

SAFETY DATA SHEET



ALPOCRYL KLARLACK 5454-60 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : ALPOCRYL KLARLACK 5454-60 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Skin Sens. 1, H317

STOT SE 3, H336

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: n-Butyl acetate; Ethyl acetate; Mixture of alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-omega-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene) and Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate
Supplemental label elements	:	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	<10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
Mixture of alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-omega-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)	EC: 400-830-7 Index: 607-176-00-3	≤2.2	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤2.2	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Methyl methacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119452498-28 EC: 201-297-1 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	-	[1] [2]
Maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	<0.001	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1]

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

- : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

- : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

- : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

- : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : ☒ No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** :  No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** :  Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
 Butyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2025) [Butylacetat alle Isomeren außer tert-Butylacet] CEIL: 480 mg/m ³ . CEIL: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2025) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m ³ . PEAK 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m ³ 4 times per shift. PEAK 15 minutes: 400 ppm 4 times per shift.
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m ³ . PEAK 30 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift. PEAK 30 minutes: 200 mg/m ³ 4 times per shift.
Methyl methacrylate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2025) Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m ³ . CEIL 5 minutes: 100 ppm 8 times per shift. CEIL 5 minutes: 420 mg/m ³ 8 times per shift.
Maleic anhydride	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2025) Inhalation sensitiser, Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.4 mg/m ³ . CEIL 5 minutes: 0.2 ppm 8 times per shift. CEIL 5 minutes: 0.8 mg/m ³ 8 times per shift.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

 n-Butyl acetate	Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) [butylacetaat] STEL 15 minutes: 712 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 238 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.
Methyl methacrylate	Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 416 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) TWA 8 hours: 0.0025 ppm. Form: vapour and aerosol. TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m³. Form: vapour and aerosol.
 n-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Limit value 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 400 ppm. Limit value 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. Limit value 8 hours: 200 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Limit value 8 hours: 1 mg/m³.
 n-Butyl acetate	Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 10/2025) STELV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 10/2025) STELV 15 minutes: 400 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 200 ppm. STELV 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-Butoxyethanol

ELV 8 hours: 734 mg/m³.

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 10/2025) Absorbed through skin.

STELV 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.

STELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

ELV 8 hours: 98 mg/m³.

ELV 8 hours: 20 ppm.

Methyl methacrylate

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 10/2025) Absorbed through skin , Skin sensitiser.

STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Maleic anhydride

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 10/2025) Skin sensitiser , Inhalation sensitiser.

STELV 15 minutes: 0.2 ppm.

ELV 8 hours: 0.41 mg/m³.

STELV 15 minutes: 0.8 mg/m³.

ELV 8 hours: 0.1 ppm.

 n-Butyl acetate

Department of Labor Inspection, Chemical Agents (Cyprus, 11/2025)

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.

Ethyl acetate

Department of Labor Inspection, Chemical Agents (Cyprus, 11/2025)

STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³.

2-Butoxyethanol

Department of Labor Inspection, Chemical Agents (Cyprus, 11/2025) Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³.

Methyl methacrylate

Department of Labor Inspection, Chemical Agents (Cyprus, 11/2025)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

 n-Butyl acetate

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 11/2025)

TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethyl acetate

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 11/2025)

TWA 8 hours: 700 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 191.1 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 900 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 245.7 ppm.

2-Butoxyethanol

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 11/2025) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 40.7 ppm.

Methyl methacrylate

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 11/2025) Sensitiser.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Maleic anhydride	TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 12 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 36 ppm. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 11/2025) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 2 mg/m³.
 Butyl acetate	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2025) [butylacetat, alle isomerer] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2025) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 540 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 102 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2025) TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.4 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 0.8 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 ppm.
 Butyl acetate	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 1/2026) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.
Ethyl acetate	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 1/2026) TWA 8 hours: 500 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 1/2026) Absorbed through skin , Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 1/2026) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 1/2026) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 1.2 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.3 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 2.5 mg/m³.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

 n-Butyl acetate

STEL 15 minutes: 0.6 ppm.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ethyl acetate

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)

STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³.

2-Butoxyethanol

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.

