Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET



AQUATOP 2600-82 - TD 00100 N910

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: AQUATOP 2600-82 - TD 00100 N910

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	P280 - Wear protective gloves. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.	
Response	 P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention 	۱.
Storage	Not applicable.	
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regiona national and international regulations.	al,
Hazardous ingredients	Contains: adipohydrazide; 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 2-methyl-2H-isothiaz 3-one and reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	zol-

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements	:	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for in-can preservation: BIT and DTBMA and MIT and Bronopol and OIT and MBIT.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	1	None known.

not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
REACH #: 01-2119962900-36 EC: 213-999-5 CAS: 1071-93-8	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 1020 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 1	[1]
EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4	<0.01	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.11 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C \geq 0.0015% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Index: 613-167-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	ATE [Oral] = 53 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5	[1]
	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0 REACH #: 01-2119962900-36 EC: 213-999-5 CAS: 1071-93-8 EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6 EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4	REACH #: ≥10 - ≤25 01-2119489379-17 ≥10 - ≤25 CAS: 13463-67-7 <1	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 ≥10 - ≤25 Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation) REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0 <1	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

SECTION 3: Compo		1	•	ma/l	1
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 125 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 311 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.27 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C $\geq 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
2-Methyl-1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	CAS: 2527-66-4 Index: 613-336-00-3	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared	ATE [Oral] = 175 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

1 Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first	aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising fi	rom	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values			
Ethyldiglycol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). PEAK: 140 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 24 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 35 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	TWA: 6 ppm 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [] Skin sensitiser.			
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. Sensitization potential. TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction CEIL: 0.05 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction			
No exposure limit value known.				
No exposure limit value known.				
No exposure limit value known.				
No exposure limit value known.				
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 40.8 ppm 15 minutes.			
2 -Butoxyethanol	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.			
2-Butoxyethanol	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.			
2 -Butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
2 -Butoxyethanol	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 250 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
	STEL. 250 mg/m T5 minutes.			

SECTION 8: Exposure contr	ols/personal protection
Ethyldiglycol 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one 2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	 TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). TWA: 35 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 70 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 6 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 12 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). PEAK: 100 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Skin sensitiser. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.1 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.1 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable
2-Butoxyethanol	fraction Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
Ethyldiglycol 2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). KTV: 12 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 6 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 70 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 35 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021).
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction KTV: 0.1 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
No exposure limit value known.	
Ethyldiglycol	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 80 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 170 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection				
E thyldiglycol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction of Vapor and aerosols TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction of Vapor and aerosols			
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Skin sensitiser.			
	STEL: 0.4 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction			
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction STEL: 0.1 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction			
2-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
Ammonia	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [ammonia] STEL: 25 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: anhydrous STEL: 35 ppm 15 minutes. Form: anhydrous TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: anhydrous TWA: 18 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: anhydrous			

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 0.17 mmol/mmol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week. Biological limit values: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.
No exposure indices known.	
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection			
No exposure indices known.			
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No exposure indices known.			

procedures

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26.7 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	59 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	98 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	147 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Short term	246 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	U U		
	DNEL	Short term	426 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	5	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	1091 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³		,
adipohydrazide	DNEL	Long term	17.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-,
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/	General	Systemic
, <u>_</u>			kg bw/day	population	-)
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DITE	Long toni Donna	kg bw/day	Tronicio -	eyetenne
	DNEL	Long term	1.2 mg/m^3	General	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	1.2 mg/m	population	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term	6.81 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	0.01 mg/m	Wonters	Cystonio
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	DNEL	Long term	0.021 mg/	General	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	m ³	population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	0.021 mg/	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	m ³	WOIKEIS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.027 mg/	General	Systemic
	DINEL		•		Systemic
		Short torm	kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.043 mg/	General	Local
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		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.043 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.053 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m³		Local
(5.1)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m ³		Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.09 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.11 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

Appropriate engineering controls	 Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airbor contaminants. 				
Individual protection measure	<u>S</u>				
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.				
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.				
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.				
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm				
	Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves				
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a				
	respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importa aspects of use.				

