWA: 0,02 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Co) 8 hours. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Zirconium and its compounds] TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Zr) 8 hours. |
| No exposure limit value known. | |
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 600 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | PEAK: 600 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds (inhalable fraction)] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Compounds of cobalt] |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Zirconium and its compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [Zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. PEAK: 20 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: Dust and fumes |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co] Sensitization potential. Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [zirconium compounds as Zr] Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. OELV-15min: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. |
| No exposure limit value known. | |
| No exposure limit value known. | |
| 1 | I |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). propylidynetrimethanol CEIL: 5 ppm Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. No exposure limit value known. No exposure limit value known. No exposure limit value known. Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). [] Skin sensitiser. Reproductive toxin. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (calculated as Co) 8 hours. 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). [] TWA: 5 mg/m³, (calculated as Zr) 8 hours. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [benzin to varnish] TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [benzin to varnish] TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (calculated as Co) 8 hours. 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [zirconium and compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m³, (calculated as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (calculated as Zr) 15 minutes. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [] Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (expressed as Co) 8 hours. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [] 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt TWA: 5 mg/m³, (expressed as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (expressed as Zr) 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt additions (Romania, 3/2021). [] VLA: 5 mg/m³, (expressed as Zr) 8 hours. Short term: 10 mg/m³, (expressed as Zr) 15 minutes. Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [] Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (Cobalt and its compounds, as Co) 8 hours. Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [] 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt TWA: 1 mg/m³, (Zirconium and its compounds, as Zr) 8 hours. 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [] TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction KTV: 1 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction

Date of issue/Date of revision FUTURA 15 - All variants : 09/10/2023 Date of previous issue

:16/01/2023

| ECTION 8: Exposure controls/ Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, |
|--|--|
| | 4/2021). [] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021). [] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. |
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2020). NGV: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | NGV: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. KTV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. |
| propylidynetrimethanol | KTV: 600 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. |
| | TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). STEL: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). |
| | STEL: 600 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. Skin |
| | sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (calculated as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable |
| | dust and aerosol |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). [] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Zr) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable |
| | fraction |
| | STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (calculated as Zr) 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and cobalt compounds] Inhalation sensitiser. |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [zirconium |
| | compounds] |
| | STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. |
| 1-Methoxy 2-propanol | TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed |
| | through skin. |
| | STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| Xylene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,r |
| | p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. |
| | STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Ethylbenzene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed |
| | through skin. |
| | STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

| Dipropyleneglycolmethylether | TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
|------------------------------|---|
| iological exposure indices | |
| Product/ingredient name | Exposure indices |
| obalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [cobalt or its compounds] BEI Fitness: 10 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: one year. |
| No exposure indices known. | |
| obalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] BEI: 130 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of each work shift work step or a week or exposure period. |
| No exposure indices known. | |
| obalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Cobalt and its compounds] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BGV: 35 μ g/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts. BEI: 1.5 μ g/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts. |
| No exposure indices known. | |

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

No exposure indices known.

| Recommended monitoring | : | Refe |
|------------------------|---|------|
| procedures | | Euro |

