# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502-Y

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier Product name

: AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502-Y

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

#### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: P280 - Wear protective gloves. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	<ul> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	<ul> <li>Contains: adipohydrazide; 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one and reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)</li> </ul>

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AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502	2-Y			Label No :#7813

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

SECTION 2. Hazarus	ю	ientincation
Supplemental label elements	:	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for in-can preservation: BIT and DTBMA and MIT and Bronopol and OIT and MBIT.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

not result in classification

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Manium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
adipohydrazide	REACH #: 01-2119962900-36 EC: 213-999-5 CAS: 1071-93-8	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 1020 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 1	[1]
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one	EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4	<0.01	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300  mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.11 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C $\geq$ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	ATE [Oral] = 53 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5	[1]
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 23/11/2023 Date	e of previous is	sue : 20/07/2022	Version : 1.00	5 <b>2/22</b>
AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S	0502-Y			Label No :478	13

-		1	-	ma/l	
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 125 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 311 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = $0.27$ mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C $\geq 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
2-Methyl-1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	CAS: 2527-66-4 Index: 613-336-00-3	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared	ATE [Oral] = 175 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

1 Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid measures			
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		

: 23/11/2023 Date of previous issue

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 23/11/2023	Date of previous issue	: 20/07/2022	Version :	1.06 <b>4/2</b>
AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502	-Y			Label No : <mark></mark> #	7813

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

	7.3 Specific end use(s)	
•	Recommendations	: Not available.
		: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502-Y

: 23/11/2023 Date of previous issue

: 20/07/2022

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Ethyldiglycol	<b>Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021).</b> PEAK: 140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 24 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2 Butevy ethenel	TWA: 6 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 30 minutes.
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	PEAK: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 30 minutes. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [5-chloro-
	2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2,3-di-
	hydroisothiazol-3-one (mixture in the ratio 3:1)] Skin
	sensitiser.
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [5-chloro-
4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and	2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2,3-di-
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no.	hydroisothiazol-3-one (mixture in the ratio 3:1)] Skin
220-239-6] (3:1)	sensitiser.
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed
	through skin. Sensitization potential.
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	CEIL: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20.4 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 40.8 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed
	through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 ppm o hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
No exposure limit value known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502-Y

No exposure limit value known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of
	the Labor Code)
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 49 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
thyldiglycol	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).
	PEAK: 100 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalab fraction
	TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction
	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). TWA: 35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PEAK: 70 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 6 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 12 ppm 15 minutes.
-Butoxyethanol	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PEAK: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 20 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PEAK: 98 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitiser.
-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitiser.
-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	PEAK: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction <b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through</b>
	skin. Skin sensitiser.
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction
	PEAK: 0.1 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalabl fraction
lo exposure limit value known.	
lo exposure limit value known.	
lo exposure limit value known.	
	NAOCH (Ireland 5/2024) Absorbed through skip. Notes: 51
-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
-	OELV-15min: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
-Butoxyethanol	Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from
	chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin.
	8 hours: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hours: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	Short Term: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
_	Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
-Butoxyethanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
lo exposure limit value known.	

No exposure limit value known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: lis of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 20.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
No exposure limit value known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
No exposure limit value known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
No exposure limit value known.	
Ethyldiglycol 2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) KTV: 12 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 6 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	<ul> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>KTV: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>KTV: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</li> <li>Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> </ul>
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction KTV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
2-Butoxyethanol	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethyldiglycol	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Ethyldiglycol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). STEL: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction of Vapor and aerosols TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction of Vapor and aerosols
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Skin sensitiser.
	STEL: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction STEL: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
2-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ammonia	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [ammonia] STEL: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: anhydrous STEL: 35 ppm 15 minutes. Form: anhydrous TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: anhydrous TWA: 18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: anhydrous

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 0.17 mmol/mmol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week. Biological limit values: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.
No exposure indices known.	
2-Butoxyethanol No exposure indices known.	<ul> <li>DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).</li> <li>BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift / for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.</li> <li>TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)</li> <li>BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift; for long-term exposures: at the end of several acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift; for long-term exposures: at the end of shift after several shifts.</li> </ul>
No exposure indices known.	urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift; fexposures: at the end of shift after several shifts.
: 23/11/2023	3 Date of previous issue         : 20/07/2022         Version         : 1.06         9/22
NUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502-Y	

AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502-Y

	ontrols/personal protection
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 200 mg/g creatinine, BAA [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
No exposure indices known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift, at long-term exposure: at the end of the work shift after several consecutive workdays.
<b>Z</b> -Butoxyethanol	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) VLB: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
procedures E a: va	eference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: uropean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the ssessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit alues and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace tmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment

atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Populatio	n Effects
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26.7 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	59 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	98 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	147 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
te of issue/Date of revision : 23	3/11/2023	Date of previous issue	: 20/07/2	022	Version : 1.06 10
QUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502-Y				L	<b>_abel No :</b> #7813

	DNEL	Short term	1091 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³ Ö		,
adipohydrazide	DNEL	Long term	17.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5		,
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/	General	Systemic
		Ŭ	kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		-	kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	1.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	6.81 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	DNEL	Long term	0.021 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.021 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.027 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.043 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.043 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	<b>a</b> .	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.053 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-	DNEL	Long term	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no.		Inhalation		population	
247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6]					
(3:1)					
(3.1)	DNEL	Long term	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation	0.02 mg/m	VUINEIS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	0.04 mg/m	population	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
		Inhalation	0.04 mg/m		Loodi
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.09 mg/	General	Systemic
	DITLL		kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.11 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	- ,