Methyl methacrylate

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

 n-Butyl acetate

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 3/2026)

TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 720 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 960 mg/m³.

Ethyl acetate

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 3/2026)

TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 730 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 1470 mg/m³.

2-Butoxyethanol

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 3/2026) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 250 mg/m³.

Methyl methacrylate

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 3/2026)

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 42 mg/m³.
STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
STEL 15 minutes: 210 mg/m³.

Maleic anhydride

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 3/2026)

TWA 8 hours: 0.03 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³.
CEIL: 0.05 ppm.
CEIL: 0.2 mg/m³.

 n-Butyl acetate

Ministry of Labor (France, 1/2026)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

Ethyl acetate

Ministry of Labor (France, 1/2026)

TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-Butoxyethanol	(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) Ministry of Labor (France, 1/2026) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
Methyl methacrylate	Ministry of Labor (France, 1/2026) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 205 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 410 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
Maleic anhydride	Ministry of Labor (France, 1/2026) Sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 1 mg/m³. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars)
 Butyl acetate	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 12/2025) TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 62 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 600 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 124 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2025) Develop C. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 200 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 480 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 960 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].
Ethyl acetate	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 12/2025) TWA 8 hours: 730 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 1460 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 400 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2025) Develop C. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 400 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 750 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 1500 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].
2-Butoxyethanol	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 12/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 98 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 20 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2025) Develop C. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 20 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 98 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].
Methyl methacrylate	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 12/2025) TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 420 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2025) Develop C. Skin

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Maleic anhydride	sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ml/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 420 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ml/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 12/2025) Inhalation sensitiser , Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.081 mg/m³. CEIL: 0.2025 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 ppm. CEIL: 0.05 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.081 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.02 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2025) Develop C. Inhalation sensitiser , Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 ppm. CEIL: 0.05 ml/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.081 mg/m³. CEIL: 0.2 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.081 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.02 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].
 Butyl acetate	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.
Ethyl acetate	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 120 mg/m³.
Methyl methacrylate	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³.
 Butyl acetate	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2025) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2025) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Methyl methacrylate	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2025) Absorbed through skin , Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 415 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2025) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.08 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.08 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 0.2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.2 ppm.
 Butyl acetate	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) [bútýlasetat, allir ísómerar] TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) TWA 8 hours: 540 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) Absorbed through skin , Sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.4 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm.
 Butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.
Ethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 200 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 400 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. OELV 8 hours: 734 mg/m³.
2-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 20 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³.
Methyl methacrylate	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Sensitiser. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Sensitiser. Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV 8 hours: 0.01 ppm. Form: The Inhalable Fraction and Vapour note is used when a material exerts sufficient vapour pressure such that it may be present in both particle and vapour phases..

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

 n-Butyl acetate	Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024) Short Term 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ .
Ethyl acetate	Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024) Short Term 15 minutes: 400 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m ³ . Limit value 8 hours: 200 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 734 mg/m ³ .
2-Butoxyethanol	Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 98 mg/m ³ . Short Term 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 246 mg/m ³ .
Methyl methacrylate	Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024) Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.
 n-Butyl acetate	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 (2007) - AER (Latvia, 3/2026) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 (2007) - AER (Latvia, 3/2026) TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 54 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 (2007) - AER (Latvia, 3/2026) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m ³ .
Methyl methacrylate	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 (2007) - AER (Latvia, 3/2026) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ .
Maleic anhydride	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 (2007) - AER (Latvia, 3/2026) TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m ³ .
 n-Butyl acetate	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 10/2025) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 10/2025) TWA 8 hours: 500 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. CEIL: 1100 mg/m ³ . CEIL: 300 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 10/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Methyl methacrylate	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 10/2025) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 416 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 10/2025) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 1.2 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 0.3 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 2.5 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 0.6 ppm.
 Butyl acetate	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ .
Ethyl acetate	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m ³ .
2-Butoxyethanol	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m ³ .
Methyl methacrylate	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
 Butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m ³ .
2-Butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m ³ .
Methyl methacrylate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
 Butyl acetate	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 3/2026) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 3/2026) STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m ³ .