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.41 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| heavy | DNEL | Long term | 1.9 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | Inhalation | | | |
| | DNEL | Long term | 178.57 mg/ | General | Local |
| | DNEL | Inhalation | m ³ 200 mg/kg | population General | Svotomio |
| | DINEL | Long term Oral | 300 mg/kg bw/day | population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 300 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| | DINEL | Long term Derma | bw/day | population | Cystonie |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 300 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term | 640 mg/m ³ | General | Local |
| | | Inhalation | U | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term | 837.5 mg/ | Workers | Local |
| | | Inhalation | m³ | | |
| | DNEL | Short term | 1066.67 | Workers | Local |
| | | Inhalation | mg/m ³ | | |
| | DNEL | Short term | 1152 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Short term | m ³ 1286 4 mg/ | population Workers | Systemic |
| | DINEL | Inhalation | 1286.4 mg/ m³ | VVOIKEIS | Systemic |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated | DNEL | Long term | 0.41 mg/m ³ | General | Systemic |
| heavy | | Inhalation | 0.41 mg/m | population | Cysternie |
| | DNEL | Long term | 1.9 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | Inhalation | 5 | | , |
| | DNEL | Long term | 178.57 mg/ | | Local |
| | | Inhalation | m³ | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 300 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 300 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| | | | bw/day | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 300 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term | 640 mg/m³ | General | Local |
| | | Inhalation | 0075 | population | l |
| | DNEL | Long term | 837.5 mg/ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Short term | m³ 1066.67 | Workers | Local |
| | DINEL | Inhalation | mg/m ³ | VVUINCIS | LUCAI |
| | DNEL | Short term | 1152 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | | Inhalation | m ³ | population | |
| | DNEL | Short term | 1286.4 mg/ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | Inhalation | m³ | | - |
| propylidynetrimethanol | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.34 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | | | kg bw/day | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.34 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | | Long torm | kg bw/day | population | Svotomia |
| | DNEL | Long term | 0.58 mg/m ³ | | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Long term Dermal | 0.94 mg/ | population Workers | Systemic |
| | | | 0.0 4 mg/ | VV UINCIS | Oysternic |

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| | | | kg bw/day | | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 3.3 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 37 µg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 175 µg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 235.1 µg/ m³ | Workers | Local |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.5 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 2.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.25 mg/ kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5 mg/m³ ́ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 6.49 mg/ kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |

PNECs

No PNECs available

| 8.2 | Exposure | controls | 5 |
|-----|----------|----------|---|
|-----|----------|----------|---|

| Appropriate engineering : controls | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosure ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker ex contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentration explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment | posure to airborne The engineering ions below any lower |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Individual protection measures | | |
| Hygiene measures : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the e Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentia Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of t contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewas showers are close to the workstation location. | nd of the working period. ally contaminated clothing. he workplace. Wash |
| Eye/face protection : | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard shou assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protect unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protect side-shields. | to liquid splashes, mists, tion should be worn, |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection : | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an a be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified b check during use that the gloves are still retaining their pro- should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glov different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of a several substances, the protection time of the gloves cann- estimated. | y the glove manufacturer, otective properties. It e material may be mixtures, consisting of |
| | Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN37 | 74. |
| | < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness | > 0.3 mm |
| | 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) t 4H / Silver Shield® glov | |
| | > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 | mm gloves |
| | Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling | g the product. |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| • | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |
| | Filter type: A |
| | Filter type (spray application): A P |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|--|------------------|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : Various |
| Odour | : Slight |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : |

| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy155 to 217311 to 422.6Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy155 to 217311 to 422.6 | Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|--|---|------------|--------------|--------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy 155 to 217 311 to 422.6 | Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | 155 to 217 | 311 to 422.6 | |
| | Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | 155 to 217 | 311 to 422.6 | |

| Flammability | : Not available. |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Lower and upper explosion | : 🔽 ower: 1.4% |
| limit | Upper: 7.6% |

2

: 💋osed cup: 36°C (96.8°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Flash point

