Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Malta

SAFETY DATA SHEET



FEIDOLUX PRIMER KG92 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

: FEIDOLUX PRIMER KG92 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

 Telephone number
 : Malta Competition and Consumer Affairs Authority (MCCAA): +356 2395 2000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements

- : Warning
- : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

SECTION 2: Hazards		
Prevention	:	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.P273 - Avoid release to the environment.P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	:	P391 - Collect spillage.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: Xylene and Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
₩ylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
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SECTION 3: Com	position/informat	ion on ir	gredients		
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Petroleum resins	EC: 265-116-8 CAS: 64742-16-1	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤2.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤0.3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	<0.1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	M [Acute] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower evelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and Skin contact ÷. shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

-	-
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing	: Use dry chemical, CO_2 , water spray (fog) or foam.
media	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure
equipment for me lighters	mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves)
	conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for
	chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, p	orote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responder	rs :	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the

6.2 Environmental precautions
 Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not
	reuse container.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available.

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

: Not available.

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values			
Kylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational			
	exposure limit values			
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
Ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list			
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values			
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list			
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values			
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

procedures

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DINLL	Inhalation	200 mg/m	population	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Svotomio
	DINEL	Inhalation	200 mg/m		Systemic
	DNEL		$221 m g/m^{3}$	population Workers	
	DINEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	WORKERS	Local
		Inhalation	10 5	0	Quantanala
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
		1	kg bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	105	population	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long torm	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Svotomio
	DINEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m	VIOIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL		440	\\/orl/ore	
	DINEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	440	\\/orl/ore	Curatamia
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	0.44	0	Quantanala
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³		Systemic
aromatic		Inhalation	10 1 3	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	470 57	0	1 1
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
	DUE	Inhalation	m ³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	007 5	population	1 1
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	DUE	Inhalation	m ³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
	DUE	Inhalation	mg/m ³	A	
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
	DUE	Inhalation	m ³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m^{3}	Orment	Our transf
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	Question
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	F	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	00	0	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day	Comenci	Quetersia
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	1	Inhalation		population	

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	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/ m ³	Workers	Systemic
Zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	37 µg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	175 µg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	235.1 µg/ m ³	Workers	Local

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method		
Methoxy 2-propanol		120.17	248.3	OECD 103	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		135 to 210	275 to 410		
Flammability	: Not ava	ilable.			
Lower and upper explosion limit	: k ower: Upper:				
Flash point	cup: 23°C (73.4°F))			
Auto-ignition temperature	4				
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Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol		270	518		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		280 to 470	536 to 878		
ecomposition temperature	: Not	available.			
н	: Not	applicable.			
/iscosity	: Not	available.			
olubility(ies)	:				
Not available.					
olubility in water	: Not	available.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ vater	: Not	applicable.			

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
⊑ thylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	8.5	1.1					
Relative density	: Not	available.					
Density	1.5	g/cm³					
Vapour density	: Not	available.					
Explosive properties	: Not	available.					
Oxidising properties	: Not	available.					
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.					

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

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10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Ëthylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
☑ermal Inhalation (vapours)	7425 mg/kg 60.88 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
X ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic				uL	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.				
Sensitisation					

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. <u>Mutagenicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity	<u>y (single exposure)</u>

Carcinogenicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Viene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
	Category 2	oral, inhalation	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
₩ylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects Potential delayed effects : Not available. Long term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects Potential delayed effects : Not available. Potential chronic health effects Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available. General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Mutagenicity**
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity**
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
5	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
Zinc oxide	Acute IC50 46 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella</i> <i>subcapitata</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
X ylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	High
light aromatic			
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low
Zinc oxide	-	28960	High
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	15600	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

•	
13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	080111*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		3		3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

SECTION 14: Transport information		
ADR/RID	Tiscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally azardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the ackagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 ccording to 2.2.3.1.5.2. Tunnel code (D/E)	,
ADN	<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally azardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the ackagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 ccording to 2.2.3.1.5.2.	,
IMDG	Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally azardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the ackagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 ccording to 2.3.2.5.	,
ΙΑΤΑ	he environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other ansportation regulations.	
14.6 Special precautions for user	ransport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that ar pright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do ne event of an accident or spillage.	
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	lot relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
FEIDOLUX PRIMER KG92	≥90	3

Labelling	1 () () () () () () () () () (
Other EU regulations	
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed
Explosive precursors	: Not applicable.
Ozone depleting substan	ices (1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category P5c E2

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.
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SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group VPVB = Very Parsistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

SECTION 16: Other information H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. H312 Causes skin irritation. H315 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317 Causes serious eye irritation. H319 Harmful if inhaled. H332 May cause respiratory irritation. H335 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 Very toxic to aquatic life. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. H413 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH066

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: 3

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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Notice to reader

Version

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 14/12/202FEIDOLUX PRIMER KG92 - All variants