

SAFETY DATA SHEET



AQUA PRIMER 2907-42 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : AQUA PRIMER 2907-42 - All variants
Product description : Wood preservative.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Apply this product only as specified on the label.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements : Contains 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate, Propiconazole, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one and 2-Methyl-1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.
Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: For professional users only.

As from 1 July 2024, treated articles treated with or incorporating propiconazole shall not be placed on the market for the production of furniture and play structures.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
Titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1] [2]
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.67 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Propiconazole	EC: 262-104-4 CAS: 60207-90-1 Index: 613-205-00-0	<0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360D Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 1517 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 1020 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 1	[1]
2-Methyl-1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS: 2527-66-4 Index: 613-336-00-3	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 175 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 1	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 9/2018). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 15 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 101.2 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Limit values (Belgium, 10/2018). STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 101.2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 9/2018). Limit value 8 hours: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 101.2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 15 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 10 ppm 8 hours.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/STELV (Croatia, 10/2018). STELV: 101.2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STELV: 15 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 10 ppm 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2018). TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10.57 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 15.1 ppm 15 minutes.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). TWA: 68 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 101 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 67.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 101.2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 6/2018). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 68 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p>Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2016). Notes: Labour Act, Art. 4412-150 (Regulatory indicative exposure limits) STEL: 101.2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</p>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 3/2019). TWA: 67 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 100.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 15 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2019). TWA: 67 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 100.5 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 15 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2019). Skin sensitiser. PEAK: 0.116 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 0.01 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 0.058 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 3/2019). Skin sensitiser. PEAK: 0.116 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 0.01 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.058 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2019). Skin sensitiser.</p>
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	<p>Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2018). STEL: 101.2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</p>
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	<p>5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 8/2018). TWA: 67.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 101.2 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</p>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p>Velferdarráðuneytið, Mengunarmarkaskrá (Iceland, 4/2009). STEL: 101,2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67,5 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</p>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p>NAOSH (Ireland, 8/2018). OELV-8hr: 10 ppm 8 hours. OELV-15min: 101.2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OELV-8hr: 67.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 15 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p>Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 10/2013). 8 hours: 10 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 67.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 15 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 101.2 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</p>

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2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 7/2018). STEL: 101.2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). TWA: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 101.2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2018). Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL, 15-min: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 9/2018). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 68 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 7/2018). TWA: 67 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: inhalable vapour and aerosols
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 8/2018). VLA: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Short term: 101.2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Short term: 15 ppm 15 minutes. VLA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Government regulation SR c. 356/2006 (Slovakia, 2/2018). TWA: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 101.2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 12/2018). TWA: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 101.2 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 15 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 12/2018). KTV: 0.01 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 0.116 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 0.058 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 2/2019). TWA: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 101.2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p>Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 2/2018).</p> <p>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 68 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 101 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</p>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p>SUVA (Switzerland, 7/2019).</p> <p>TWA: 67 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 101 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols</p>
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	<p>SUVA (Switzerland, 7/2019). Skin sensitizer.</p> <p>STEL: 0.24 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 0.02 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 0.12 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols</p>
No exposure limit value known.	

Biological exposure indices

[illegible]

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:
European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.25 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	67.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	101.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.023 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.07 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
Propiconazole	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.08 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.14 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.24 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.38 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.35 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.81 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Label No : 58455

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
- > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
- Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Filter type (spray application): A P
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Various
- Odour** : Slight
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Water	100	212	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	225 to 227.6	437 to 441.7	

- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : Lower: 0.8%
Upper: 9.4%
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	210	410	DIN 51794

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Water	17.5	2.3				
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	0.022	0.0029				

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 1.2 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.67 g/m ³	4 hours
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.763 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
Propiconazole	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	5.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>4000 mg/kg	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1517 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	111.71 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 5 %	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Propiconazole	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
Propiconazole	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 20 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
Propiconazole	Positive	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 50 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
	Positive	-	Positive	Mouse	Route of exposure unreported	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative - Oral	Rabbit - Female	50 mg/kg	-

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Category 1	-	larynx

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Scenedemus subspicatus</i>	72 hours
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.049 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i>	21 days
	EC50 10.2 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Propiconazole	LC50 4.3 mg/l	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.36 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema Costatum</i>	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus Mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.15 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema Costatum</i>	72 hours
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water	Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.92 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.24 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.16 ppm	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	32 days

Conclusion/Summary : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EU	24 % - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	-	Not readily
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	Inherent

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	Low
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	>1	-	Low
Propiconazole	3.72	-	Low
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	3.2	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 030202

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
03 02 02*	organochlorinated wood preservatives

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
[EU Regulation \(EC\) No. 1907/2006 \(REACH\)](#)

[Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation](#)

[Annex XIV](#)

None of the components are listed.

[Substances of very high concern](#)

None of the components are listed.

[Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles](#)

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AQUA PRIMER 2907-42 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	≥90 ≤3	3 55 [Consumer paint]

Labelling : ☒ For professional users only.

As from 1 July 2024, treated articles treated with or incorporating propiconazole shall not be placed on the market for the production of furniture and play structures.

[Other EU regulations](#)

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : ☒ Not applicable.

[Ozone depleting substances \(1005/2009/EU\)](#)

Not listed.

[Prior Informed Consent \(PIC\) \(649/2012/EU\)](#)

Not listed.

[Persistent Organic Pollutants](#)

Not listed.

[Seveso Directive](#)

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

[National regulations](#)

[Austria](#)

VbF class : Not regulated.

Limitation of the use of organic solvents : Permitted.

[Czech Republic](#)

Storage code : IV

[Denmark](#)

Product registration number : 4141282

Danish fire class : IV-1

[Executive Order No. 1795/2015](#)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
Titanium dioxide	Listed	-

MAL-code : 00-1

Protection based on MAL : According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 00-1

Application: When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Arm protectors must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Full mask with combined filter, coveralls and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances : Not listed

Carcinogenic waste : Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

Finland

France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol RG 84

Reinforced medical surveillance : Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10

Hazardous incident ordinance

Hazard class for water : 3

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- Technical instruction on air quality control** : TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 4.2%
TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.6%
- AOX** : The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.
- Italy**
- D.Lgs. 152/06** : Not classified.
- Netherlands**
- Water Discharge Policy (ABM)** : Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioaccumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z
- Norway**
- Sweden**
- Switzerland**
- VOC content** : VOC (w/w): 3.3%
- International regulations**
- Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**
- Not listed.
- Montreal Protocol**
- Not listed.
- Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**
- Not listed.
- Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**
- Not listed.
- UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**
- Not listed.

- 15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

- Abbreviations and acronyms** :
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 - CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
 - DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
 - DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 - EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 - N/A = Not available
 - PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 - PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 - RRN = REACH Registration Number
 - SGG = Segregation Group
 - vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

SECTION 16: Other information

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

[Full text of classifications \[CLP/GHS\]](#)

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1

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AQUA PRIMER 2907-42

All variants

[Notice to reader](#)

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