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-Butoxyethanol	TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 3/2026) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20.4 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 3/2026) TWA 8 hours: 205 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 410 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
 Butyl acetate	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2025) STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2025) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³.
Methyl methacrylate	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2025) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2025) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.8 mg/m³.
 Butyl acetate	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 4/2026) TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 720 mg/m³.
Ethyl acetate	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 4/2026) TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 4/2026) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.
Methyl methacrylate	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Maleic anhydride	environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 4/2026) TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³. Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 4/2026) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1 mg/m³.
 Butyl acetate	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.
Ethyl acetate	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³.
2-Butoxyethanol	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A3. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³.
Methyl methacrylate	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A4. Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A4. TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor.
 Butyl acetate	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 2/2026) VLA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 2/2026) VLA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 200 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 2/2026) Absorbed through skin. VLA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Methyl methacrylate	Short term 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 50 ppm. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 2/2026) VLA 8 hours: 205 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 410 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 2/2026) VLA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 3 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 0.75 ppm.
 Butyl acetate	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) [butylacetáty] Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin , Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) Sensitiser , Inhalation sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) Sensitiser , Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.41 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm.
 Butyl acetate	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2025) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 150 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].
Ethyl acetate	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2025) TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 400 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Methyl methacrylate	KTV 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2025) TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 420 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].
Maleic anhydride	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2025) TWA 8 hours: 0.41 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 0.41 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 0.1 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].
n-Butyl acetate	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 2/2026) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.
Ethyl acetate	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 2/2026) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
2-Butoxyethanol	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 2/2026) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 245 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 2/2026) Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 2/2026) Inhalation sensitiser , Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.4 mg/m³.
n-Butyl acetate	Work environment authority Regulation 2023:14 (Sweden, 6/2025) [butyl acetate] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.
Ethyl acetate	Work environment authority Regulation 2023:14 (Sweden, 6/2025) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1100 mg/m³.
2-Butoxyethanol	Work environment authority Regulation 2023:14 (Sweden, 6/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Methyl methacrylate	STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. Work environment authority Regulation 2023:14 (Sweden, 6/2025) Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³.
Maleic anhydride	Work environment authority Regulation 2023:14 (Sweden, 6/2025) Skin sensitiser , Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.05 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.2 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 0.1 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 0.4 mg/m³.
 Butyl acetate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2026) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 720 mg/m³.
Ethyl acetate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2026) STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1460 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 730 mg/m³.
2-Butoxyethanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2026) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 49 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 98 mg/m³.
Methyl methacrylate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2026) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 420 mg/m³.
Maleic anhydride	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2026) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 ppm. Form: vapour and aerosols. TWA 8 hours: 0.4 mg/m³. Form: vapour and aerosols. STEL 15 minutes: 0.1 ppm. Form: vapour and aerosols. STEL 15 minutes: 0.4 mg/m³. Form: vapour and aerosols.
 Butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
Ethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³.
2-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 123 mg/m³.
Methyl methacrylate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 416 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Maleic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Inhalation sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 3 mg/m³.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
 No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known.  No exposure indices known.  No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known.  2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 10/2025) Biological limit values: 0.17 mmol/mmol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week. Biological limit values: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.
No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known.  No exposure indices known.  2-Butoxyethanol	Biological limit values (BLV) - Labour Code / ANSES (France, 3/2026) [2- butoxyéthanol et son acétate] BLV: 100 mg/g Cr, 2-butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift (regardless of the day of the week).
 2-Butoxyethanol	DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2025) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift, for long-term exposures after several previous shifts. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 12/2025) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift, for long-term exposure after several previous shifts.
No exposure indices known.  No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known.  2-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH BGVs (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 200 mg/g creatinine, BAA [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
No exposure indices known.  No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known. No exposure indices known.  2-Butoxyethanol	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
 No exposure indices known.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

 No exposure indices known.  Butoxyethanol  Butoxyethanol No exposure indices known.  Butoxyethanol  Butoxyethanol	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2025) BLV: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift, at long-term exposure: at the end of the work shift after several consecutive workdays. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 2/2026) BLV: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2026) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, 2-butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift. EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) BGV: 240 mmol/mol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
---	--

