# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



AQUATOP 2600-82 - RAL 9001

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier Product name

: AQUATOP 2600-82 - RAL 9001

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

#### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: P280 - Wear protective gloves. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	<ul> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Contains: adipohydrazide; 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one and reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

SECTION 2. Hazarus	ю	ientincation
Supplemental label elements	:	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for in-can preservation: BIT and DTBMA and MIT and Bronopol and OIT and MBIT.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Manium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
adipohydrazide	REACH #: 01-2119962900-36 EC: 213-999-5 CAS: 1071-93-8	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 1020 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 1	[1]
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one	EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4	<0.01	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300  mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.11 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C $\geq$ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	ATE [Oral] = 53 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5	[1]
(3:1) Date of issue/Date of revision	: 21/11/2023 Date	e of previous is		(vapours)] = 0.5 <i>Version</i> : 1.02	2
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SECTION 3: Compo		1	•	ma/l	1
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 125 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 311 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = $0.27$ mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C $\geq 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
2-Methyl-1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	CAS: 2527-66-4 Index: 613-336-00-3	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared	ATE [Oral] = 175 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first	t aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media					
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.			
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om	the substance or mixture			
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.			
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides			
5.3 Advice for firefighters					
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.			
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.			
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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.
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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
zthyldiglycol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). PEAK: 140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 24 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 6 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 30 minutes.
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	PEAK: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 30 minutes. <b>Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [5-chloro- 2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2,3-di- hydroisothiazol-3-one (mixture in the ratio 3:1)] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</b>
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [5-chloro- 2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2,3-di- hydroisothiazol-3-one (mixture in the ratio 3:1)] Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	<ul> <li>Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. Sensitization potential.</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction CEIL: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction</li> </ul>
2-Butoxyethanol	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STELV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ELV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

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2-Butoxyethanol	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
No exposure limit value known.	
2 Thyldiglycol 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one 2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	<ul> <li>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021).</li> <li>TWA: 35 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 70 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 6 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>PEAK: 12 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021).</li> <li>PEAK: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction</li> <li>TWA: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Skin sensitiser.</li> <li>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>Skin sensitiser.</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</li> <li>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction</li> </ul>
2-Butoxyethanol	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

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No exposure limit value known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
No exposure limit value known.	GTEL. 240 mg/m 10 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
No exposure limit value known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
2-Butoxyethanol	<b>Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
Z-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethyldiglycol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). KTV: 12 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 6 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction KTV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
No exposure limit value known.	
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Ethyldiglycol	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	STEL: 30 ppm 13 minutes. STEL: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethyldiglycol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). STEL: 100 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction of Vapo
	and aerosols TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction of Vapor and aerosols
2-Butoxyethanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Skin sensitiser.
	STEL: 0.4 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction STEL: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
2-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ammonia	TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [ammonia]</b> STEL: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: anhydrous STEL: 35 ppm 15 minutes. Form: anhydrous TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: anhydrous

### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient na	ame		Exposure indi	ces	
No exposure indices known.					
No exposure indices known.					
No exposure indices known.					
No exposure indices known.					
No exposure indices known.					
₽-Butoxyethanol		Biological Exposu Biological limit val acid (after hydrolys at the end of the we Biological limit val	ues: 200 mg/g creati n urine]. Sampling tim	public, 9/2015 of creatinine, bu ng time: the enco nine, butoxyace	) Itoxyacetic I of the shift etic acid
No exposure indices known.					
Date of issue/Date of revision AQUATOP 2600-82 - RAL 9001	: 21/11/2023	Date of previous issue	: 20/07/2022	Version Label No	:1.02 <b>9/22</b> : <b>4</b> 7813