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Off-white.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Ī	water	100	212	
	Ethyldiglycol	196	384.8	

Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: Not applicable. Upper: Not applicable.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	:

ŝ,

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
⊑ thyldiglycol		204	399.2		
Decomposition temperature	: Not a	vailable.			
рН	: Not a	pplicable.			
Viscosity	: Not a	vailable.			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Not available.					
Solubility in water	: Not a	vailable.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol	/ : Not a	pplicable.			

water

Vapour pressure

	Va	apour Press	ure at 20°C	v	apour pres	our pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method		
water	17.5	2.3						
Ethyldiglycol	0.14	0.019						
Relative density	: Not	available.						
Density	: 1.2	g/cm³						
/apour density	: Not	available.						
Explosive properties	: Not	available.						
Oxidising properties	: Not	available.						
Particle characteristics								
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.						

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SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and reactivity	
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients	
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.	
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
7,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.11 mg/l	4 hours
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1)	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	690 mg/kg 550 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
halation (vapours)	443.45 mg/l		

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ii tanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	Even Covere invitant	Dabbit		mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
1.2 honzicothiazol 3(2H) ono	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Human	-	500 mg 48 hours 5 %	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 %	-
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-	Skin - Severe initant	папап	-	0.01 /0	-
3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]					
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-					
3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:					
1)					
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification cr	iteria are	not met.	
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic skin rea	action.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification cr	iteria are	not met.	
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities
leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

leading to significant impairm	ent	of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary	1	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	1	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (</u>	<u>single exposure)</u>
Not available.		
Specific target organ toxici	<u>tv (</u>	repeated exposure)
Not available.		
Aspiration hazard Not available.		
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact		May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>:ts</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.36 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Onorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.15 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 74 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 8.5 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
2-Methyl-1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.92 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.24 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.16 ppm	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	32 days

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum	
7,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EU	24 % - 28 days -		-	-	
Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.						
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability	
7,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-		-		Inherent	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
 Butoxyethanol 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one 	0.81	-	Low
	-	3.2	Low
	2.45	-	Low

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12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment meth	ods
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080112
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	-			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]	
QUATOP 2600-82		≥90	3	
Labelling	:			
<u>)ther EU regulations</u>				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed			
Explosive precursors	: Not applic	able.		
Ozone depleting substanc	es (1005/2009	<u>)/EU)</u>		
Not listed.				
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	<u>IC) (649/2012</u>	<u>/EU)</u>		
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	<u>ints</u>			
<u>Seveso Directive</u>				
This product is not controlled	d under the Se	veso Directiv	e.	
lational regulations				
<u>Austria</u>				
VbF class	: Not regula	ited.		
Limitation of the use of organic solvents	: Permitted.			
<u>Czech Republic</u>				
Storage code	: IV			
<u>Denmark</u>				
Danish fire class	: IV-1			
Executive Order No. 1795/	<u>2015</u>			
Ingredient name			Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
ii tanium dioxide			Listed	-
MAL-code	: 00-1			
Protection based on MAL			lations on work involving coded p he use of personal protective equi	
	coveralls/p clothes do	orotective clot not adequate	be worn for all work that may result i thing must be worn when soiling is sc ely protect skin against contact with tl work involving spattering if a full mas	great that regular wor ne product. A face

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

SECTION 15. Regula	case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.
	In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.
	MAL-code: 00-1 Application: When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.
	- Arm protectors must be worn.
	During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.
	- Full mask with combined filter, coveralls and hood must be worn.
	Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.
	Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.
	Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.
	*See Regulations.
Restrictions on use	 Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.
List of undesirable substances	: Not listed
Carcinogenic waste	: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.
<u>Finland</u>	
<u>France</u>	
Reinforced medical surveillance	: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable
<u>Germany</u>	
Storage class (TRGS 510)	
Hazardous incident ordina	<u>nce</u> under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.
Hazard class for water	: 1
Technical instruction on air quality control	: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 3.8%
AOX	: The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX
<u>Italy</u>	value in waste water.
D.Lgs. 152/06	: Not determined.
Netherlands	
Water Discharge Policy (ABM)	: A(3) Hazardous for aquatic organisms, may have long-term hazardous effects in aquatic environment. Decontamination effort: A
Norway Sweden	
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SECTION 15:	Regulatory	information	
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Switzerland

VOC content : Exempt.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	1	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number PCC = Commention Convert
	SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Full toxt of o	assifications ICL P/GHS1

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 16: Other information

Cute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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