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:
European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

 Butyl acetate

Result

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

3.4 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

6 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

7 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

11 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

12 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

35.7 mg/m³

Effects: Local

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

48 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

600 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

600 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

4.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

37 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

63 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

367 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

367 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

734 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

734 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

734 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

734 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1468 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

Ethyl acetate

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-Butoxyethanol

1468 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

6.3 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

26.7 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

59 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

98 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

147 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

246 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

426 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1091 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.18 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.31 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.9 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.27 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

1.8 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

Methyl methacrylate

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

1.5 mg/cm²

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

1.5 mg/cm²

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

1.5 mg/cm²

Effects: Local

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

1.5 mg/cm²

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

8.2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

8.2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

13.67 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

74.3 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

104 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

208 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

208 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

348.4 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

416 mg/m³

Effects: Local

Maleic anhydride

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.05 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.06 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.08 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.081 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.081 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

0.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

0.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

0.2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.2 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.2 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Filter type: A
Filter type (spray application): A P
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Colourless.
- Odour** : Slight
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Ethyl acetate	77.1	170.8	OECD 103
n-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	

- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : Lower: 1.4% (n-butyl acetate)
Upper: 11.5% (ethyl acetate)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -1°C (30.2°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-Butoxyethanol	230	446	DIN 51794
Mixture of alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-omega-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)	405	761	

- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- Solubility(ies)** :
Not available.
- Solubility in water** : Not available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
☒ Ethyl acetate	81.59163	10.9	DIN EN 13016-2			
☐ n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5				

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 1 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

☒ Butyl acetate

Result

Rat - Oral - LD50

10760 mg/kg

EU

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

14112 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

0.74 mg/l [4 hours]

Ethyl acetate

Rat - Oral - LD50

5620 mg/kg

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ALPOCRYL KLARLACK 5454-60 - All variants

Label No : ☒ 47725

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Rat - Oral - LD50

3230 mg/kg

Rat - Dermal - LD50

>3170 mg/kg

Methyl methacrylate

Rat - Oral - LD50

7872 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Muscle weakness Behavioral - Coma Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Toxic effects: Skin After systemic exposure - Dermatitis, other

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

78000 mg/m³ [4 hours]

Maleic anhydride

Rat - Oral - LD50

400 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

2620 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
ALPOCRYL KLARLACK 5454-60	13333.3	N/A	N/A	33.3	N/A
n-Butyl acetate	10760	14112	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl acetate	5620	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Butoxyethanol	1200	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3230	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methyl methacrylate	7872	N/A	N/A	78	N/A
Maleic anhydride	400	2620	N/A	N/A	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate

Result

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

2-Butoxyethanol

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

Result

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

 Butyl acetate

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

2-Butoxyethanol

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Maleic anhydride

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 1 %

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

 Butyl acetate

Ethyl acetate

Methyl methacrylate

Result

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

 Maleic anhydride

Result

STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation)

Aspiration hazard

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

☒ Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : ☒ May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : ☒ No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

- General** : ☒ Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : ☒ No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

 Butyl acetate

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*

Age: 31 to 32 days; Size: 21.6 mm; Weight: 0.175 g

18000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - *Artemia salina*

32 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Ethyl acetate

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia cucullata*

Age: 11 days

154000 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Indian catfish - *Heteropneustes fossilis*

Size: 14.16 cm; Weight: 25.54 g

212500 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - *Selenastrum sp.*

2500000 µg/l [96 hours]

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*

12 mg/l [21 days]

Effect: Behavior

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas* - Embryo

Age: <24 hours

75.6 mg/l [32 days]

Effect: Mortality

2-Butoxyethanol

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Inland silverside - *Menidia beryllina*

Size: 40 to 100 mm

1250000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - *Crangon crangon*

800000 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Acute - LC50

OECD [Fish, Acute Toxicity Test]

Fish - *Brachydanio rerio*

0.9 mg/l [96 hours]

EC50

OECD [Alga, Growth Inhibition Test]

Aquatic plants - *Desmodesmodus subspicatus*

1.68 mg/l [72 hours]