SECTION 8: Exposure	ntrols/personal protection	
No exposure indices known.	· ·	
No exposure indices known.		
2-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)	
		[in urine]. Sampling time: end of posure ceases.
No exposure indices known.		
2-Butoxyethanol	<b>Portuguese Institute of Quality (</b> BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxya Sampling time: end of shift.	
No exposure indices known.		
No exposure indices known.		
₽-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on protection of wor exposure to chemical substance BAT: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxy urine]. Sampling time: at the end o exposure: at the end of the work s workdays.	es at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) /acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in f the work shift, at long-term
No exposure indices known.		
No exposure indices known.		
Butoxyethanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, 2-butox urine]. Sampling time: immediately hours. In case of long-term expose	/ after exposure or after working
No exposure indices known.		
Recommended monitoring : procedures	ference should be made to monitoring standard ropean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmosphe sessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical ues and measurement strategy) European Star nospheres - Guide for the application and use of exposure to chemical and biological agents) Eu orkplace atmospheres - General requirements f the measurement of chemical agents) Referen cuments for methods for the determination of ha	res - Guidance for the agents for comparison with limit ndard EN 14042 (Workplace f procedures for the assessment ropean Standard EN 482 for the performance of procedures ce to national guidance
DNELs/DMELs	juired.	

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26.7 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	5
	DNEL	Long term	59 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ũ	population	5
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	98 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	147 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	population	
	DNEL	Short term	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DITEE	Inhalation	2 10 mg/m	T officio	2004
	DNEL	Short term	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	120 mg/m	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1091 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		
adipohydrazide	DNEL	Long term	17.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
adiponydrazide	DINCL	Inhalation	T7.5 mg/m	Workers	Oysternie
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/	General	Systemic
		Long torm Derma	kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Long term Dennal	kg bw/day	VV UINCIS	Gysternic
	DNEL	Long term	1.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	1.2 mg/m²	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	6.81 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	0.01 mg/m	VVUINCIS	Systemic
2 mothyl 24 isothiazol 2 ono	DNEL		0.021 ma/	General	Local
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one		Long term Inhalation	0.021 mg/ m³	population	LUCAI
	DNEL			Workers	Local
		Long term	0.021 mg/ m³	VVUINEIS	LUCAI
		Inhalation		Conoral	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.027 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short torm	kg bw/day	population	
	DINEL	Short term	0.043 mg/ m³	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term		population	
	DINEL		0.043 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	$m^{3}$	Conoral	Sustamia
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.053 mg/	General	Systemic
reaction mass of 5 oblars 2 mothed		Long torm	kg bw/day	population General	Local
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-	DNEL	Long term	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no.		Inhalation		population	
247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6]					
(3:1)		Long town-	0.00	\A/aulcauc	
	DNEL	Long term	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	vvorkers	Local
	D	Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
		Inhalation	0.04	population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.09 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.11 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	

### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Individual protection measures** 

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: White to yellowish. [Light]
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:
boiling range	

	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	water	100	212	
	Ethyldiglycol	196	384.8	
F	lammability : Not av	ailable.		

Lower and upper explosion	: 1
limit	

not available.

- **on** : Lower: Not applicable.
  - Upper: Not applicable.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

11

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		•••	~ ~		

: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
<b>₽</b> thyldiglycol		204	399.2		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
рН	1	8 to 8.5 [Conc. (%	w/w): 100%]		
Viscosity	1	Not available.			
Solubility(ies)	1				
Not available.					
Solubility in water	:	Not available.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol	: :	Not applicable.			

#### water

### Vapour pressure

Particle characteristics

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method		
water	17.5	2.3						
Ethyldiglycol	0.14	0.019						
Relative density	: Not	available.						
Density	: 1.2	g/cm³						
Vapour density	: Not	: Not available.						
Explosive properties	: Not	available.						
Oxidising properties	: Not	available.						

Median particle size	: Not applicable.

<b>SECTION</b> 1	10: S	Stability a	and re	activity
------------------	-------	-------------	--------	----------

10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredi	ients.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occu	ur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	No specific data.	
10.5 Incompatible materials	No specific data.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition produces should not be produced.	cts

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Acute toxicity

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information Product/ingredient name** Result **Species** Dose **Exposure** 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-LD50 Oral Rat 1020 mg/kg one 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-LC50 Inhalation Dusts and Rat 0.11 mg/l 4 hours 3-one mists reaction mass of: 5-chloro-LD50 Oral Rat 53 mg/kg 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1) 690 mg/kg 2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one LD50 Dermal Rabbit LD50 Oral Rat 550 mg/kg

### **Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
halation (vapours)	443.45 mg/l		

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
iitanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 5 %	-
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1)	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 %	-
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Sensitisation: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Carcinogenicity**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ity (single exposure)</u>
Not available.	