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne Appropriate engineering controls contaminants. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, **Hygiene measures** before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. **Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. **Skin protection** 

: 23/11/2023 Date of previous issue

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

p				
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.			
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm			
	Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves			
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>			
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.			
	Filter type (spray application): A P			
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Off-white.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
water		100	212		
Ethyldiglycol		196	384.8		
Flammability	: Not ava	ailable.			
Lower and upper explosion limit		Not applicable Not applicable			
Flash point	: Closed	cup: >100°C (	(>212°F)		
Auto-ignition temperature	:				
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
<b>E</b> thyldiglycol		204	399.2		
Decomposition temperature	: Not ava	ilable.		ł	
рН	: 8 to 8.5	[Conc. (% w/	w): 100%]		
Viscosity	: Not ava	ailable.			
Solubility(ies)	:				

: 23/11/2023 Date of previous issue

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

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Not available.

Solubility in water	: Not available.
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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable. water

#### Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method		
water	17.5	2.3						
Ethyldiglycol	0.14	0.019						
Relative density	: Not	available.	+	·				
Density	• 12	a/cm <sup>3</sup>						

Density	: 1.2 g/cm <sup>2</sup>
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	

#### : Not applicable. Median particle size

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.			
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.			
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
✗,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.11 mg/l	4 hours
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1)	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	690 mg/kg 550 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route

Inhalation (	vapours	)

Irritation/Corrosion

439.8 mg/l

Score

**Species** 

**ATE value** 

**Exposure** 

**Observation** 

Product/ingredient name	Result
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irri
	Eyes - Severe irritar Skin - Mild irritant
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Severe irritan

It Human 72 hours 300 \_ ug l irritant Rabbit 24 hours 100 mg ritant Rabbit 100 mg -٦t Rabbit \_ 500 mg Human 48 hours 5 % ٦t \_ itant Human 0.01 % \_ and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1) 2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one Eyes - Severe irritant Rabbit 100 mg **Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Sensitisation **Conclusion/Summary** : May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Mutagenicity Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Carcinogenicity** It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in guantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung. **Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Teratogenicity** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Conclusion/Summary** Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available. Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available. **Aspiration hazard** Not available. Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure Potential acute health effects Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin contact Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Eye contact : No specific data. Inhalation : No specific data. : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Skin contact

irritation redness

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Ingestion

: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effect	ts	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

- **11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**
- Not available.
- 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
		<i>dubia</i> - Neonate	
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	water		
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.36 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Onorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.15 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 74 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 8.5 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
2-Methyl-1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.92 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.24 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
	••	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Chronic NOEC 0.16 ppm	Fish - Pimephales promelas	32 days

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 23/11/2023
 Date of previous issue
 : 20/07/2022
 Version
 : 1.06
 15/22

 AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502-Y
 Label No: 1/7813

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
7,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EU	24 % - 28 days		-	-
Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.					
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
7,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-		-		Inherent

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<ul> <li>P-Butoxyethanol</li> <li>1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one</li> <li>2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</li> </ul>	0.81	-	Low
	-	3.2	Low
	2.45	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment method	ls	
Product		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	:	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	080112
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

: 23/11/2023 Date of previous issue

: 20/07/2022

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

#### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]			
AQUATOP 2600-82		≥90	3			
Labelling	: 🔽	•				
Other EU regulations						
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed					
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed					
Explosive precursors	: Not applicat	ole.				
Ozone depleting substance Not listed.	<u>es (1005/2009/I</u> :	<u>EU)</u>				
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	<u>IC) (649/2012/E</u>	<u>:U)</u>				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 23/11/2023	Date of previo	us issue : 20/07/2022	Version	: 1.06	17/22

AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502-Y

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations	
<u>Austria</u>	
VbF class	: Not regulated.
Limitation of the use of organic solvents	: Permitted.
Czech Republic	
Storage code	: IV
<u>Denmark</u>	
Product registration number	: 4303800
Danish fire class	: IV-1
Executive Order No. 179	<u>5/2015</u>

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
Manium dioxide	Listed	-

#### : 00-1

**Protection based on MAL** 

**MAL-code** 

# : According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

**General:** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 00-1 **Application:** When spraying in existing\* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Arm protectors must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Full mask with combined filter, coveralls and hood must be worn.

**Drying:** Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

**Polishing:** When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

**Caution** The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

\*See Regulations.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 23/11/2023	Date of previous issue	: 20/07/2022	Version : 1.06 18/22
AQUATOP 2600-82 - NCS S 0502	<u>2-</u> Y			Label No :47813

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information **Restrictions on use** : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work. List of undesirable : Not listed substances **Carcinogenic waste** : Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks. **Finland France** : 2-Butoxyethanol RG 84 Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 **Reinforced medical** : Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced surveillance medical surveillance: not applicable Germanv Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10 Hazardous incident ordinance This product is not controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance. Hazard class for water : 1 **Technical instruction on** : TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 3.9% air quality control AOX : The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water. Italy D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined. **Netherlands** Water Discharge Policy : A(3) Hazardous for aquatic organisms, may have long-term hazardous effects in aquatic environment. Decontamination effort: A (ABM) **Norway** Sweden Switzerland **VOC content** : Exempt. International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. **Montreal Protocol** Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed. **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** Not listed. **15.2 Chemical safety** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	las shanged nem providely isolated version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>
Due a solution and the should be the	a classification according to Degulation (EQ) No. 4070/0000 [OLD/Q10]

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>H</b> 301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Date of issue/ Date of	: 23/11/2023
revision	

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Version	: 1.06
	AQUATOP 2600-82_NCS S 0502-Y

#### Notice to reader

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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