Chronic - NOEC

OECD [Daphnia Magna Reproduction Test]

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Daphnia - Daphnia
1 mg/l [21 days]

Methyl methacrylate

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas* - Adult
130000 µg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Maleic anhydride

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Western mosquitofish - *Gambusia affinis* - Adult
230000 µg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
✓ Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Ethyl acetate	0.68	30	Low
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
Methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	Low
Maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	Value
✓ Butyl acetate	logKoc: 1.5 Koc: 33.2139
Ethyl acetate	logKoc: 1.3 Koc: 18.1744
2-Butoxyethanol	logKoc: 1.8 Koc: 67.3685
Methyl methacrylate	logKoc: 1.2 Koc: 16.6906
Maleic anhydride	logKoc: 1.1 Koc: 11.4841

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
✓ Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Butoxyethanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Mixture of alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl-omega-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Reaction mass of Bis	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

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ALPOCRYL KLARLACK 5454-60 - All variants

Label No : ✓ 47725

SECTION 12: Ecological information

(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate							
Methyl methacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Maleic anhydride	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
Butyl acetate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl acetate	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
2-Butoxyethanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mixture of alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl-omega-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methyl methacrylate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maleic anhydride	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Butoxyethanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Mixture of alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl-omega-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Date of issue/Date of revision : 15/09/2026 **Date of previous issue** : 22/01/2026 **Version** : 1.03 34/41

ALPOCRYL KLARLACK 5454-60 - All variants

Label No : 47725

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Methyl methacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Maleic anhydride	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal :  Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08 01 11

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID : **Special provisions** 640 (C)
Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.
Special provisions 640 (C)

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
ALPOCRYL KLARLACK 5454-60	≥90	3

Labelling :
Synthetic polymer microparticles - Designation 78

Generic identity of polymer(s) : 3902 - Polymers of propylene or of other olefins.

Total percentage of synthetic polymer microparticles : 1%

The synthetic polymer microparticles supplied is subject to conditions laid down by entry 78 of Annex XVII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.
(EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

Not listed.

(EC) No 111/2005 Trade between the Union and third countries in drug precursors

Ingredient name	%	Status
Toluene and its salts	≤0.0015	Category 3

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
P5c

National regulations

Austria

VbF class : Category 2

Limitation of the use of organic solvents : Permitted.

Belgium

Czech Republic

Storage code : I

Denmark

Fire class : I-1

MAL-code : 4-5

Protection based on MAL : **According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:**

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, respiratory protection with air supply and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 4-5

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and post-treatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

- Low-boiling liquids** : This product contains low-boiling point liquids. Any respiratory protective equipment should be air-fed.
- Restrictions on use** : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.
- List of undesirable substances** :  Not listed

Finland

France

- Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7** :  Butyl acetate RG 84
Ethyl acetate RG 84
2-Butoxyethanol RG 84
Methyl methacrylate RG 82
Maleic anhydride RG 66

- Reinforced medical surveillance** : Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water : 

Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

Number [Class]	Description	%
 5.2.1	Total dust	7.5
5.2.5	Organic substances	92.5
5.2.5 [I]	Organic substances	69.3

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Water Discharge Policy (ABM) : A(3) Hazardous for aquatic organisms, may have long-term hazardous effects in aquatic environment. Decontamination effort: A

[Norway](#)

[Sweden](#)

Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10) : 1

[Switzerland](#)

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 67.8%

[International regulations](#)

[Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals](#)

Not listed.

[Montreal Protocol](#)

Not listed.

[Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants](#)

Not listed.

[Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent \(PIC\)](#)

Not listed.

[UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals](#)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

🔍 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

[Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation \(EC\) No. 1272/2008 \[CLP/GHS\]](#)

Classification	Justification
🔍 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

[Full text of abbreviated H statements](#)

🔍 H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 15/09/2026 **Date of previous issue** : 22/01/2026 **Version** : 1.03 **39/41**
ALPOCRYL KLARLACK 5454-60 - All variants **Label No** : 🔍 47725

SECTION 16: Other information

H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 15/09/2026

Date of previous issue : 22/01/2026

Version : 1.03

ALPOCRYL KLARLACK 5454-60

All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