| Ingredient name | | °C | °F | Method | | | |
|---|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|----------|----------------|-------|
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heav | у | 280 to 470 | 536 to 878 | | | | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | | 280 to 470 | 536 to 878 | | | | |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not ava | ilable. | | | | | |
| рН | : Not app | licable. | | | | | |
| Viscosity | : 🕅 nema | tic (40°C): >2 | 0.5 mm²/s | | | | |
| Solubility(ies) | : | | | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Solubility in water | : Not ava | ilable. | | | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | : Not app | licable. | | | | | |
| Vapour pressure | : | | | | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 09/10/2023 | Date of previo | ous issue : 16/ | 01/2023 | Version | :10 | 13/23 |
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| | Va | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vapour pressure at 50° | | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------|-------|------------------------|--------|--|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | 0.75006 to 2.25018 | 0.1 to 0.3 | | | | | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | 0.75006 to 2.25018 | 0.1 to 0.3 | | | | | |
| elative density | : Not | available. | | · | | · | |
| ensity | : 1.3 | g/cm³ | | | | | |
| apour density | : Not | available. | | | | | |
| xplosive properties | : Not | available. | | | | | |
| xidising properties | : Not | available. | | | | | |
| article characteristics | | | | | | | |
| Median particle size | : Not | applicable. | | | | | |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|--|---|
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 8500 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6 g/kg | - |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 8500 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6 g/kg | - |
| propylidynetrimethanol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 14000 mg/kg | - |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1.22 g/kg | - |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | Based on available data, th | e classification crite | eria are not met. | |
| Acute toxicity estimates | | | | |

Irritation/Corrosion

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| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------|----------------------|------------------|
| titanium dioxide | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 ug l | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the | ne classification cr | riteria are | not met. | |
| Sensitisation | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : May cause an allergic skin | reaction. | | | |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u> | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the | ne classification cr | riteria are | not met. | |
| Carcinogenicity | | | | | |
| | carcinogenic hazard of this pro ent of particle clearance mecha | | | le dust is inhal | ed in quantities |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the | ne classification cr | riteria are | not met. | |
| Reproductive toxicity | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the | ne classification cr | riteria are | not met. | |
| Teratogenicity | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the | ne classification cr | riteria are | not met. | |
| <u>Specific target organ toxicit</u> | <u>y (single exposure)</u> | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | | Category | | ute of osure | Farget organs |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Category 3

Information on likely routes : Not available.

| orexposure | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Potential acute health effects | | |
| Eye contact | ; | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Skin contact | : | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | ł | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

<u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

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Narcotic effects

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | ects |
| Not available. | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. |
| General | : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--|---|----------------------|
| iitanium dioxide | Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex -</i> Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water | Fish - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i> | 96 hours |
| propylidynetrimethanol | Acute EC50 13000000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 14400000 μg/l Marine water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Cyprinodon variegatus</i> | 48 hours 96 hours |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------|------------|-----------|
| Aphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| propylidynetrimethanol | -0.47 | <1 | Low |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | - | 15600 | High |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | - | 2.96 | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Mobility

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| 13.1 Waste treatment meth | nods |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Product | |
| Methods of disposal | The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal. |
| Hazardous waste | : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. |
| European waste catalogue (EWC) | : 080111*, 200127* |
| Packaging | |
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. |
| Special precautions | : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. |

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|------------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | 111 | 111 | | 111 |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |

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SECTION 14: Transport information

| Additional information | | |
|--|---|---|
| ADR/RID | : | <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E) |
| ADN | 1 | <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. |
| IMDG | : | Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | : | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | : | Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

| Product/ingredient name | | % | Designation [Usage] | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| F UTURA 15 | | ≥90 | 3 | |
| Labelling | : | | | |
| <u>)ther EU regulations</u> | | | | |
| Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air | : Not listed | | | |
| Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water | : Not listed | | | |
| Explosive precursors | : Not applicab | le. | | |
| Ozone depleting substance | es (1005/2009/E | <u>:U)</u> | | |
| Not listed. | | _ | | |
| Prior Informed Consent (P | I <u>C) (649/2012/E</u> | <u>1)</u> | | |
| Not listed. | | | | |
| Persistent Organic Polluta | <u>nts</u> | | | |
| Not listed. | | | | |
| Seveso Directive | | | | |
| This product is controlled un | der the Seveso I | Directive. | | |
| Danger criteria | | | | |
| Category | | | | |
| P5c | | | | |
| te of issue/Date of revision | : 09/10/2023 | Date of previo | us issue : 16/01/2023 | Version : 10 18/23 |
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

| National regulations | | |
|--|---|------|
| <u>Austria</u> | | |
| VbF class | : A II Very dangerous flammable liqu | uid. |
| Limitation of the use of organic solvents | : Permitted. | |
| Czech Republic | | |
| Storage code | : 11 | |
| <u>Denmark</u> | | |
| Danish fire class | : II-1 | |
| Executive Order No. 1795/ | <u>2015</u> | |
| Ingradiant name | | |