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

SECTION 11: Toxicol	gical information	
Information on likely routes of exposure	Not available.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	No specific data.	
Inhalation	No specific data.	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	No specific data.	
Delayed and immediate effec Short term exposure	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ts</u>	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.	
General	<ul> <li>Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>	ł
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties** 

Not available.

### **11.2.2 Other information**

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
inanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Crustaceans - <i>Crangon crangon</i> Fish - <i>Menidia beryllina</i>	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.36 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

	Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Onorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.15 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 74 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 8.5 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
2-Methyl-1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.92 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.24 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.16 ppm	Fish - Pimephales promelas	32 days

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum	
7,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EU	24 % - 28 days		-	-	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b> : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.						
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability	
2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-		-		Inherent	

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	3.2	Low
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	2.45	-	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods <u>Product</u>

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080112
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**14.6 Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

<u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

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Duo du ot/in que dia star a sur		0/	Designation [] [acces]		
Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]		
AQUATOP 2600-82		≥90	3		
Labelling	: 🔽				
<u>Other EU regulations</u>					
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed				
Explosive precursors	: Not applica	ble.			
Ozone depleting substand Not listed.	<u>ces (1005/2009/</u>	<u>(EU)</u>			
Prior Informed Consent (F Not listed.	<u>PIC) (649/2012/E</u>	<u>EU)</u>			
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	<u>ants</u>				
Seveso Directive					
This product is not controlle	d under the Sev	eso Directive			
lational regulations					
<u>Austria</u>					
VbF class	: Not regulat	ed.			
Limitation of the use of organic solvents	: Permitted.				
Czech Republic					
Storage code	: IV				
<u>Denmark</u>					
Danish fire class	: IV-1				
Executive Order No. 1795/	<u>/2015</u>			I	
Ingredient name			Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B	
<b>ti</b> ťanium dioxide			Listed	-	
MAL-code	: 00-1				
Protection based on MAL	-	-	ations on work involving coded p e use of personal protective equi	-	
	coveralls/pi clothes do shield mus	<b>General:</b> Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.			
	In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.				

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

SECTION 15: Regula	
	MAL-code: 00-1 <b>Application:</b> When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.
	- Arm protectors must be worn.
	During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.
	- Full mask with combined filter, coveralls and hood must be worn.
	<b>Drying:</b> Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.
	<b>Polishing:</b> When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.
	<b>Caution</b> The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.
	*See Regulations.
Restrictions on use	: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.
List of undesirable substances	: Not listed
Carcinogenic waste	: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.
<u>Finland</u>	
France	
Reinforced medical surveillance	: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable
<u>Germany</u>	
Storage class (TRGS 510)	: 10
Hazardous incident ordina	nce
This product is not controlled	under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.
Hazard class for water	: 1
Technical instruction on air quality control	: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 3.8%
ΑΟΧ	: The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.
<u>ltaly</u>	
D.Lgs. 152/06	: Not determined.
Netherlands	
Water Discharge Policy (ABM)	: A(3) Hazardous for aquatic organisms, may have long-term hazardous effects in aquatic environment. Decontamination effort: A
<u>Norway</u>	
<u>Sweden</u>	
<u>Switzerland</u>	
VOC content	: Exempt.
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Convent Not listed.	on List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Montreal Protocol	
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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	: 1	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment	I	required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group VDVB = Very Derivative and Very Disconveryedative</li> </ul>
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method	

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>⊮</b> 301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eve Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	<b>U</b> <i>Y</i>

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AQUATOP 2600-82 - RAL 9001				Label No	<b>4</b> 7813	3

SECTION 16: Other information		
Skin Corr. 1 Skin Corr. 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A	B C
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#### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision AQUATOP 2600-82 - RAL 9001 : 21/11/2023 Date of previous issue