Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

TEKNOS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

DRYWOOD POSEIDON SG - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : DRYWOOD POSEIDON SG - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Ireland Limited, 52 Ballymoughan Road, Magherafelt, BT45 6HN, UK. Tel. +44 (0) 2879 301 472.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Narning	
Hazard statements	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
General	P102 - Keep out of reach of children.	
Prevention	2280 - Wear protective gloves. 2273 - Avoid release to the environment. 2261 - Avoid breathing vapour.	
Response	P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	
Storage	Not applicable.	
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, reg national and international regulations.	jional,

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazardous ingredients	: 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)
Supplemental label elements	: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for dry film and in-can preservation: IPBC and DCOIT and BIT and Bronopol and C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) and OIT. Risk of skin sensitisation.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥25 - ≤50	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Triethylamine	REACH #: 01-2119475467-26 EC: 204-469-4 CAS: 121-44-8 Index: 612-004-00-5	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Oral] = 460 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l STOT SE 3, H335: $C \ge 1\%$	[1] [2]
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤0.3	Not classified.	-	[2]
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	≤0.22	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.67 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 25%	[1] [2]

	Index: 606-001-00-8				
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8	≤0.022	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 567 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.16 mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314: $C \ge 5\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0.025% $\le C < 5\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 3\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.025% $\le C < 3\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
Ammonia	REACH #: 01-2119488876-14 EC: 215-647-6 CAS: 1336-21-6 Index: 007-001-01-2	<0.1	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 5% M [Acute] = 1	[1] [2]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 1020 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 1	[1]
2-aminoethanol	EC: 205-483-3 CAS: 141-43-5	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 1720 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 53 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5 mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one	EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.11 mg/l	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1
	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	mediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting t elids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to nutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.	
Inhalation	emove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfor- not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest or ifficial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be d rson providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get verse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, pla sition and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an ope ht clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	curs, provide angerous to the medical attention if ice in recovery
Skin contact	ash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clo ash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before remo- oves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical a ent of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. N use. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	ving it, or wear attention. In the
Ingestion	ash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If materia vallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small qua nk. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be duce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. he head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lur rention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never go buth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recor- edical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loose a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	ntities of water to dangerous. Do not If vomiting occurs, igs. Get medical give anything by very position and get
Protection of first-aiders	action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without so ay be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to- ash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before remov oves.	mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/	symptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 01/09/2022	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version	:1	4/18
DRYWOOD POSEIDON SG - AII	variants			Label No	3903	37

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefight	ng measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection fo chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, prote	ective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for c	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

SECTION 0. Accide	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

- : Not available.
- Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values				
Triethylamine	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 17 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.				
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 4 ppm 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours.				
acetone	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).				
Pate of issue/Date of revision : 01/09/202	2 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 6/18				
RYWOOD POSEIDON SG - All variants	Label No :39037				

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection STEL: 3620 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1210 ma/m³ 8 hours. Ammonia EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [ammonia] STEL: 25 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: anhydrous STEL: 35 ppm 15 minutes. Form: anhydrous TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: anhydrous TWA: 18 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: anhydrous EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed 2-aminoethanol through skin. STEL: 7.6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace **Recommended monitoring** procedures atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
titanium dioxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	700 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
Triethylamine	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.4 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.4 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.1 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.6 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.6 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.023 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.07 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.81 mg/m³		Systemic
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no.	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m ³	General population	Local

247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H- sothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6]					
(3:1)					
(),	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m ³		Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.09 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.11 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.021 mg/	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.021 mg/ m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.027 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.043 mg/	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	0.043 mg/ m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.053 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls					
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.				
Individual protection meas	<u>'es</u>				
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated cloth Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.				
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.				
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.				
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm				
	Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves				
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

-	· · ·
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

: Liquid.
: Various
: Slight
: Not available.
: Not available.
:

Γ	Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method
,	water		100	212	
	Propylene glycol		188.2	370.8	
Flammability : Not ava		ilable.			
	ower and upper explosion nit	: Lower: Upper:			

Flash point

: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Ethyldiglycol	204	399.2	
Propylene glycol	371	699.8	

Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рН	: 7 to 9 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
Viscosity	: Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:
Not available.	
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	: Not applicable.

