### SAFETY DATA SHEET



Label No: 81296

FEIDOPUR PRIMER ZG20-M0 - All variants

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : FEIDOPUR PRIMER ZG20-M0 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

**National contact** 

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**National advisory body/Poison Centre** 

Telephone number : National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Supplemental label elements

: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers			Classification Limits, M-factor		Classification Limits, M-factor		Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]				
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤9.6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]				
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]				
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]				
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤4.9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]				
aromatic hydrocarbons, C9	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0	≤3.7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]				

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#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients 2-butoxyethyl acetate REACH#: Acute Tox. 4, H302 ≤3 ATE [Oral] = 500 [1] [2] 01-2119475112-47 Acute Tox. 4, H312 mg/kg EC: 203-933-3 Acute Tox. 4, H332 ATE [Dermal] = CAS: 112-07-2 1500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ Solvent naphtha REACH #: ≤1.7 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 [1] (petroleum), light aromatic 01-2119455851-35 **STOT SE 3, H335** EC: 265-199-0 **STOT SE 3, H336** CAS: 64742-95-6 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Index: 649-356-00-4 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066

≤3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

REACH #:

01-2119489370-35

Index: 601-023-00-4

EC: 202-849-4

CAS: 100-41-4

- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

Type

Ethylbenzene

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Flam. Liq. 2, H225

Acute Tox. 4, H332

STOT RE 2, H373

Asp. Tox. 1, H304
See Section 16 for
the full text of the H
statements declared

inhalation)

above.

(hearing organs) (oral,

ATE [Inhalation]

(vapours)] = 11 mg/

[1] [2]

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### **Advice on general** occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

**Danger criteria** 

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed
	through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 133 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a

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screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.

BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

### **Recommended monitoring** procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m³		Local
	DAIE	Inhalation	000 / 2	population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DNE	Inhalation	200/ 3	population	0 1 : -
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	300 mg/m	VVOIKEIS	Local
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	ooo mg/m	VVOIRCIS	Local
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	D.122	Inhalation	000 mg/m	TT GINGIO	Cyclenno
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	J	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-
(ylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	_
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
	- · · <b></b>	1.3 11 5.5	kg bw/day	population	<i>,</i>
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic

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	- 0 . O. Jo				
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Dermai			Cysternic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	חארו	l ong torm		Morkoro	Cystomia
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DIVLL		TTZ IIIg/III	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	J.		,
T :-!	DAIEI		0.00/	0	0
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DIVLL		2.5 1119/111		Oysternic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5		,
	DAIEL		00//	0	C t : -
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	PINEL	Long term Dermal		VVOINUIO	Systemic
			bw/day		
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Local
, ,		Inhalation	Ŭ	population	
	ראירי		0013		Curata mailia
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term oral			Cysternic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	J		, and the second
	DAIEI		000 "		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DIVLL		JJU IIIg/III	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		9	bw/day		,
	DATE				
aromatic hydrocarbons, C9	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL		1.5 1119/111	Workers	Cysternic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	11 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	- ,
	- · · - ·				
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	PINEL	Long term Demial		4401VC19	Cystellic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	ראבי				Local
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	J. 1_L				
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	ראבי			Conoral	Cuatamia
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	J. 1_L				- , 5.5
		Inhalation	m³	_	
2-butoxyethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
•			bw/day	population	
	ראבי	Chart tarms O			Cuatamia
	DNEL	Short term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	72 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	PINEL				Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	80 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ	population	
	ראבי		100 //		Cuatamia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg	General	Systemic
· ·					

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•					
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	120 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		_
	DNEL	Long term	133 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	169 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Long term Bernar	bw/day	VVOINCIO	Cystonno
	DNEL	Short term	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	200 mg/m	population	Local
	DNE	Short term	222 ma/m3	Workers	Local
	DNEL		333 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	vvoikeis	Local
Octobro to contain a formation of the containing	DAIE	Inhalation	0.44	0	0
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
aromatic		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	_
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	_
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	]		*
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		gg	bw/day		,
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVILL	Inhalation	Joon mg/m	TT OTROTO	Cyclonic
		audioi1			

### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### **Skin protection**

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#### **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Various

Odour : Slight

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
n-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.8%

limit : Upper: 7.6%

Flash point : Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794

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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available.

pН **Viscosity**  Not applicable.

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Not available.

Solubility in water

: Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			pour pressu	re at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				

**Relative density** : Not available. : 1.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> **Density** : Not available. Vapour density : Not available. **Explosive properties** : Not available. Oxidising properties

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	-

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

LD50 Oral	Rat	2400 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
mists			
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral  LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal	LD50 Oral Rat  LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists  LD50 Dermal Rat  Rabbit	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal  Rat  29000 mg/l  Rabbit  15400 mg/kg

### **Conclusion/Summary**

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Dermal	35714.29 mg/kg 16306.86 mg/kg 131.26 mg/l

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug I	
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic				uL	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Sensitisation** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Carcinogenicity**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
aromatic hydrocarbons, C9	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
aromatic hydrocarbons, C9	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on likely routes**: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data. Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ General

or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
•	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

**Mobility** 

: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**European waste** catalogue (EWC) 080111\*

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** 

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2.

Tunnel code (D/E)

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### SECTION 14: Transport information

**ADN** 

<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2.

**IMDG** 

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.

**IATA** 

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
FEIDOPUR PRIMER ZG20-M0	≥90	3

Labelling

Other EU regulations

**Industrial emissions** : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

**Industrial emissions** : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

: Not applicable. **Explosive precursors** Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Danger criteria** 

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### Category

P<sub>5</sub>c

E2

#### **International regulations**

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### 15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Abbreviations and**

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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#### **Notice to reader**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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