: 3-6

| Ingredient name | Annex I Section A | Annex I Section B |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| titanium dioxide | Listed | - |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Listed | - |

MAL-code

Protection based on MAL

According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 3-6

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and posttreatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

| - Air-supplied full mask, | protective clothing an | d hood must be worn. |
|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | | |

| | | Drying: Items for dry rack trolleys, etc, mus fumes from wet items | ist be equipped with | a mechanical | exhaust | system to prevent |
|--|---|---|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | | Polishing: When po When machine grindi worn. | | | | |
| | | Caution The regulat | tions contain other s | tipulations in a | addition | to the above. |
| | | *See Regulations. | | | | |
| Restrictions on use | : | Not to be used by pro Working Environmen | | | | ee the National oung People At Work. |
| List of undesirable substances | : | Not listed | | | | |
| Carcinogenic waste | : | Waste containers mu by Danish working en | | | | bstances regulated |
| Finland | | | | | | |
| France | | | | | | |
| Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 | : | Naphtha (petroleum), Naphtha (petroleum), Cobalt bis(2-ethylhex | , hydrotreated heavy | | RG 84 RG 84 RG 70 | |
| Reinforced medical surveillance | : | Act of July 11, 1977 c medical surveillance: | | of activities wh | nich requ | ire reinforced |
| <u>Germany</u> TRGS 905 | | | | | | |
| In the state of th | | | | Description of the | | Demos de stitue |

| Ingredient name | Carcinogen | • | toxicity - Fertility | Reproductive toxicity - Development |
|------------------|------------|-----|----------------------|---|
| Cobalt compounds | К2 | M1A | RF1A | RD1A |

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

| Category | | Reference number |
|--|---|--------------------|
| P5c | | 1.2.5.3 |
| Hazard class for water | : 3⁄ | |
| Technical instruction on air quality control | TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 37.2% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.4% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.7.1.1: 0.1% | |
| <u>Italy</u> | | |
| D.Lgs. 152/06 | : Not determined. | |
| Netherlands | | |
| Water Discharge Policy (ABM) | : Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardou environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reproto toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z | |
| <u>Norway</u> | | |
| <u>Sweden</u> | | |
| Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10) | : 2b | |
| ate of issue/Date of revision | : 09/10/2023 Date of previous issue : 16/01/2023 | Version : 10 20/23 |
| UTURA 15 - All variants | | Label No :50904 |

| SECTION 15: Regulatory information |
|---|
| <u>Switzerland</u> |
| VOC content : VOC (w/w): 25.9% |
| International regulations |
| Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals |
| Not listed. |
| Montreal Protocol |
| Not listed. |
| Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants |
| Not listed. |
| Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) |
| Not listed. |
| |
| UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals |
| Not listed. |
| |

| 15.2 Chemical safety | This | product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still |
|----------------------|-------|---|
| assessment | requi | red. |

SECTION 16: Other information

| Indicates information t | hat has changed from previously issued version. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Abbreviations and acronyms | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative |

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|--------------------|---|
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H 226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
|--------------|--|
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H360D | May damage the unborn child. |
| H360FD | May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. |
| H361fd | Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 16: Other information

| Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 1B Repr. 2 Skin Sens. 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 | |
|---|---|--|
| Skin Sens. 1A STOT SE 3 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 | |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | : 09/10/2023 | |
| Date of previous issue | : 16/01/2023 | |
| Version | : 10 FUTURA 15 All variants | |

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision FUTURA 15 - All variants : 09/10/2023 Date of previous issue

:16/01/2023

Version : 10 23/23 Label No :50904