ŝ,

ŝ,

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	1	Not applicabl
water		

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Var	re at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
water	23.8	3.2				
Propylene glycol	0.15	0.02	EU A.4			

Relative density

: Not available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Density	: 1.3 g/cm ³
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stabilit	and reactivity	
10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredier	nts.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	No specific data.	
10.5 Incompatible materials	No specific data.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	\$

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Triethylamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	460 mg/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.67 g/m³	4 hours
carbamate	mists			
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.763 mg/l	4 hours
	mists	_ /		
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Male,	0.26 mg/l	4 hours
isothiazol-3-one	mists	Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>652 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1585 mg/kg	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-
one				
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-				
3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]				
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-				
3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:				
1)				
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.11 mg/l	4 hours
3-one	mists			

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	57402.06 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	574.02 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	341.63 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

DRYWOOD POSEIDON SG - All variants

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

SECTION IT. TOXICOlogical information						
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-	
Triethylamine	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	365 mg	-	
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 5 %	-	
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1)	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 %	-	

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Conclusion/Summary : Bas

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 20 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
	Positive	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 50 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative - Oral	Rabbit - Female	50 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Triethylamine	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredien	it name		Category	Route of exposure	Target or	gans
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate			Category 1	-	larynx	
Date of issue/Date of revision :	01/09/2022	Date of previou	s issue : No p	previous validation	Version :1	11/18
DRYWOOD POSEIDON SG - All var	iants			L	.abel No :3903	7

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	;	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Delayed and initiate energy	13	as well as chronic chects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedemus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.049 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	21 days
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 18 ppb Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.001 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.7 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.56 ppb	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	97 days
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.36 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Onorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.15 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Test Result Dose Inoculum			
EU 24 % - 28 days			
Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.			
: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.			

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	-	Not readily
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	Inherent

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Triethylamine	1.45	<0.5	low
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	>1	-	low
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	3.2	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 01/09/2022	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	13/18
DRYWOOD POSEIDON SG - AII	variants			Label No :3903	37

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

15.1 Waste treatment methous	
Product	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	080112
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV
None of the components are listed.
Substances of very high concern
None of the components are listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions :
on the manufacture,
placing on the market and use of certain
dangerous substances,
mixtures and articles
Other EU regulations
Industrial emissions : Not listed
(integrated pollution prevention and control) -
Air
Industrial emissions : Not listed
(integrated pollution
prevention and control) - Water
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)
Not listed.
<u>Persistent Organic Pollutants</u> Not listed.
Seveso Directive
This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.
International regulations
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.
Montreal Protocol
Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.
15.2 Chamical appendix
15.2 Chemical safety : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

Full text of abbreviated H statements				
Highly flammable liquid and vapour.				
Toxic if swallowed.				
Harmful if swallowed.				
Fatal in contact with skin.				
Toxic in contact with skin.				
Harmful in contact with skin.				
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.				
Causes skin irritation.				
May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Causes serious eye damage.				
Causes serious eye irritation.				
Fatal if inhaled.				
Toxic if inhaled.				
Harmful if inhaled.				
May cause respiratory irritation.				
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.				
Suspected of causing cancer.				
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.				
Very toxic to aquatic life.				
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.				
Corrosive to the respiratory tract.				
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]				
ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2				
ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3				
ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4				
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1				
1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1				
3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3				
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2				

Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
	5,5

SECTION 16: Other information				
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 01/09/2022			
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation			
Version	: 1			
	DRYWOOD POSEIDON SG			

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 01/09/2022DRYWOOD POSEIDON SG - All variants

: 01/09/2022 Date of previous issue